WEATHER FORECASTS

Victoria and Vicinity—Moderate to fresh southerly and westerly winds, generally fair, not much change in temperature.
Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, generally fair, not much change in temperature.

The Daily Colonist.

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ENEMY POSITIONS STORMED EAST OF MONCHY-LE-PREUX

British Forces Resume Operations on Southern Part of Arras Front—One Hundred and Seventy-Five Prisoners, Including Three Officers, Are Captured in Action

GERMANS ARE WITHDRAWING FROM FRONT NEAR MESSINES

Important Sections Between Lys River and St. Yves Abandoned—British Troops Following Closely and Inflicting Damage—Few Operations Along French Front

LONDON, June 14.—Tonight's official statement reads:

"We carried out a successful raid this morning on the Arras battle front east of Monchy-le-Preux. Hostile positions of considerable proportions on high ground known as Infantry Hill, the possession of which had been stubbornly contested by the enemy on a number of occasions, were stormed by our troops on a front of over three-quarters of a mile. The whole of our objectives were gained, and we captured 175 prisoners, including three officers and two machine guns.

"In the air fighting yesterday one German airplane was brought down, and three others were driven down out of control. None of our machines is missing."

Important sections of the German front between the Lys River and St. Yves have been abandoned by the Germans, it was announced officially today.

British troops followed the retreating Germans closely and made considerable progress east of Ploegsteert Wood.

Withdrawal Extending

LONDON, June 14.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from headquarters in France, says:

"The enemy's withdrawal in the vicinity of the Messines ridge is extending somewhat farther southward. The German heavy shells are generally reported as falling at the extreme range, which means that the enemy has withdrawn his big guns as far as possible, short of actually putting them out of action.

"The British contact patrols are harrassing the enemy as much as possible, and the artillery is maintaining a steady bombardment of his new positions. The country across which the Germans now are retiring is low and marshy, and in wet weather liable to be flooded, but thanks to the long drought it offers no particular difficulties to the British at the present time. Thus the strategic situation is full of interesting possibilities."

Attacks in Aisne Region

PARIS, June 14.—Tonight's official statement reads:

"Moderate activity was displayed by the two artilleries over the greater part of the front, quite violent in the region of Craonne and Corbeny.

"Belgian communication—There was lively artillery activity, especially in the region of Steenstraete and Boesinghe. Bomb fighting took place near The Ferryman's House, and an engagement between patrols occurred south of Dixmude.'"

On the front generally conditions remain comparatively quiet. Last night German troops, after bombardments, attacked French positions in the Aisne region and northwest of Verdun. The French easily repulsed these assaults.

German Reports

BERLIN, June 14.—Today's official communication reads:

"Western front—Army of Crown Prince Rupprecht—Both in Flanders and on the Artois the artillery duel was intense, only in isolated sectors were there any infantry engagements. East of Ypres we exploded several mines which played havoc with the British positions. South of the Douve, minor engagements in front of our positions developed. The situation remained unchanged.

"Army of the German Crown Prince—After several hours of preparation the French attacked near Vauxaillon, northeast of Soissons. They were repelled, otherwise the situation is unchanged."

The evening communication issued by the War Office says:

"South of the Scarpe a strong British attack launched during the forenoon east of Monchy after preparatory drumfire was repelled in close range fighting."

HARD PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED

Remedy Needed for Difficulties Into Which Grand Trunk Pacific and Canadian Northern Railroads Have Fallen.

CONSERVATIVE CAUCUS CONSIDERS MATTER

Falling Due of Bond Interest Makes Situation Acute — Two Courses Open to Ottawa Government.

OTTAWA, June 14.—The railway problem is becoming pressingly acute, and will have to be dealt with at once, as both the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern have large bond interest payments due shortly, which they will be unable to meet. A three-hour Conservative caucus was held today, when the Cabinet Ministers and the private members frankly discussed the situation from every standpoint. The Government as well as the rank and file are strongly in favor of nationalization.

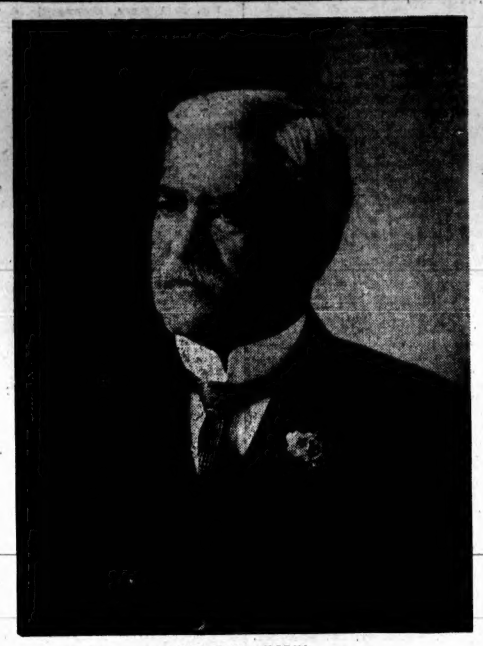
Nationalization will involve a tremendous outlay of money, and Canada at the present time is not only shut out of the British, but also out of the American market. Canada is now entirely dependent on her own resources for war financing. This in itself is a tremendous strain, and the borrowing of hundreds of millions for nationalizing the roads is simply out of the question.

Alternative Courses

This being the situation, several courses are open. One is allowing the roads to go into the hands of receivers. This was reported against by Sir Henry Drayton, W. H. Acworth and A. H. Smith, the three commissioners who investigated the situation. It will be a dangerous proceeding at the present time, as Canada cannot afford to risk industrial disturbances.

Another policy which might be followed is that of temporary aid, as in the past, but members of the Government, as well as private members, are strongly against such procedure. What will likely be decided upon will be a policy which will be a first step towards nationalization, and a move in that direction without the Government assuming the tremendous liabilities which would be entailed by complete Government ownership. This would tide over the situation until the end of the war, when the Government would be in a position to fully carry out the policy of complete nationalization if it should then be considered advisable. The policy which was proposed at the caucus, it is understood, was generally acceptable even to the most ardent of public ownership advocates.

Noted Journalist Is Dead



MR. C. H. LUGRIN

MR. CHARLES H. LUGRIN IS CALLED BY DEATH

Editor of Victoria Colonist Passes Away Aged Seventy-One Years — Was Well Known Throughout Canada.

HAD BEEN AILING FOR TWO MONTHS

Premier Pays High Tribute to Memory—Came to Province Twenty Years Ago—Funeral Tomorrow.

Mr. Charles Henry Lugrin, for many years editor of The Colonist, passed away yesterday afternoon, at about 4 o'clock, at his home, Esquimalt Road. He had been ill for some time, and his death was not unexpected, although just recently it was expected he might have pulled through and occupied his old position which he so ably filled.

Mr. Lugrin came to Victoria in 1897, when the British Pacific was a live issue, and owing to his knowledge of transportation matters, his services were greatly valued. Shortly afterwards he became editor of The Colonist, a position he occupied until 1902, when he retired to engage in the profession of law, for which he had been trained in New Brunswick. Before coming to Victoria he had been engaged in journalism, as editor of The Seattle Telegraph. At that time, business all along the Coast was very bad, and The Telegraph, along with many other businesses, went to the wall.

The deceased was the son of a well-known publisher and journalist, Charles L. Lugrin, and was born in Fredericton, N. B., in 1846. On one side he was of Huguenot extraction, and came of United Loyalist stock, a fact of which he was justly proud. His grandfather was King's Printer in New Brunswick. He married Maria, daughter of Mr. G. L. Raymond, of U. E. L. descent, who survives him.

It is not necessary to refer to his scholastic accomplishments. Those were apparent during the years he presided in the editorial chair of The Colonist. He was graduated from the New Brunswick University at the age of 18, and received his M. A. degree in 1866. He taught in the High School at the age of 19, and later studied law, qualifying as a barrister in 1870. Mr. Lugrin had many and varied accomplishments, and like a good many others whose tastes were in the direction of literature, took to journalism, in spite of the fact that few men in this Province or in his native province, had a better grounding in the knowledge of the law, or could present a case better, but his inclinations were in the direction of writing, and "cacoathes scribendi" determined his career. All regular readers of The Colonist will remember the many articles he wrote in respect of constitutional matters, and that his views were invariably sound from a legal point of view.

Practised Law

For some years Mr. Lugrin was Clerk of the Peace for the County of Victoria, New Brunswick, and ran for the Legislature in 1870. Afterwards, he practiced law in Fredericton, and was counsel for the temperance party in the cases involving the constitutionality of the Scott Act. Those familiar with the law in the premises will remember that it was a cause celebre, the final decision in which settled the respective jurisdiction of the Provinces and the Dominion. Quoting from "Canadian Men and Women of the Time," 1912, he also distinguished himself as a writer for the press. He was editor of The St. John Telegraph, and of The Express and The Herald. He wrote articles on economic questions, to which he paid special attention, and stories of adventures for many British, Canadian, and United States periodicals. He was author, among other things, of "Open Season and Resting Retreats Among the Lakes and Rivers and Mountains of Northern Maine and New Brunswick," a descriptive handbook for sportsmen (1881); "Facts Concerning the Fertile Belt of the N. B. Land & Lumber Company" (1884), and "New Brunswick: Its Resources, Progress, and Advantages" (1884). During the controversy over the Venezuelan boundary, he published an article in The New York Herald which attracted widespread attention, and for which he received the thanks of the late Lord Salisbury. Mr. Lugrin was for some years secretary of the Board of Agriculture of New Brunswick, and his interest in agriculture was always manifest in the columns of The Colonist. Following the trend of many Easterners, he went to Seattle in 1892, where he was admitted to the bar, and where he subsequently engaged in journalism.

When Mr. Lugrin came to Victoria in 1897 things locally were in a condition of flux. The Island of Vancouver and particularly the City of Victoria, was interested in getting connections with the Mainland by direct rail communication. This was a cause in which he entered heart and soul and, in and out of season ever since, he advocated it with all his ability. He was perhaps ahead of his time, but some day his dream may be realized. In this connection, since the war broke out, he pressed his ideas very strongly upon the Dominion and Imperial authorities as a question of defence, and in his idea the Island of Vancouver was the keystone of Pacific strategy.

In 1902 Mr. Lugrin retired from The Colonist to take up the practice of law, but in the Fall of 1905 resumed the editorship, and in addition to his duties in that regard was closely associated with every civic and Provincial activity calculated to promote development. He was one of the most active members of the Board of Trade, of which he was for years a member of the executive and recently president. He was also a member of the Island Development Association and of the Canadian Club, both of which he was prominent in promoting. In 1912 when Esquimalt was organized as a municipality he was the first reeve. He took a great deal of interest in municipal matters and in all matters of economics. He was a member of the Taxation Commission upon the report of which the present scale of Provincial taxation is based, and it was one of his cardinal ideas that eventually all the revenue of the Province should be derived from its natural resources. The war and other conditions have rendered this rather impossible for the time being, but in the future the theory may be proved in practice.

Mr. Lugrin took a very special interest in educational subjects and was from the first a member of the board of governors of the University of Brit-

Continued on Page 4.

ALLIES' ACTION IN GREECE FORCED BY KING'S COURSE

Premier Ribot, in Address to Deputies, Says Conditions Had Become Intolerable and Required Deposition of Constantine—Venizelos Bears Aloft Real Flag of Greece

ENTENTE TROOPS ARE LANDED AT PIRAEUS, PORT OF ATHENS

French Cavalry Advancing in Thessaly Without Further Opposition—Former King Conveyed by British War Vessel—Kaiser and German Papers Show Chagrin

PARIS, June 14.—Premier Ribot, addressing the Chamber of Deputies today concerning the abdication of King Constantine, said conditions in Greece had become intolerable. The attitude of Constantine had nullified the constitution of Greece, and amply justified the protecting powers to intervene in such manner as to secure the indispensable unity of the country.

"Greece," said the Premier, "was divided into two hostile camps, one hostile to the Allies and the other supporting them courageously, with M. Venizelos bearing aloft the real flag of Greece."

Great applause greeted the mention of the name of M. Venizelos. M. Ribot then proceeded to explain to the Chamber the advantages which would arise from the new regime in Greece.

Entente Forces Landed

ATHENS, June 14.—Entente forces now are landing at the Piraeus and Castella. Some of the troops are occupying the heights near Phalerum Bay, while others are marching to Athens.

LONDON, June 14.—The landing of Entente troops at Piraeus was effected in perfect order. At the suggestion of Premier Zaimis a Greek superior officer was placed at the disposal of Gen. Sarrail to facilitate the housing of the disembarked troops.

Constantine's Departure

ATHENS, June 12, via London, June 14.—Former King Constantine left Athens late today to embark on a British warship.

Constantine was accompanied by the former Queen and Crown Prince and members of their family. They left the city by motor car. Professor Georgois Stait, former adviser of the Greek Foreign Office, went with Constantine as his secretary.

The proclamation of former King Constantine announcing his abdication was posted throughout the streets today. It says:

"Obeying the necessity of fulfilling my duty towards Greece, I am departing from my beloved country with the heir to the throne and am leaving my son Alexander my crown. I beg you to accept my decision with calm, as the slightest incident may lead to a great catastrophe."

French Troops in Thessaly

PARIS, June 14.—The official statement today says:

"Thessaly—Our cavalry has occupied Trikhala. A battalion of chasseurs has been sent to Volo. Incidents which marked the entrance of troops into Larissa have not been repeated. The advance of our detachments has been effected without difficulty."

Situation Clarified

LONDON, June 14.—With the Constantine menace removed, the situation in the entire Adriatic and Eastern Mediterranean is clarified, indicating that there will soon be new activity in the campaign in Macedonia, aiming primarily to cut off Bulgaria from the central powers and secondarily at cooperating with Italy in crushing Austria.

Particular importance attaches to the move at this time because of the repeated intimations that the Russian army is preparing for an offensive against Austria.

Kaiser's Chagrin

THE HAGUE, June 14.—A Cologne dispatch says that the news of King Constantine's abdication created a painful impression at German headquarters. Kaiser Wilhelm expressed great chagrin and sent his brother-in-law and Queen Sophia a message of sympathy.

BERLIN, June 14.—The impression prevails here that the new state of affairs in Greece caused by the abdication of King Constantine will have no bearing on the military situation in Macedonia. The evening papers publish copious comments lauding Constantine. The Lokal Anzeiger says: "It is plain as sunlight that Constantine laid down his crown only because he had not the heart to deliver up his people to starvation at the command of England and France."

LIBERTY LOAN SUCCEEDS WELL

Officials Confident That $2,000,000,000 Mark Will Be Passed When Books Are Closed at Noon Today.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The Liberty Loan campaign entered the home stretch today with every indication that the tremendous thirtieth day drive throughout the nation would result in going well beyond the $2,000,000,000 goal. From coast to coast the story that poured into the Treasury all day was the same—a story of a whirlwind finish. Telegrams told of tolling bells and shrieking whistles across the continent marking the last day of the campaign; of redoubled efforts by the many agencies at work for the loan's success, of enthusiasm at its highest pitch, of long waiting lines of subscribers in thousands of banks in every State of the Union.

Before noon tomorrow, the officials hope, every man in the country who can subscribe will have done so. At the closing here tonight there was no telling where the total might lead, and no basis for forecasting the final figures. It seemed certain, however, that at least 2,500,000 persons will have subscribed before the books are closed. Measuring the total by the number of Liberty Loan buttons which have gone out from headquarters, the number of subscribers should exceed 3,000,000.

New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, Chicago, St. Louis, and Kansas City are the districts from which will come the great bulk of subscriptions. There the total number of buttons distributed approximates 2,500,000. New York has taken 1,200,000; Philadelphia and Boston have taken more than 500,000 each.

New York District

NEW YORK, June 12.—The New York Federal Reserve district had subscribed for $950,000,000 of Liberty Loan bonds at the close of business tonight. Confidence was expressed that when the books close tomorrow the total will be well beyond the $1,000,000,000 mark.

May Grant Amnesty

LONDON, June 14.—The British Government is considering the granting of amnesty to the Irish prisoners arrested at the time of the rebellion last year. Chancellor Bonar Law made this announcement in the House of Commons today, stating that the Government's decision will be made known immediately.

Gambling in Futures

LONDON, June 14.—It has been decided to confer with the Allied Powers to arrange for the initial prohibition of gambling in futures and options, Mr. Andrew Bonar Law informed the House of Commons today.

PLANS TO KEEP MASTERY OF AIR

France Taking Measures to Meet Great Increase of German Aeroplanes — Co-operation of United States.

PARIS, Wednesday, June 13 (delayed).—A semi-official note concerning the strengthening of the flying branches of the Allied service and the co-operation of America in this effort, says:

"Fantastic figures have been published regarding the increase of the aviation corps, but to realise what a great effort confronts us, it is only necessary to see what the enemy is doing. Germany proposes to bring in line for the Spring of 1918 machines to the number of 3,500.

"In comparison with the thousands of millions with which certain writers have juggled, this seems feeble. It is, nevertheless, considerable, for it is not only a question of having that many machines. The number must be maintained, and to maintain this drafts calculated at 50 per cent for the light, fast machines, and 30 per cent for the heavy machines must be furnished monthly.

"Without giving the French figures, it may be said that they are considerable and comforting, and that construction will be powerfully helped by American co-operation, which will enable France to maintain the mastery of the air.

"The help asked of the United States has already been arranged for in accordance with precise, exact plans, and consists, first, of the dispatch of a first contingent of trained pilots, who will complete their instruction in France, and the dispatch to America of a contingent of French instructors sent at the request of the United States; secondly, increased shipments from America of half-finished parts, and the co-operation of American industry with French industry in certain French plants capable of vast development, and finally, the production of engines and complete machines by America according to her own means and methods.

"This programme has been thoroughly worked out by the aeronautical authorities and its application in America has been entrusted to Capt. Andre Tardieu (the French High Commissioner to the United States). It is a formidable enterprise, which, developing rapidly, will be carried through methodically."

May Purchase Liquor Business

LONDON, June 14.—Recent reports that the Government was considering the desirability of purchasing the liquor business were confirmed in the House of Commons today by Mr. Andrew Bonar Law. The Chancellor gave assurance that Parliament would be consulted before the completion of such action. Commissioners have been appointed by the Cabinet to consider the question.

GERMANS HIDE IN DEEP DUGOUTS

Seek Shelter From Destructive Fire of Canadian Guns — British Superiority in Air Again Telling.

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, June 14, via London.—(By the Canadian Overseas Correspondent).—The centre of interest has shifted to the north. Here the official reports record the situation as normal. Our patrols are out every night, but seldom encounter the enemy. Occasionally when on the southern part of the front they penetrate the German line, they find it lightly held. More and more the enemy troops are taking to deep dugouts in the hope of lessening their losses from our artillery fire. For the safeguard of their front line they trust largely to their machine gun sections. These are not always located in the concrete emplacements which form a part of all the enemy defensive systems. German machine gunners frequently take up positions behind hedges, in shell holes, in front or behind trenches and in other places difficult to locate. Their regular concrete emplacements are thus unused, and sometimes are not located by our observers until brought into use to ward off an attack in force. Almost as much of the unceasing activity of our guns is devoted to harassing the German machine gun positions and suspected locations as to replying to the hostile bombardment.

Our aeroplane ascendency, which was threatened during the early Spring, is now fully secured on this section, as I understand it is all along the front, which is even more secured by the free ups of the British battle triplane and the new scout. Aviators tell me the enemy now frequently decline an action even when in greatly superior numbers. The result of our restored superiority is a growing in accuracy of the enemy artillery fire and a lessening of his bombing incursions, which are now hurried and furtive.

The weather is sunny, with a cool breeze. The health and the spirits of the men are excellent.

United States Destroyer to Resume

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The first report of U-boat operations involving an American destroyer has reached Washington, the State Department being advised of the "sinking of a British steamer on June 5 by a submarine." The dispatch stated that eight of the crew were killed by the explosion, including two Americans named Daniels and Ashley. Ashley was colored. The remainder of the crew were rescued by an American destroyer.

EXPLAINS AIMS OF U.S. MISSION

Ambassador Francis at Petrograd Issues Statement to Press of Russia — Assistance in Fighting Germany.

PETROGRAD, June 14.—David R. Francis the American Ambassador issued to the press today a long statement explaining the aims of the American mission headed by Hon. Elihu Root, which arrived in Petrograd yesterday. The statement is thus summarized by the official news agency:

"The communique states that the functions of the mission are to devise, in accord with the Russian Government, effective means to aid Russia in her efforts to defeat the universal enemy of democracy. Germany and the German standpoint are the greatest foes to the democratic ideas now cherished by America and Russia in common.

"The mission will elucidate to Russia the aims of America, making it clear that America is inspired by realistic motives, also that she is devoting to the struggle all her material resources, the indications of which are the facts that the American fleet is operating jointly with the Entente Allies' fleet, that ten million Americans are registered, and the economic support which America can lend. Realizing that Russia must not only fight, but live, America will try to reduce the burdens and privations borne by the Russian people."

MAJOR REDMOND'S FAREWELL MESSAGE

Statement Left in Care of His Solicitor Says He Was Doing His Best for Welfare of Ireland

LONDON, June 14.—Major Wm. H. K. Redmond, brother of John Redmond, the Irish leader, who was killed in action in Belgium last week, left the following statement in the care of his solicitor in Ireland dated December, 1916:

"If I die abroad I will give my wife my last thought and love, and ask her to pray for me hereafter. I shall die a true Irish Catholic, humbly hoping for the mercy of God, through the intercession of His Blessed Mother, whose help I have ever invoked all through life.

"I should like all my friends in Ireland to know that in joining the Irish Brigade and going to France I sincerely believed, as all the Irish soldiers do, that I was doing my best for the welfare of Ireland in every way."

CONFERENCE PLAN MEETS OBSTACLES

Gathering at Stockholm Proposed by Russian Workmen and Soldiers May Not Be Held

PETROGRAD, June 14.—The semi-official News Agency says it understands the convocation of the conference at Stockholm proposed by the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's delegates is encountering serious difficulties of a technical and political character.

This dispatch refers to the convention of Socialists which the Russian Radicals have been attempting to arrange in connection with their peace efforts. It is distinct from the Stockholm conference called by the Scandinavian Socialists in co-operation with the German Socialists.

EXPLOSION KILLS LARGE NUMBER

Disaster at Ashton-Under-Lyne Brings Long Death Roll and Widespread Damage—Children Victims.

LONDON, June 14.—A large number of persons were killed or wounded in the explosion of r munitions factory at Ashton-under-Lyne on Wednesday. Besides, widespread damage was done in the neighborhood. The number of killed has been placed at fifty.

A regrettable feature of the explosion was that a considerable number of victims were children who were on their way home from school at the time, and were killed or wounded by debris which was hurled in all directions.

The streets around the scene of the explosion were like a shambles. The flames from the burning works communicated to a nearby cotton mill, which was burned, while across the river in Dunkinfield another cotton mill was destroyed. The entire region in which the explosion occurred is dotted with cotton mills, and in them scarcely a single window remained unbroken, as a result of the explosion.

BRITISH CAPTURE FORT IN ARABIA

Saliff, on Shore of Red Sea, 150 Miles North of Perim, Taken by War Vessels After Brief Resistance

LONDON, June 14.—The Admiralty made the following announcement this evening:

"The commander-in-chief in the East Indies reports that on Tuesday morning His Majesty's ships under his command captured Fort Saliff after a resistance of three hours.

"The fort is situated on the eastern shore of the Red Sea in the Kamaran anchorage, 150 miles north of Perim, between Loheiya and Hodeida.

"Ninety-four prisoners, three machine guns and two mountain guns and military stores, camels and the barbor plant were captured. One Britisher was killed."

Fort Saliff is on Kamaran Bay, in Yemen Province, Southwestern Arabia. Large rock salt works are located there. The captured fort lies about 175 miles north of the Gulf of Aden. A force of Turks to the north of Aden had long been in the way of British attempts to advance on the city. The purpose of the seizure of Fort Saliff may be to facilitate a movement to work in behind this force and capture or disperse it.

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HEYDEBRAND'S FOLLY

Conservative Leader in Germany Again Predicting Britain's Collapse—Seventeen More Protest

THE HAGUE, June 13, via London, June 14.—The Conservative firebrand, Von Heydebrand, speaking at Strebnitz, in the Scheisein, stated that the latest offensive was England's very last effort in her hunger cry, and that, according to the statement of an admiral, the submarines would compel England to surrender within two months. "In spite of all doubts we can say that competent people know and feel assured that we must win, and that it is only a question of holding out."

Von Heydebrand closes by the statement that in all probability the war would be ended by next Winter, as the submarines would have forced a decision.

Commenting on these statements, Count von Reventlow points out that it was long ago thought that England had made her last attempt, but she again made a desperate attack. "Several weeks ago, it was supposed that when certain things had happened at sea and on land the war would be ended. It is impossible to predict such things for appointed times, and the more serious the war becomes, the more precarious it is to prophesy. Nobody can tell how long it will last."

DOCTORS MEET IN CONVENTION

First Gathering of Canadian Medical Association Since Outbreak of War Is Held at Montreal.

MONTREAL, June 14.—Dr. A. D. Blackader, of Montreal, was elected yesterday to the presidency of the Canadian Medical Association in a largely attended convention which opened yesterday morning.

Doctors from all parts of Canada, including representatives of the profession from Vancouver and Halifax, are gathered together for the first time since the beginning of the war. The last meeting was in St. John, N.B., in the Spring of 1914. The depletion of the number of practising physicians in Canada and the consequently increased call upon their service because of the number serving with the Canadian forces overseas made it impossible to arrange a convention until the organization of the present one was brought about.

Sir William Peterson, of McGill University, welcomed the attending doctors. He referred to the war and the call for men in blunt terms.

"Gentlemen, if our young men will not fight for this issue, in God's name what will they fight for?" Sir William asked.

Sir William expressed his belief in the support of the Government by the people in the matter of compulsory service and the consequent lack of necessity for an election to "state the fact," he added:

"I should like to see the measure that is proposed by the present Government accompanied by measures to organize the material wealth of the country in the interests of victory."

The election of the executive resulted as follows:

Dr. Archibald, Montreal; Dr. R. E. McKechnie, Vancouver; Dr. Halpenny, Winnipeg; Dr. Melvin, St. John, N.B.; Dr. Lefleur, Montreal; Dr. Alex. McPhedron, Toronto; Dr. Grondin, Quebec; Dr. F. N. G. Starr, Toronto; Dr. L. Olmstead, Hamilton, Ont.; Dr. H. B. Small, Ottawa; Dr. G. S. Cameron, Peterboro; Dr. James Third, Kingston, and Dr. Braithwaite, Edmonton.

Dr. Mader, of Halifax, and Dr. Reeve, of Toronto, received the same number of votes; the choice in this case is to be made by the president later.

TURKEY UNDER GERMANS' RULE

Armenian From Constantinople Gives Picture of Conditions There—Emissaries of Kaiser Have Complete Control.

AMSTERDAM, June 13, via London, June 14.—An Armenian who has arrived in Holland from Constantinople, gives The Telegraaf some particulars of the conditions in the Turkish Empire. He depicts the administration as wholly under German contrpl. While the Ministers themselves are all Ottomans, the vice-ministers, who really manage the Ministers, are Germans. Turkish inscriptions have been removed from the offices of the ministries and replaced with notices in German.

The Germans have, in short, established themselves as masters in Turkey. An espionage service under German supervision is at work in Constantinople. Christian families especially are spied upon.

After mobilizing every one, men with children, one-eyed men, and men without fingers, Enver Pasha will summon to the colors all men of 51, including members of the Christian population. This action was taken after a visit by Prince Waldemar of Prussia, who in October brought a marshal's baton to the Sultan in the Kaiser's name, and who pressed the Sultan to cause the enactment of this law.

Christians in Turkey were exempted from military service for the whole period of the war by a law passed when hostilities began, on condition that they paid 45 pounds. A year ago the Christians were made to pay an additional 30 pounds. Having thus paid 75 pounds for exemption, Christians are now compelled to serve.

With all the Turkish officers depressed and discouraged, the German soldiers in Constantinople are enjoying themselves, but the efforts of the Teutons to popularize their methods among the Turks meet with little success. Allied prisoners are well treated, but food is bad and expensive. The Turkish mercantile marine no longer exists. Famine stalks throughout the land, and typhus is causing terrible ravages, 10,000 having fallen victims in the last few months alone. There are no doctors left. Over 400 died in Constantinople in a short time, including the physician to the Sultan and the director of the Greek Hospital. The Turkish authorities are characteristically indifferent to the situation, while the Germans are contented. All races of the Empire—Mussulmans, Christians, and Jews—are maltreated by the authorities.

Pier at St. John Collapses

ST. JOHN, N.B., June 14.—A section 150 feet long of city pier No. 5 at West St. John collapsed at noon yesterday with an equal stretch of warehouse and part of a grain conveyer. There was no loss of life. Too much weight of goods in the warehouse is given as the cause. Some 6,000 cases of heavy goods for export were lost.

Horn's Sentence Deferred

BOSTON, June 14.—The sentencing of Werner Horn has been deferred at the request of his counsel, who asked for an opportunity to prepare exceptions which will be made the basis of an appeal.

"German-American War Heretics"

THE HAGUE, June 13, via London, June 14.—The Frankfurter Zeitung publishes an article, headed "German-American war heretics," in which it says that no loyal German can deny that Americans of German descent have remained loyal to their old fatherland even though disloyal to the new.

Canadian Casualties

OTTAWA, June 14.—Today's casualty lists follows:

Infantry

(Killed in Action)

Pte. W. S. Peck, England.
Pte. H. Nuttall, England.
Pte. J. S. Sullivan, Mount Carmel, Ont.
Pte. A. Warren, Quebec.
Pte. E. Pearson, Brownsville, Ont.
Pte. W. C. McGrath, Galt, Ont.
Sergt. C. Hastings, London, Ont.
Pte. G. Geyer, New Westminster, B. C.

(Previously Reported Missing; Now Reported Killed in Action)

Pte. T. Hayes, England.

(Previously Reported Missing; Now Presumed to Have Died)

Pte. A. Ewing, Montreal.

(Died of Wounds)

Pte. T. Monson, White River, Ont.
Pte. R. R. Martin, Spanish Mills, Ont.
Pte. N. Weir, Scotland.
Pte. O. Cameron, Scotland.
Cpl. C. McIntosh, Port Arthur.
Pte. T. Marshall, Winnipeg.
Pte. A. Sopp, Hayfield, Man.
Sergt. J. Cameron, Ireland.
Pte. J. E. Teskey, Okotoks, Alta.

(Reported Missing)

Pte. C. Haight, Aylmer, Ont.
Pte. H. Walker, England.
Pte. G. Clerisew, Toronto.

(Previously Reported Missing; Now Not Missing)

Pte. A. Murphy, Sydney, N.S.
Pte. W. Anderson, New Westminster.

(Wounded)

Pte. J. Adair, Okotoks, Alta.
Pte. W. N. McDonald, Oakville, Man.
Pte. W. McDonald, Scotland.
Pte. J. H. Whittaker, Montreal.
Pte. W. Lawley, North Sydney, N.S.
Pte. J. H. Phillips, England.
Pte. S. C. Lace, Salem, Mass.
Pte. L. Lincoln, St. John, N.B.
Pte. W. Haywood, Routledge, Man.
Cpl. J. Wild, Toronto.
Pte. C. Stevenson, Toronto.
Cpl. R. Dyer, Quebec.
Pte. E. Yeo, Tine Valley, P.E.I.
Pte. W. Leonard, England.
Pte. F. R. Mackin, Turtle Creek, N. B.
Pte. A. Jones, England.
Pte. J. F. Lee, Woodstock, Ont.
Pte. J. Johnston, Edmonton.
Pte. T. Laurie, Scotland.
Cpl. E. J. Garnett, Calgary.
Pte. A. Restell, Nanton, Alta.
Pte. J. Yuill, Goderich, Ont.
Lieut. A. Kane, Halifax, N.S.
Lieut.-Col. C. H. Rogers, Grafton, Ont.
Pte. J. Knight, England.
Pte. D. Christie, Scotland.
Pte. A. Lunt, Calgary.
Pte. H. Murray, England.
Pte. W. J. Anderson, Edmonton.
Pte. E. Vroom, Deep Brook, N.S.
Pte. R. E. Nickerson, Liverpool, N.S.
Pte. C. Ritchie, Liverpool, N.S.
Pte. G. Green, Duluth, Minn.
Pte. L. Lymburger, Toronto.
Pte. H. Lobb, St. John, N.B.
Pte. D. Gray, Regina.
Pte. W. E. Lipsett, Hamiota, Man.
Pte. C. W. Coillcutt, Petitcodiac, N.B.
Pte. J. W. Guest, Mulvihill, Man.
Pte. C. Hiltz, Spruce Home, Man.
Pte. E. Bishop, England.
Pte. D. Bastdale, Quebec.
Pte. G. Morton, Winnipeg.
Pte. A. J. Gallichan, Vancouver.
Pte. T. Sweet, Montreal.
Pte. W. Osman, England.
Pte. S. Goodall, England.
Cpl. S. Morrison, Stoughton, Sask.
Pte. J. Harvey, England.
Pte. J. Buddell, Quebec.
Pte. R. King, Lindsay, Ont.
Cpl. S. K. Gibson, Brantford, Ont.
Pte. J. Boal, Winnipeg.
Pte. E. A. Chambers, Winnipeg.
Pte. R. Hale, Moose Jaw.
Pte. A. Marcroft, Winnipeg.
Pte. J. Lang, Brandon, Man.
Pte. T. Bourgais, Quebec.
Pte. D. G. Christie, Beresford, N.B.
Pte. P. Coughlan, Bathurst, N.B.
Pte. J. Huffman, Millbrook, Ont.
Pte. J. McRae, Toronto.
Pte. J. Richardson, England.
Pte. E. Harvey, Brampton, Ont.
Pte. A. Breaux, Paris, N.B.
Pte. D. Stevenson, Truro, N.S.
Pte. J. Spencer, Canifton, Ont.
Pte. J. F. O'Keefe, Edmonton.
Pte. T. Burkholder, Warwick, Alta.
Pte. J. Davis, Colholme, Alta.
Pte. C. Larson, Nanton, Alta.
Pte. E. Vesper, England.
Pte. E. McConnell, Calgary.
Pte. O. Louden, Calgary.
Pte. G. Copper, Ottawa.
Cpl. C. Cowan, England.
Cpl. G. Smith, Hustlers, Sask.
Pte. B. Hill, England.

Artillery

(Seriously Ill)

Pte. C. Gleason, Lakeside, Ont.

(Wounded)

Pte. W. S. Gould, London, Ont.
Sgt. F. C. Steele, England.

Mounted Rifles

(Previously Reported Missing; Now Presumed to Have Died)

Cpl. R. J. Harrison, England.

(Died)

Pte. C. Nelson, Montreal.

(Previously Reported Missing; Now Not Missing)

Pte. S. McKenzie, Scotland.

(Wounded)

Pte. G. B. Poole, England.
Pte. C. Hicks, St. John, N. B.
Pte. J. Strickland, Sherbrooke, Que.
Pte. A. Lashbrook, Peterboro, Ont.
Pte. G. Powers, Quebec.
Pte. J. C. Blair, Toronto.
Pte. H. Mustkrat, Peterboro, Ont.
Pte. G. Nicoll, Scotland.
Pte. R. F. Mooney, Tesser, Sask.
Sergt. R. Berwick, England.
Pte. C. Watt, Scotland.
Pte. C. Bain, Scotland.
Pte. J. Neill, Vancouver, B.C.

Engineers

(Killed in Action)

Pte. J. W. Howell, England.
Pte. M. G. Giff, Ireland.

(Reported Missing)

Pte. J. Swans, Edmonton.

(Wounded)

Pte. D. Irvine, Scotland.
Pte. S. Steel, Beisdale, N.S.
Pte. F. L. Hill, Burnaby Lake, Vancouver.
Pte. J. Boon, Tilbury, Ont.
Pte. G. W. Amos, North Keppel, Ont.

Services

(Killed in Action)

Sergt. C. W. McElra, Winnipeg.
Pte. G. G. Chapman, England.

(Died of Wounds)

Pte. B. R. Wagner, Mahone Bay, N.S.

(Dangerously Ill)

Pte. F. W. Knewstubb, England.

(Wounded)

Pte. W. E. Tullie, Vancouver, B.C.
Pte. C. Roast, Lowell, Mass.
Pte. W. Boyle, Brooklyn, N.W.
Pte. E. Ardell, Winnipeg.

AFTERNOON LIST

Infantry

(Killed in Action)

Armorer-Opl. J. Telfer, Victoria, B.C.
Pte. L. E. Clarke, Vancouver.
Pte. G. A. Thorne, Vancouver.
Lieut. G. Lowrie, Ladysmith.

(Died of Wounds)

Lieut. W. L. Frame, Vancouver.
Pte. L. Howard, Salmon Arm.
Pte. C. L. Bantege, Vancouver.

(Wounded)

Pte. J. P. Berwick, Vancouver.
Pte. R. O. Hope, Seymour Arm.
Pte. R. B. Armour, Victoria.
Pte. T. Wilson, Esquimalt.
Pte. J. D. Riddell, Victoria.
Major E. G. Scharmsmedt, Vancouver.
Lieut. M. A. Marsden, Vancouver.
Pte. J. B Macdonald, Victoria

(Wounded and Missing)

Sergt. F. J. Douglas, Duncan.

(Shell Shock)

Pte. F. Carpenter, Natal.

Mounted Rifles

(Died of Wounds)

Pte. H. Foster, Kelowna.

(Died)

Pte. J. Lelaney, Vancouver.

(Wounded)

Major W. Bapty, Victoria.

Artillery

(Wounded)

Gnr. Nicoson, Burnaby.
Gnr. K. J. Lindblad, Belford.

MANUFACTURERS EXPRESS VIEWS

Convention Passes Resolution Urging Increased Equipment for Railways—Conscription Endorsed—Officers Elected.

WINNIPEG, June 14.—The Canadian Manufacturers' Association closed its convention here today with a discussion on the Canadian railway situation, and passed a resolution calling on the Government to take immediate steps toward overcoming the desperate need for equipment by providing an ample supply of cars and locomotives and turning them over to the railway companies under lease or contract to purchase.

The motion also included a resolution that a board of trustees be appointed to receive all money of the companies unable to meet their obligations and to determine and supervise all expenditures of railways to whom advances might have to be made.

The discussion revealed a desire on the part of a number of members for nationalization of the railways, and an amendment was introduced asking that the Government put the administration of the Canadian railways under one body, with the view of co-operating the entire service. This amendment had considerable support at one time, but on the representation that what was immediately wanted was an increase in railway equipment and that the greater scheme could be deferred, the motion of the resolution committee was carried.

A number of other motions were carried at the morning session, among them being one giving hearty endorsement of the Government's proposal for conscription.

The patronage system was denounced as being a controlling factor with both Federal and Provincial Governments in determining who should get Government business, and a strong resolution calling for the abolition of this principle was passed unanimously.

Another resolution was passed calling for the establishment by the Government of laboratories for the solution of industrial problems, and another authorizing a delegation to approach the Provincial Governments with a view of taking steps to prevent fires, which it is estimated cause losses annually approximating $20,000,000.

S. R. Parsons, of Toronto, was elected president for the forthcoming year; W. J. Bulman, Winnipeg, and T. R. Howard, Montreal, as vice-presidents, and F. J. Ellis, Toronto, as treasurer, in succession to Mr. Booth, who retired after more than 20 years' service in that capacity, and who it was agreed will be given some tangible indication from the association of its appreciation of his long and gratuitous service.

MR. RATHOM IN TORONTO

Editor of Providence Journal Who Has Done Good Work for Allies Is Guest of Ontario Capital

TORONTO, June 14.—John R. Rathom, editor of The Providence Journal, is the guest of the city and was presented with a civic address yesterday in which reference was made to his splendid aid to the Allies by the work of his paper in running down the German plotters in the United States.

Mr. Rathom addressed the Canadian Press Convention here today.

In an interview he stated that his paper had not been given any aid by the British secret service; his investigation of German machinations and exposures had been the work of his own staff. He declared that he was convinced the Germans had planned the burning of the Ottawa Parliament Buildings, also that the Deutschland U-boat had carried Canadian nickel.

Lack of Surgical Supplies

NEW YORK, June 14.—According to Ernest Stratman, of New York, president-elect of the Wholesale Surgical Trades Association, in convention at the Hotel Astor, the United States is as unprepared, for war in surgical and medical supplies as it is in military equipment. When a state of war was declared, he asserted, the government had on hand supplies for fewer than 100,000 men on a peace footing. Plans are being perfected to co-ordinate the output of all manufactures so that there shall be no waste of time as a result of [illegible] in making up the short-

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The boy wants a Suit that looks right. The parents want a Suit that's priced right.

Our Suits start at $5.50, according to the size of the boy.

For Summer wear we have a full range of Blouses, separate Knickers, Underclothing, Soft Collars and Ties.

Bring the boy in; he'll go out satisfied.

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Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers to Men, Young Men and Boys

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$1 Day at Cathcart's Means a Big Saving on Footwear

Apart from the following GENUINE BARGAINS we will give on "Dollar Day"—Friday, 15th June—10% discount off every pair of Boots, Shoes and Slippers in the store.

LADIES' TAN CALF BUTTON BOOTS, including the world-famed makes of Wichert & Gardiner, Laird & Schoeber. Dollar Day Price $5.60

LADIES' BLACK CALF AND VICI KID SPORT BOOTS. Regular prices up to $9.50. Dollar Day Price $5.60

GROWING GIRLS' PATENT COLT AND VELOUR CALF "MARY JANE" PUMPS, sizes 2½ to 7. Reg. to $4.50. Dollar Day..... $3.30

MISSES' TAN CALF, VELOUR CALF AND PATENT COLT "MARY JANE" PUMPS AND SANDALS, welted soles. Sizes 11 to 2. Regular to $3. Dollar Day..... $2.20

GIRLS' AND BOYS' TAN CALF, VELOUR CALF AND PATENT COLT "MARY JANE" PUMPS AND SANDALS, welted soles. Sizes 8 to 10½. Reg. to $2.50. Dollar Day $1.80

CHILDREN'S TAN CALF, PATENT COLT AND VELOUR CALF "MARY JANE" PUMPS AND SANDALS, welted soles. Sizes 5 to 7½. Reg. to $2.25. Dollar Day $1.60

BOYS' AND GIRLS' RUBBER SOLE TENNIS SHOES, black and white, with black soles. Sizes 1 to 7. Dollar Day..... 75c

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are shown by us every day—goods that are reliable, durable and handsome in design, at prices that will stand the test of comparison. See our fine stock of Dressers and Stands, Chiffonieres, Wilton, Velvet and Tapestry Carpet Squares and Rugs. These are all marked at bargain prices. Before buying a dollar's worth of Furniture elsewhere, be sure to inspect our stock. We invite comparison as to quality and price. You can save money by buying from us. Our guarantee: "Goods as represented or money refunded." Free city delivery.

WE GIVE A SPOT CASH DISCOUNT OF 10 PER CENT FROM REGULAR PRICES

Don't Forget thePound Party at the Protestant Orphanage, Friday, June 15. Help the Orphans.

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1420 DOUGLAS ST. — NEAR CITY HALL

AMERICA FIGHTS FOR OLD CAUSE

President Wilson's Flag Day Speech Sets Forth Anew Motives and Purposes of United States' Intervention.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Before a great audience assembled here today for a Flag Day celebration, President Wilson declared anew the aims and purposes of the United States in entering the world war on the side of the Entente.

Standing in the shadow of the great monument erected to the memory of George Washington, the President told thousands gathered on the grassy slopes that the United States had entered the war not alone to keep the world safe for democracy, but also because "the extraordinary insults and aggressions of the Imperial German Government left us no choice but to take up arms in defence of our rights as a free people and of our honor as a sovereign Government."

The Stars and Stripes are going to a strange land, the President said, for a purpose as old as American traditions.

"For us there is but one choice," said the President. "We have made it. Woe to the man or group of men that seeks to stand in our way in this day of high resolution, when every principle we hold dearest is to be vindicated and made secure for the salvation of nations. We are ready to plead at the bar of history, and our flag shall wear a new lustre. Once more we will make good with our lives and fortunes the great faith to which we were born and a new glory shall shine in the face of our people."

Against Peace Intrigue

The President warned against permitting Germany to end the war now by an "intrigue of peace" while her aggressions were secure.

He said:

"My fellow citizens:

"We meet to celebrate Flag Day because this flag which we honor and under which we serve is the emblem of our unity, our power, our thought and purpose as a nation. It has no other character than that which we give it from generation to generation. The choices are ours. It floats in majestic silence above the hosts that execute these choices, whether in peace or in war. And yet, though silent, it speaks to us—speaks to us of the past, of the men and women who went before us and of the records they wrote upon it. We celebrate the day of its birth and from its birth until now it has witnessed a great history. It has floated on high in symbol of great events, of the great plan of life worked out by a great people. We are about to carry it into battle, to lift it where it will draw the fire of our enemies. We are about to bid thousands, hundreds of thousands, it may be millions, of our men, the young, the strong, the capable men of the nation, to go forth and die beneath it in fields of blood far away—for what? For some unaccustomed thing? For something for which it has never sought fire before? Americans never before were sent across the sea. Why are they sent now? For some new purpost for which this great flag has never been carried before? for some old, familiar, heroic purpose, for which it has seen men, its own men, die on every battlefield on which Americans have borne arms since the revolution?

Must Be Answered

"These are questions which must be answered. We are Americans. We in our turn serve America, and can serve her with no private purpose. We must use her flag as she has always used it. We are accountable at the bar of history and must plead in utter frankness what purpose it is we seek to serve.

"It is plain enough how we were forced into the war. The extraordinary insults and aggression of the Imperial German Government left us no self-respecting choice but to take up arms in defence of our rights as a free people and of our honor as a sovereign Government. The military masters of Germany denied us the right to be neutral. They filled our unsuspecting communities with vicious spies and conspirators, and sought to corrupt the opinion of our people in their own behalf. When they found they could not do that, their agents diligently spread sedition amongst us and sought to draw our own citizens from their allegiance—and some of these agents were men connected with the official Embassy of the German Government in our capital. They sought by conspiracy to destroy our industries to incite Mexico to take up arms against us and to draw Japan into a hostile alliance with her—and that not by indirect suggestion, but by direct suggestion from the Foreign Office in Berlin. They impudently denied us the use of high seas and repeatedly executed their threats that they would send to their death any of our people who ventured to approach the coasts of Europe. And many of our own people were corrupted.

Corruption and Intrigue

"Men began to look upon their own neighbors with suspicion and to wonder in their hot resentment and surprise whether there was any community in which hostile intrigue did not work. What great nation in such circumstances would not have taken up arms? Much as we desired peace, it was denied us, and not of our choice. This flag under which we serve would have been dishonored had we withheld our hand.

"But this is only part of the story. We know now as clearly as we knew before we were ourselves engaged that we were not the enemies of the German people and that they are not our enemies. They did not originate or desire this hideous war or wish that we should be drawn into it; and we are vaguely conscious that we are fighting their cause, as they will some day see it, as well as our own. They are themselves in the grip of the same sinister power that has now at last stretched its ugly talons out and drawn blood from us. The whole world is at war because the whole world is in the grip of that power, and is deciding in battle whether it is to be brought under its mastery or fling itself free.

People Treated as Pawns

"The war was begun by the military masters of Germany, who proved to be also the masters of Austria-Hungary. These men have never regarded nations as peoples, as men, women and children of like blood and frame as themselves, for whom governments existed and in whom governments had their life. They have regarded them merely as serviceable organizations, which they could by force or intrigue bend or corrupt to their own purposes. They have regarded the smaller states, in particular the peoples who could be overwhelmed by force, as their natural tools and instruments of domination.

"Their purpose has long been avowed. The statesmen of other nations, to whom that purpose was incredible, paid little attention, regarding what German professors expounded in their classrooms and German writers set forth to the world as the goal of German policy as rather the dream of minds detached from practical affairs, as preposterous private conceptions of German destiny, than as the actual plans of responsible rulers. But the rulers of Germany themselves all the while knew what concrete plans, what well advanced intrigues, lay back of what the professors and the writers were saying, and were glad to go forward unmolested, filling the thrones of Balkan states with German princes, putting German officers at the service of Turkey to drill her armies, developing plans of sedition and rebellion in India and Egypt and setting their fires in Persia.

Compassed Europe and Asia

"The demands made by Austria upon Serbia were a mere single step in a plan which compassed Europe and Asia from Berlin to Baghdad. They hoped these demands might not arouse Europe, but they meant to press them whether they did or not, for they thought themselves ready for the final issue of arms.

"Their plan was to throw a broad belt of German military power and political control across the very centre of Europe and beyond the Mediterranean into the heart of Asia; and Austria-Hungary was to be as much their tool and pawn as Serbia, or Bulgaria, or Turkey, or the ponderous states of the East. Austria-Hungary, indeed, was to become part of the central German Empire, absorbed and dominated by the same forces and influences that had originally cemented the German states themselves.

"The dream had its heart at Berlin. It could have had a heart nowhere else. It rejected the idea of solidarity of race entirely. The choice of peoples played no part in it at all. It contemplated binding together racial and political units which could be kept together only by force — Czechs, Magyars, Croats, Serbs, Roumanians, Turks, Armenians—the proud states of Bohemia and Hungary, the stout little commonwealths of the Balkans, the indomitable Turks, the subtle peoples of the East. These peoples did not wish to be united. They ardently desired to direct their own affairs; would be satisfied only by undisputed independence. They could be kept quiet only by the presence or the constant threat of armed men. They would live under a common power only by sheer compulsion and await the day of revolution. But the German military statesmen had reckoned with all that and were ready to deal with it in their own way.

At Berlin's Dictation

"And they have actually carried the greater part of that amazing plan into execution. Look how things stand. Austria is at their mercy. It has acted, not upon its own initiative or upon the choice of its own people, but at Berlin's dictation ever since the war began. Its people now desire peace, but can not have it until leave is granted from Berlin. The so-called Central Powers are, in fact, but a single power. Serbia is at its mercy, should its hands be for a moment freed. Bulgaria has consented to its will and Roumania is overrun. The Turkish armies, which Germans trained, are serving Germany, certainly not themselves, and the guns of German warships lying in the harbor of Constantinople remind Turkish statesmen every day that they have no choice but to take orders from Berlin.

"From Hamburg to the Persian Gulf the net is spread. It is now easy to understand the eagerness for peace that has been manifested from Berlin ever since the net was set and sprung. Peace, peace, has been the talk of her Foreign Office for a year or more—not peace on her own initiative, but upon the initiative of the nations over which she now deems herself to hold the advantage. A little of the talk has been public, but most of it has been private. Through all sorts of channels it has come to me, and in all sorts of guises, but never with the terms disclosed which the German Government would be willing to accept. That Government has other valuable pawns in its hands besides these I have mentioned. It still holds a valuable part of France, though with slowly relaxing grasp, and practically the whole of Belgium. Its armies press close upon Russia and overrun Poland at their will. It can not go further; it dare not go back. It wishes to close its bargain before it is too late and it has little left to offer for the pound of flesh it will demand.

Fear Danger at Home

"The military masters under whom Germany is bleeding see very clearly to what point Fate has brought them. If they fall back or are forced back an inch, their power both abroad and at home will fall to pieces like a house of cards. It is their power at home they are thinking about more than their power abroad. It is that power which is trembling under their very feet; and deep fear has entered their hearts. They have but one chance to perpetuate their military power or even their controlling political influence. If they can secure peace now with the immense advantages still in their hands which they have up to this point apparently gained, they will have justified themselves before the German people; they will have gained by force what they promised to gain by it—an immense expansion of German power, an immense enlargement of German industry and industrial opportunities.

"Their prestige will be secure, and with their prestige their political power. If they fail, their people will thrust them aside and a government accountable to the people themselves will be set up in Germany, as it has been in Britain, in the United States, in France and in all the great countries of modern times except Germany. If they succeed, they are safe in Germany and the world is undone; if they fail, Germany is saved and the world will be at peace. If they succeed, the United States will fall within the menace and we and all the rest of the world must remain armed, as they will remain, and must make ready for the next step in their aggression; if they fail, the world may unite for peace and Germany may be of the union.

Aiming at Deception

"Do not now misunderstand the new intrigues, the intrigues for peace and why the masters of Germany do not hesitate to use any agency that promises to effect their purposes, the deceiving of the nations. Their present particular aim is to deceive all those who throughout the world stand for the rights of the peoples and the self-government of nations, for they see what immense strength the forces of justice and of liberalism are gathering out of the war. They are employing liberals in their enterprise. They are using men, in Germany and without, as their spokesmen whom they hitherto have despised and oppressed—using them for their own destruction—Socialists, the leaders of labor, the thinkers they hitherto have sought to silence. Let them once succeed and the men now their tools will be ground to powder beneath the weight of the great military empire they will have set up; the revolutionists in Russia will be cut off from all succor of co-operation in Western Europe and a counter-revolution will be fostered and supported; Germany herself will lose her chance of freedom, and all Europe will arm for the next and final struggle.

"The sinister intrigue is being no less actively conducted in this country than in Russia and in every country in Europe to which the agents and dupes of the Imperial German Government can get access. That Government has many spokesmen here, in places high and low. They have learned discretion. They keep within the law. It is opinion they utter now, not sedition. They proclaim the liberal purpose of their masters, declare this a foreign war which can touch the United States with no danger to either her lands or her institutions; set Britain at the centre of the stage and talk of her ambition to assert economic dominion throughout the world; appeal to our ancient tradition of isolation in the politics of the nations, and seek to undermine the Government with false professions of loyalty to its principles.

Betrayed by Their Own Falseness

"But they will make no headway. Their falseness betrays them in every accent. It is only friends and partisans of the German Government whom we already have identified who utter these thinly-disguised disloyalties.

"The facts are patent to all the world, and nowhere are they more plainly seen than in the United States, where we are accustomed to deal with facts and not with sophistries; and the great fact that stands out above all

Continued from Page 2.

His Aid to Education

MONTREAL, June 14.—The bequests of the late Sir William Macdonald of $1,836,000 to McGill and Macdonald College bring the grand total of Sir William's munificence to these two institutions to $12,836,166.

Quebec Whip Resigns

OTTAWA, June 14.—Dr. Eugene Paquet, M.P. for L'Islet, has resigned his position as whip of the Quebec wing of the Conservative party. The resignation is understood to be due to the introduction of the military service bill.

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Fancy Lace Corset Covers. Reg. $2.00, now $1.65
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Silk Round and Square Collars, the latest style. Our stock is large and varied, some trimmed with fancy lace, others green, white, black hemstitched edge. Our special during sale, only ..... 75¢

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Fine Cotton Hose, seamless throughout, fast and stainless, in black and white only, special at ..... 25¢
Silk Boot Hose, in black only, will give splendid wear. Special 35c per pair, 3 pairs for $1.00
Sterling Boot Hose, with double soles, heels and toes, in black, white, pink, grey, brown, sky, Copenhagen. Reg. 75c per pair. Now on sale, per pair ..... 59¢
Silk Hose, in black only, 27 inches, silk with lisle top, heels and toes. Reg. $1.25, now per pair ..... 95¢

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Reg. $3.75, now $2.75. Reg. $5.00, now $3.95. Reg. $5.25, now $4.25

Gentlemen's Panamas, very special, to clear: Reg. $2.50, now $1.25. Reg. $3.50, now $2.25. Reg. $4.00, now $3.50

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Natural Pongee Silk, 34 inches wide, fine quality. Reg. 60c, now, per yard ..... 49¢
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Habutai Silk, fine wearing quality, 36 in. wide. Regular 75c, now, per yard ..... 65¢
Crepe de Chine, dainty and heavy quality, 40 in. wide, special now, per yard $1.25
Cashmere Gloves, dainty, wearing, fast dye, white and black only. Reg. 55c, now 39c; 3 pairs for $1.00
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ANNOUNCEMENT

Notices of restaurants, political, suffrage, patriotic, lodge, society, club or church meetings and services, concerts, socials, etc., inserted under special headings of "Meetings" on classified pages at one cent per word per insertion. All reading matter under heading of "Announcements" on news pages at three cents per word per insertion.

Friday, June 15, 1917

IN MEMORIAM

It is with the profoundest regret that we record today the death of Mr. Charles H. Lugrin, the Editor of The Colonist. The passing of one so prominently identified with the fortunes of this newspaper comes as a sad shock to those who worked with him for so many years. The Colonist has lost a faithful and conscientious servant and a brilliant and widely informed writer. The Canadian newspaper world will miss from its ranks one of its ablest and most highly respected editors. The city of Victoria will mourn a citizen who did everything that lay in his power to advance its interests. British Columbia is the poorer by one of her most talented inhabitants, one who during his lengthy residence studied keenly all questions of development and wrote on them with intuitive foresight.

Under the mournful circumstances it is but fitting that The Colonist should pay a tribute to its late Editor. We believe that what we have to say in this regard will find an echo throughout the press of the Dominion. Mr. Lugrin was an easy and graceful writer, but he was something more. One who has sat in an editorial chair for nearly four decades succeeds in leaving the imprint of his mind on his generation to a far greater extent than those engaged in other walks of life, no matter how prominent they may be. Mr. Lugrin had few peers in his profession in Canada. We doubt if there is any writer in the press of our country who has shown greater versatility, or who was better able to grasp the inherent truth of each new subject as it arose. Under his able guidance The Colonist grew in strength, enlarged its reputation for accuracy and exercised a more potent influence in the community than ever in the past. In the arduous and responsible profession in which he was a shining light, he found time, amid multifarious duties, to do educational work of a character which carried its own reward. He always believed in the educational value of the press, and that he did much to inculcate this the columns of The Colonist bear adequate testimony. Week in and week out, in addition to dealing with the concrete facts of the world's record of progress, he kept ever present the eternal verities, and his articles on religious subjects were widely read and as widely admired.

This newspaper has owed very much of its virility and popularity to the sterling character, wide knowledge and unusual abilities of its late Editor. The soundness of his views and the faculty he had of presenting them in logical sequence, coupled with the prescience he displayed about the possible results of each new development as it arose, were among the facts which attracted much wide attention to the editorial columns he conducted for so long. He was a prolific writer, because his heart was in the work, and until he was overcome by ill health, his day's task was never ended. He never complained of his onerous duties, but was always willing and eager to undertake fresh ones. It can be said of him to an extent that is true of but few others: "Well done! good and faithful servant." In addition he was a kindly counsellor and a staunch friend.

The late Mr. Lugrin was possessed of a personality which gained an added charm from the breadth of vision he displayed in dealing with the great variety of subjects which came within his purview. For the moment we are not speaking of his editorial work, but of his conversational abilities. The enthusiasm with which he would talk of the matters which came up in the routine of news, and on those problems incidental to the life of a comparatively new community, was only equalled by the manner in which he was able to draw upon the storehouse of an unusually retentive memory and illumine the subjects under discussion. It was rare indeed, for any matter to arise upon which he could not bring to bear keen, analytical insight and parallels from a repository of knowledge such as was possessed by few.

Looking back over the long years of association with Mr. Lugrin, we remember, above all others of the many qualities which adorned him, his equable temperament. It is an invaluable asset in the newspaper world and was one he possessed in high degree. Amid the hurry, and oftentimes confusion, inseparable from the profession of journalism, when in the turmoil of happenings the chances are in favor of inaccuracy in reporting and commenting upon them, a mens sana in corpore sano is one of the utmost importance. Mr. Lugrin's early legal training and his consequent judicial appreciation of events, was a source of never failing guidance to those who worked with him on The Colonist. His appreciation of news values was keen, and consistently exercised for the good of the paper, the reputation of which he so greatly enhanced. Indefatigable application to duty, a consistent effort to add to the sum of his knowledge throughout the years, and use the stored up treasure for the benefit of the public, and an enthusiastic desire to bring about and foster development in the West, which he had learned to love so well, were features of his laborious life that will be remembered by all who have profited by his writings.

The story of Mr. Lugrin's manifold activities is told elsewhere in this issue. We cannot close this small tribute without speaking of the unusually warm regard in which he was held by the proprietor of this newspaper. They stood in the relationship of close personal friends. The utmost confidence was placed in Mr. Lugrin, and his judgment, always sane and sound, swayed the policy of The Colonist. Among those with whom he has worked his loss is a poignant bereavement, for his relations with each member of the staff were cordial in the extreme. The members of every branch of the newspaper unite in expressing their heartfelt sympathy to his widow, daughters and other relatives. In this time of sorrow they will have the consolation of knowing that he for whom they mourn passed a God-fearing life, worked unceasingly for his country, and enters into the fullness of his rest with a record of achievement which will always remain a source of pride and inspiration to those with whom he was associated.

A GERMAN WITHDRAWAL

It is early yet to estimate the significance of the German retirement before Messines. Its extent is not definitely known. In fact, the British official communique of last evening does not speak about it at all, though none the less it is known to be under way from other dispatches. The backward movement appears to indicate that the enemy believed Messines Ridge was impregnable and that he did not take sufficient precautions in the preparation of defensive lines in the rear. Now that the British guns have been brought up, following the recent advance, the new positions occupied by the Germans could only have been held at the expense of terrible casualties, so that the present retreat was forced upon them.

In its character, although not over such a wide front, the retirement is similar to the withdrawal made on the Somme battlefront. But it is being conducted under entirely dissimilar circumstances. The retreat last March was in thick, misty weather over waterlogged ground, which made pursuit difficult and aerial observations of the enemy's movements almost impossible. In the Messines sector at present, where the movement is now under way, the ground is hard and level, and there is perfect flying weather, so that it may be possible to give the Germans a troublesome time when they are taking up their new positions.

A Reuter dispatch describes the situation as full of interesting possibilities, but this, of course, is mere speculation. It is hardly possible that the Germans contemplate retiring behind Lille, or that they will relax their hold on the Lens colliery area without a desperate resistance. The movement may be purely local, with a view to withdrawing that portion of the front which is at present dominated by the British guns on Messines Ridge. Whatever the outcome is, the retreat shows the character of the pressure that is being exerted, and is an earnest of the ever-increasing preponderance of Britain's artillery power. As was pointed out previously, the victory at Messines was signal in its character and may be fruitful of such developments as will exercise a profound influence on the trend of events.

There is a tendency in discussing certain subjects in our correspondence columns for some writers to indulge in personalities. We must ask them to refrain from the practice in the future, as it neither reflects credit on themselves or this newspaper.

Letters are reaching us defending the poultryman and the prices he charges for eggs. It may be that we are mistaken in the belief that large supplies are going into cold storage awaiting an even more favorable market. If we are, we owe the industry an apology. If some poultryman operating in a fairly large way will send us a month's financial statement of his farm, and permission to publish it, some good might be accomplished in setting doubts at rest.

The vagaries of the censorship are many. The other day a dispatch said that General Pershing had arrived at a British port, but went on to point out that he was welcomed by the Lord Mayor of Liverpool, which made the inference obvious. On Tuesday night Washington reported that the Russian Mission to the United States had landed safely at a Pacific Coast port. The fact is that it was not until Wednesday evening that the Mission arrived, reaching here aboard the Empress of Japan.

Wrong Quarry.

A near-sighted man was passing along a country road when his hat was whisked off by the wind and carried over a stone wall. He gave pursuit, but each time he thought he had it, it got yet another move on. Then a woman's angry voice rang out:

"What are you doing there?" she demanded shrilly.

He explained mildly that he was only trying to retrieve his hat, whereupon the woman said: "Your hat! There it is over there under the wall—that's our little black hen you've been chasing."

LETTERS TO EDITOR

No letters to the Editor will be inserted except over the proper signature and address of the writer. This rule admits of no exception.

Man in the Street's View.

Sir,—I do not think that certain writers, who with your courtesy you have given space in your columns, should be allowed to believe that the man in the street concurs in their opinions.

Mr. Peirce complains of the lack of fervor the press has taken in its attitude towards conscription and prohibition. That is real good, and I believe we have generally the same crowd against conscription as we had fighting for prohibition. Without adopting a rabid course on either side, the press has taken a fair and reasonable attitude. However the opportunity of rushing prohibition through was seized when it was believed our real men had gone and were to be discounted. Subsequent events have proved that this was according to the prohibitionists' programme. They have left undone nothing to discredit the vote of our best and truest citizens. I ask any one of the pious leaders of prohibition have ye not meanly slandered and sneeringly referred to the soldiers' vote as if they were incapable of exercising this franchise. Was it the weaklings mentally or physically who are our soldiers and the strong men left behind? The whole behavior of the leaders in this move point to the latter. But the very acme of effrontery is reached when those pious leaders, who pretend to have such care for us, urged the Provincial Government to ignore our soldier citizen vote and pass a war measure. War measure, forsooth. What have these gentlemen to do with war who believe there is no truth but in themselves? Who hold up their hands and pray thus: "We thank Thee, O Lord our God we are not as other men." One leader says we have to feed our returned soldiers. Plainly after this gentleman feeds himself I should be extremely sorry for the men he is going to feed. It would be a safe thing to offer $10 per head to any of those pious spoilers who have any direct connection with war, except to fill their own pockets.

Mr. Peirce's column article is devoted to the deploring of the lack of brotherhood in the British Empire and that it is generally a poor place to live in. Dear Peirce, this is not a tale of my own adventures, but I at least know my own country. I have come from Lerwick to Lands End, from Belfast Lough to Milford Haven, from the shores of the Gaspe Basin to the shores of the broad Pacific. Dear sir, it is no promiscuous or transient experience. I have met your pretended Socialist, who is a Socialist until he obtains his end, and the majority of them are of Teutonic or Semitic extraction, who have made a study of our language for the purpose of stirring up strife and discontent amongst the British workmen, and the most of our labor leaders are the same, despite their assertions to the contrary. Thirty-five years ago I met him on the pitheads of Lanark, have come in contact with him ever since through the fair midlands of England and Scotland, on steamboat and railroad, on the broad wheat fields of Canada, and he is a trouble maker underground until he can sit on the British workman's job. Conscription will come nearer the true Socialist than the empty schemes of our present Socialist could in a hundred years. We are up against a horde who intend to down us by any means, and the sooner we cut out the trouble makers the better for us.

A. CHRISTIE.
410 Superior Street, Victoria, B. C., June 12, 1917.

Mr. Dimpault's Letter

Sir,—I hope you will kindly publish the following: It was with the greatest indignation I read that man Dimpault's letter in The Colonist this morning. How dare he, a foreigner, criticize any citizen's letter, a letter which was true in every detail, which every self-respecting person who read it knows. And that man talking about British fair play! We can easily read between the lines of his letter, which is pro-German from beginning to end. What he said about our husbands and sons joining the army for meal tickets is an insult which all soldiers' wives and mothers should resent. And even so, if a few did join for a meal ticket, if they did not possess the true spirit of patriotism they would not be where they are today. I would tell that man to his face that jeers are too good for shirkers. Yes, indeed, Mr. Dimpault, if some of us women had the power of the Inquisition you would be one of the first to go, in spite of your age. Luckily, as you say, we haven't. And then he adds insults to injury deliberately, standing up to protect the wretches who maltreated those three defenceless women in Vancouver! Perhaps those men were relatives of his cowardly brutes who would not go and fight for their King and country, but would attack three defenceless women whose only defenders were fighting for the likes of them. I would like to mete out to Mr. Dimpault the same punishment or anyone else who would defend dirty loafers. As he says he is a stranger here, the sooner he clears out the better, as we can well do without the likes of him. I should suggest an internment camp would be the best place for him, where he could air his views amongst his own kind.

(MRS.) H. SWEENEY.
513 Head Street, Victoria, B.C., June 13, 1917.

The New Finance Minister

Sir,—The Times eulogizes the new Minister of Finance and displays a fresh cut full McBride-size picture of him. The Colonist presses forward with the glad hand and much "fulvous" friendly advice. Perhaps The Week is going to follow suit and swell the chorus of printed insincerity.

All of which notwithstanding, if our Conservative friends will put up a temperate citizen of good repute, or even a trembling virgin politician, the Hon. Premier may have an opportunity of seeing how the surplus confidence of the voters of Victoria is falling.

While it may not be advisable to defeat a cabinet minister at this time, there certainly are a few good liberal reasons why the Hart majority should be considerably smaller than it was in September last.

GEO. VALLANCE.
Burnside, Victoria, B.C., June 13, 1917.

"An Englishman's Castle"

Sir,—The old saying that "an Englishman's house is his castle" no longer seems to be correct, judging by an occurrence that took place here last week.

A "local resident," whose name is jealously guarded by the authorities, informed them that my launch put into Shoal Bay at all hours and that parcels were being carried from it to this house, and that this was going on "right along"; also that there was frequent signalling by lights from a tower at the top of the house.

As an actual fact, my launch has not been in, or nearer than two miles of Shoal Bay since April 9, 1916—over two years ago—and the light in the tower was robbed of a fixing, for use in another part of the house, over ten months ago, which has not yet been replaced.

For some reasons, as yet unexplained, these parcels were supposed to be not only from the United States side, and thus contraband, but were also presumed to be of a nature dangerous to the national safety — machine guns, bombs, incendiary apparatus, and lots of other things that could easily be supplied from the fertile imagination of ignorant gossips.

The accusation was admittedly one for the authorities to investigate, either to prove or disprove, and in the latter case to let the officious informer, whose name is kept back, know what they think of his slanderous misstatements.

What I object to is the manner in which it was carried out.

Captain Tweedale, of the Intelligence Department, got together a formidable party, consisting of a junior officer, Lieut. Burton, a Victoria detective (Heather), Chief Symes of the Oak Bay Police, and also the Surveyor of Customs (Davie).

The latter was brought in because of his having a standing warrant allowing him to search any premises where contraband is suspected. He was evidently to be used as a pry to open the door, so that others, who had no authority to enter, and who, he claims, had no connection with his Customs search, could slip in.

In fairness to Mr. Davie, it must be stated that, when leaving town and until arriving at these suspected premises, he thought he had a genuine smuggling case to investigate. Since then he seems rather sore at having been dragged into the matter as a stalking horse, and has shown himself gentleman enough to write my wife an apology.

Captain Tweedale, with his formidable looking escort of officials, went to my house in my absence, when he could easily have waited till I was home, saw my wife, showed by his remarks and questions that he had come to investigate suspicions concerning the military, and actually tried to impress her with such bosh as the fact of her having written to people in Germany before the war was regarded in a "serious light."

Under the unexpressed though implied threat of "you are suspected of being spies, keep us out if you dare," my wife asked them in, in order to look at the suspected tower themselves.

Once in the house, as a result of what he called an "invitation," Captain Tweedale did not strictly confine himself to the reason of his coming, but made remarks about the Spring cleaning, a wooden pen for the baby, criticized the fire fighting arrangements, remarked about pictures on the walls, the way correspondence was kept, and actually went through various letters and papers in my private desk.

His remarks insinuated enemy sympathy, expressing surprise that my wife's brother was at the front, holding a commission in the B.E.F., also asking after my nationality, which, although as investigation officer attached to the Intelligence Department, he had not previously troubled to ascertain, in spite of Chief Symes, who was one of his party, knowing it.

All this took place in the house of English people, who probably have more reasons than Captain Tweedale has, both personal and material, to wish to see the Germans beaten, and into which house he had gained entrance by intimidation, as previously mentioned.

As a means of gaining information of a military value or of service to the Customs, since it set out under that guise, this inquisitorial poking around in a private house and making comments insinuating enemy sympathies, was quite futile, but as a personal affront it was a huge success.

Having a foreign name, I mention to clearness that both my wife and myself are British subjects, born in England of British parents, and we have not been of any other nationality in the meantime, which fact, as regards myself at least, was ascertained in 1915 by the same chief of Oak Bay police, who was a member of the party last week.

Trusting that you will find room for this letter, as it is not merely a personal matter, but concerns the public at large, since visits of investigation carried out in such manner distinctly threaten the old boast of every British citizen that his home is his castle.

MAX ENKE
572 Island Road, Victoria, B.C., June 14, 1917

Grinding of Wheat

Sir,—After reading Mrs. E. W. Hogarth's letter in yesterday's paper on the grinding of wheat, it seems time to give you the benefit of my experience, which you may find of value.

I use a coffee mill, which I paid $3.50 for in a hardware store on Government Street at the corner of Johnson Street, I think, and I find this little mill everything I could desire.

It has a little regulating button at the side which controls the grist, and I find that I can get any grist I want.

With the button relaxed I pass the whole wheat through, and it goes quite easily. I then pass it through again with the button screwed up a little, and if you require still finer grinding you can pass through the third time.

No great strength is required, and a few minutes is ample for my wants.

E. DOWIE
1618 Richmond Avenue, Victoria, B.C., June 13, 1917.

Should "Do Their Bit"

Sir,—Why does not our City Council make known its views on the question of Conscription? Victoria is almost the only Canadian city of any importance whose council has not done so.

At this time the Government needs all the support it can get, and I think Mayor Todd and his colleagues should "do their bit" towards giving it.

PERCY SMITH.
Pandora Avenue, Victoria, B.C., June 12, 1917.

The Sea Still "Hic"

The French mission has returned safely home, the Italian mission is here, and the American fleet and American men are safely at the front. Evidently the submarine is not yet, in spite of boasts, the ruler of the sea.—Baltimore American.

MR. CHARLES H. LUGRIN IS CALLED BY DEATH

Continued from Page 1.

ish Columbia. He also had at heart the shipbuilding and iron and steel industries, and during his regime in the Board of Trade did his utmost to bring these into prominence. In fact, the fruits of his many advocacies will be reaped for years to come.

Faith in Island's Future

Optimism was the keynote of Mr. Lugrin's editorial policy. He believed in the future of Vancouver Island and of British Columbia as few men did. He was in addition a man of varied knowledge and a resourceful writer. Readers will remember that in more prosperous times The Colonist ran a weekly supplement, a feature of which was an "Hour With the Editor," which attracted widespread attention. Many of these articles might have emanated from the pen of celebrated specialists, a fact which shows how closely the editor kept in touch with all questions of public interest.

The deceased leaves a widow and six daughters: Mrs. N. P. Shaw, Mrs. E. B. Shaw, Mrs. (Capt.) W. B. Shaw, Mrs. J. Macdonald Fahey, Misses Nellie and Louise Lugrin, all residents of this city; also six grandchildren. One brother and four sisters survive: Mr. George Lugrin, of Brooklyn, New York; Mrs. W. P. Flewelling, of St. John, N. B., and three unmarried sisters, all resident in St. John. Mr. Lugrin was a member of the Church of England and the funeral will take place from St. Paul's Church, Esquimalt, at 3 o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

As soon as the news of Mr. Lugrin's death was made known there were a great many expressions of regret and also of unqualified esteem. The Hon. Mr. H. C. Brewster, Premier, said:

"While virile in his defence of any cause, he championed, he was admirably tolerant of the views of others and maintained a warm friendship for most of those whom he opposed most strenuously in a political sense.

"His usefulness as an officer and member of the Board of Trade was hard to overestimate, while in many lesser organizations for the promotion of the social welfare of the people his counsels were weighty and his efforts tireless.

"Of particular personal interest to me was the fact that in all discussions of political developments in our own Province (New Brunswick) of which discussions we had many, he always manifested a somewhat remarkable inside knowledge of persons, events and conditions, using these often to illustrate both the possibilities and probabilities of development in British Columbia.

"His loss will be felt keenly, not alone in journalistic circles, where he was a leading figure, but in business and civic life, as well."

Premier Pays Tribute

"Though the news of Mr. Lugrin's death did not come entirely as a surprise it was inseparable from a sense of the loss sustained by the community and the Province in his passing away. He was so intimately associated with and prominent in the semi-public life of the country and the influence he exerted, personally and in his profession as a journalist as well as through his connection with almost every forward movement in the community, that his death must be regarded as a distinct loss.

"While always a vigorous political writer, presenting strong and often unanswerable argument in support of the position he assumed, he was at his best when advocating educational advancement or dealing with subjects intimately connected with problems of social and economic reform. His knowledge of political history in Canada and the United States qualified him to speak with an unusual degree of authority and his intuition and information respecting the political development of the Dominion since the days of Confederation gave him almost encyclopaedic knowledge of these subjects. This was true at first of the Maritime Provinces and later quite as much so respecting the Western Pro-

Mr. Bowser Expresses Regret

Mr. W. J. Bowser telephoned to express his sincere regrets. He said while he had not known Mr. Lugrin in New Brunswick his name was well known there, and he was glad when he came into public life in this Province to make his acquaintance. He said: "My old friend was a man of varied qualifications and a versatile writer, and contributed much to the well-being of the community.

Col. the Hon. E. G. Prior, who had been closely associated with the deceased in the Board of Trade, could not speak too highly of him. He referred to him as a man thoroughly alive to all the interests which affected the community, a man of strong principles, and one who took a broad-minded view of everything.

Mr. Joshua Kingham said he regarded him as a man of ability and of ideals, who did the best in his power to put them into practical effect.

Mr. James Forman, who succeeded Mr. Lugrin as President of the Board of Trade, last night came to the editorial rooms and made this statement:

"Mr. Lugrin was one of the best informed and most useful members of the Board of Trade.

"For 15 years he was continuously a member of the Council, and for the past three years filled the offices of vice-president and president of the board. His services were simply invaluable, his work on the committees on agriculture and lumbering deserves special mention, and he was largely responsible for the inauguration of the shipbuilding industry as we see it today in British Columbia.

Loss to Board of Trade

"It is hard to particularize when speaking of his many activities on the work of the Board. He was intensely loyal to the city of Victoria, and never lost an opportunity to further its interests. The members of the Victoria Board of Trade will hear with great regret of his death, at a time when many years of useful service seemed, until a short time ago, to have still been before him.

"No one ever had a better friend in Victoria than I had in Mr. Lugrin," said Mr. Herbert Cuthbert, at the dinner given him at the Dominion Hotel last night to mark his assumption of the office of secretary of the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association, with headquarters at Seattle. "To hear that he is no longer with us is to me a great loss."

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY

(From The Colonist, June 15, 1867)

Election for Councillor—If the ratepayers of Yates Street ward value their interests rightly they will unanimously agree upon the return of Mr. John Banks as their representative in the City Council. Mr. Banks is a pioneer resident, and eminently fitted to go into the Council.

The Isabel, with Mrs. Seymour, Colonial Secretary Birch, Mr. Stapleton, Mr. Maunsell and Lieut. Spershot, came down from Westminster last evening.

Stiffens' Heart—The wharf of Pitfield and Co., at the foot of Johnson Street, has been leased by Hollander and Brenham, and the steamships of that firm will in future be brought there to receive and discharge passengers and freight.

Vancouver Island Briefs

COURTENAY

Mr. Dan. Kilpatrick is building a handsome seven-roomed cottage on his ranch about two miles southeast of Courtenay, Messrs. Kerton Bros. have the contract. Two years ago this ranch was a wilderness of trees. Now nearly eighty acres have been cleared and made ready for the plow. A large, modern, sanitary dairy barn has been built with accommodation for twenty-five or thirty cows and eight horses. There is also a milk-cooling house and separator building. Five or six small cottages for laborers have been erected. As fast as the timber is cut down Mr. Kilpatrick is cutting it into logs, which are hauled to his mills at Courtenay to be converted into lumber. Some of the lumber is going as far east as the Welland Canal and some to the mines at Cumberland.

There is on exhibition in Mr. Geo. J. Hardy's real estate office a sheaf of rye of "volunteer" growth nearly seven feet long. It was grown on Mr. Wilkinson's farm at Little River, and was gathered on May 31.

On Saturday afternoon Mr. Jos. McPhee's horse backed his delivery wagon into the plate glass window of Mr. S. Oda's tailor shop. One large pane of glass and one small one were smashed. No one was injured. There was no insurance on the windows.

There are nine soldiers' wives residing at Comox whose husbands have gone overseas to help defeat the Germans. On Friday evening last they held a dance in Martin's Hall at which many attended from all parts of the district. Whatever the Comox ladies do in the way of entertaining is always done well, and the promoters of this dance had left nothing undone to please their patrons. The hall was prettily decorated and the corner was fitted up as a refreshment booth where ice cream was sold by handsome young ladies. The booth was well patronized by the gentlemen present. Music was furnished by Mrs. Leban and Mr. Percy Smith. The proceeds, amounting to $45, went to the Red Cross.

At the Courtenay Presbyterian Church on Sunday evening the service was largely of a musical character, the choir being assisted by Miss Winnifred Wood, who sang "Jesus Lover of My Soul" and "Ave Maria" very sweetly. The other numbers included: Anthem, "Behold the Evening Light" (Shelley), solos by the Misses Hodgson and Menzies; solo, "O, Rest in the Lord" (Mendelssohn), by Mrs. Macintyre; anthem, "The Lord is My Light" (Bembow); solo by Mr. J. W. McKenzie. Sunday was the anniversary of the going away of the 102nd Battalion for overseas service. The minister, the Rev. T. Menzies, made special mention of the gallant work the battalion has been doing at the front. "We in Comox district have a special interest in this battalion," he said, "as it was recruited here, and many of our strongest and bravest young men enlisted. A number of these have paid the supreme sacrifice and will not return. Many honors and promotions have been won by the members of this battalion, and it seems to be very popular at the front, for one of the officers in a recent letter said they were well over strength now, having over twelve hundred men, although one-half of the original men had fallen. The church was prettily decorated with maple leaves and flowers and the flags of the Allies, the work being done by Misses Annie Carroll and Jean Menzies.

The Courtenay Condensed Milk Co. are taking in about fifteen thousand pounds of milk daily at their factory. This represents practically this much gain in the increase of milk production in the valley in the last three years. The farmers through this are drawing down nearly $400 a day.

COWICHAN STATION

The Cowichan Ratepayers' Association of Cowichan Station are calling a general meeting to authorize the committee of the association to strongly protest to the Government concerning the manner in which road work is being conducted in this district. Residents say they are being doubly taxed this year, and the work done to date is nil. It is charged that the work on the trunk road through the district is being carried out by employees hired in a neighboring municipality, which is not affected by the super tax, thereby depriving the ratepayers of the opportunity of earning a little towards paying this super tax.

CUMBERLAND

Mr. A. S. Killam has been visiting Vancouver.

Mr. Robert Webster, of Portland, Ore., is visiting his parents at Cumberland.

The police commissioners of Cumberland are calling for applications for chief of police.

A party of six returned soldiers visited Cumberland from Qualicum on Tuesday.

Mr. A. Jones has returned to Cumberland after a short visit to Nanaimo.

NANAIMO

Employees of the Western Fuel Co. at Nanaimo have been granted a ten per cent increase in wages to take effect July 1. A committee of the men have been negotiating with the company for some time for the increase to which the company agreed yesterday. About 1,000 men will be affected.

JAMES ISLAND

The sum collected from the employees of the Canadian Explosives, Limited, by the Shand Works, James Island, for the month of May amounted to $380.14, which has been distributed as follows: Patriotic Aid Society, $100; Red Cross Society, $100; Prisoners of War Relief Fund, $150; Belgian Relief Fund, $30.14. In addition to the above, the sum of $100 has been contributed to the Red Cross Society, being the proceeds of a concert given on the Island; and the sum of $15.35 has been contributed to the Prisoners of War Relief Fund, being the proceeds of a sacred concert given recently.

Not Satisfied.

The lady had heard a stranger in a railway carriage say that if any man could see himself intoxicated he would never be intoxicated again, and, having a husband addicted to alcoholism, and also plenty of money, she thought of experimenting. The kinematograph operator whom she engaged was not kept waiting long for an opportunity of filming the errant husband, and in the presence of relations the subject was privileged to behold himself on the screen. He was very quiet throughout, and gravely left the room, which the others thought a good sign. Finding he had also left the house, his brother set out to find him, running him to earth eventually in the club, busy—as an attendant stated—with his fifteenth cocktail.

"Look here," said the brother, "I didn't think I'd find you back at this game."

"Didn't you?" innocently asked the subject. "Well, the fact of the matter is I was not satisfied with that film."—Manchester Guardian.

No fault can be found with the Ottawa Government for taking time to formulate its conscription proposals. With the probable ultimate necessity of compulsion staring it in the face for a year, why had the Government never framed a plan to be produced when it declared for a change. For the same reason, perhaps, that it has left other big problems to be dealt with on the spur of the moment.—Toronto Globe.

It is tragic that a man like Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in the evening of his days, with a career behind him possessed of many of the elements of splendor, should find himself the mouthpiece and exponent of a course which would mean the dishonor of his country. Whether he is regarded as the plaything of forces he is not strong enough to resist, or face to face with the consequences of a flaw in his own character developed by necessity, it moves us beyond a mere passion of disagreement and disavowal, that his career as a great Canadian should end in an eclipse so pitiable.—Winnipeg Free Press.

OUT OF THEIR OWN MOUTHS

Quotations From German Writers on Aspects of the War

"Our peace aim includes the closing of doors through which our enemies attack us, and the surest method is to secure the territories in question."—Lieut.-Col. Frobensius in "Kriegsziele und Friedensziele" (War Aims and Peace Aims), Berlin, 1916, p. 8.

"Why not admit what is and must be the truth, namely, that between Berlin and Vienna everything was jointly prepared? We should be mere slaves, unworthy of the men who achieved Prussian predominance in Germany, we should be like Duncan's sleeping grooms in Macbeth, if, fifty years after Koniggratz, things could be otherwise."—Maximilian Harden in "Die Zukunft," August 1, 1914.

"The possession of a really good Phonograph is becoming as popular and necessary in its province as the possession of a piano or automobile."—Westchester Musical News.

CULTIVATE A FELLOWSHIP

with all that is best in music. The wonderful heritage that has been left to us by all the great music masters of the past—who have left behind them such mementoes of their art that their contributions to the world of art will never die—to say nothing of the innumerable inspiring and elevating productions of the later and present-day musical geniuses, are within the reach of everyone, and the best way of cultivating this musical fellowship is through the medium of music's re-creation on

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If You Can't Ride, Walk In Maynard's Shoes

They are easy and the price is right.
We are giving specials for Friday. See window.

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The First Crate of Gordon Head Strawberries Will Be Raffled on Monday Next, for the Benefit of

The Red Cross

Tickets on Sale at Ross', 25c Each

LOCAL NEW LAID EGGS, guaranteed, per doz. 45¢, by the case, per doz. 43c

Hanson's Junket, per pkt. ..... 10c | Bird's Custard Powder, 2 pkts. 35c

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S PURE JAM, 2-lb. glass jars 40c

Cox's Gelatine, 2 pkts. for ..... 25c | Shirriff's Jelly Powders 4 for 25c

"DIXI" CEYLON TEA, per lb. 40¢, ... 3 lbs. for $1.10

Pacific Milk, large cans ..... 10c | Fry's or Epp's Pure Cocoa, per ½-lb. tin 25c

WELCH'S GRAPE JUICE, per bottle 25¢, and 50c

Phone or Mail Orders Receive Special Attention — **DIXI ROSS'** — Phones 50, 51, 52, 53 Liquor 53

"Quality Grocers," 1317 Government St.

AMERICA FIGHTS FOR OLD CAUSE

Continued on Page 5.

the rest is that this is a people's war, a war of freedom and justice and self-government amongst all the nations of the world, a war to make the world safe for the peoples who live upon it and have made it their own, the German people themselves included, and that with us rests the choice to break through all these hypocrisies and cheats and masks of brute force and help set the world free, or else stand aside and let it be dominated for long ages by sheer weight of arms and the arbitrary choices of self-constituted masters, by the nation which can maintain the biggest army and the most irresistible armaments—a power to which the world has afforded no parallel and in the face of which political freedom would have to wither and perish.

"For us there is but one choice. We have made it. Woe to the man or group of men that seeks to stand in our way in this day of high resolution, when every principle we hold dearest is to be vindicated and made secure for the salvation of the nations. We are ready to plead at the bar of history and our flag shall wear a new lustre. Once more we shall make good with our lives and fortunes the great faith to which we were born and a new glory shall shine in the face of our people."

Thamesville Elevators Burned

THAMESVILLE, Ont., June 14.—Fire, entailing an estimated damage of $20,000, totally destroyed two big grain elevators here yesterday, the property of J. B. Stringer Company, of Chatham, and Syer & Son of Thamesville. The elevators contained about 1,500 bushels of wheat.

Get Your Share of Dollar Bargains

Seabrook Young
623-625 Johnson Street

Boys' Jerseys, all sizes, $1.00
Women's Sweaters, reg. $3.50, for $2.00
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Middies, 50c, 75c and ... $1.00
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Visit Our Store and See Hundreds of Dollar Lines

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Canadian Officers Recovering

MONTREAL, June 14.—The Gazette's London correspondent cables that Col. Ford, assistant medical director of one of the Canadian divisions at the front, who was a sufferer from a chance shell and was reported killed, is progressing favorably. Col. Templeton's injury, sustained at the same time, is slight. Col. Ford comes from Lunenburg, N.S.

Treaties of Allied Powers

PETROGRAD, June 14.—The Cabinet has decided to suggest a conference with the Allies to examine the various treaties among the several Allied powers.

SAY SMOKE MENACE IS ONLY MINOR EVIL

Board of Trade Will Recommend City Council to Abandon Its By-Law — Would Close Down Industries.

The Smoke Nuisance By-law, which has been before the City Council for several weeks, was strongly condemned by the Board of Trade yesterday afternoon. On the ground that such an ordinance, if passed, would seriously interfere with the operation of the city's industrial plants, the board decided to recommend the Mayor and aldermen to abandon the by-law entirely, but to further investigate the facilities utilized elsewhere to abate the effluvia nuisance.

Mr. W. J. Shortt, as chairman of a special committee, composed of himself and Messrs. H. H. Jones and R. W. Perry, told of the tour of investigation which the three had made early in the week into the smoke-swept areas of the city. He referred with irony to the by-law.

"This by-law is scarcely broad enough," he said. "Why, it might be much more stringent. If this goes through, we might go further and make it illegal to do business except between 12 and 1 o'clock. We might have the post office close at 3, have all delivery wagons fitted with only rubber tires, and make it unlawful for steamers to blow their whistles on entering the harbor. This smoke by-law would have the effect of closing down only 50 per cent of our industries."

Lawns Were Clean

"We went over the whole neighborhood supposed to be affected by the smoke menace," continued Mr. Shortt. "We were told that if we rubbed our hands on the lawns they would be covered with soot. We did so, but noticed no difference, and our hands were fairly clean when we started out. We were told that vegetation was ruined, but I think the real cause was aphis in the majority of cases. Some women we visited said they had to do their washing twice sometimes, not often, but occasionally."

Mr. Shortt added that the lumber mills, supposed to be the cause of the trouble, had been visited. In his opinion, they could do no harm, as no large cinders could escape from chimneys covered with quarter-inch mesh. What did escape to some extent was burnt sawdust from the refuse burners. He produced a sample of the dust.

"I would suggest," concluded Mr. Shortt, "that no by-law should be passed along the lines of the Smoke Nuisance document unless the city first employs an expert to investigate, but by no means should the by-law now before the Council be adopted."

"No doubt, the people have some grievance," said Mr. R. W. Perry, "but they must be prepared to endure inconvenience if the city is to have industries. In my opinion, the mill men are doing all in their power to remedy conditions. Someone actually told us that he considered our shipyards an eyesore. We should be proud of our smokestacks. If we had more of them it would do Victoria a lot of good."

Sympathies With Aldermen

Mr. W. E. Nachtrieb thought the aldermen had done rightly in taking cognizance of the petitions drawn up by citizens and in accordance drafting a by-law to deal with the smoke situation and they should not be criticized for their action. As far as running industries without smoke was concerned, the proposition was impossible until some scientific process was worked out to make use of the smoke. He knew of a contrivance just being worked out here that would soon turn smoke into profits by creating by-products out of it.

That the people interviewed by him expressed a preference to enduring the inconvenience caused by smoke rather than putting men out of work, was the finding of Mr. H. H. Jones. The by-law now before the City Council, he thought, would have the effect of closing down all industries, every mill and industrial plant in the city. It would even cause The Colonist to discontinue publication, he added.

Alderman Andros said he had been opposed to the by-law from the start. The Council had never given the consideration it deserved. There was much to be said on both sides of the controversy, and he felt that the millowners should use every effort towards abating the nuisance.

Mr. J. O. Cameron mentioned that the Cameron Mills were endeavoring to improve the situation as far as possible. Dougle screens had been installed in the chimneys and he believed that nothing now was able to escape them that would do any serious harm. Ten to twenty tons of refuse were each day thrown into the burners, and it was only natural that a few cinders should get out, although a new system was being worked out which might prove advantageous. The same amount of smoke and soot had been in the air here for the past ten years. In the days when there was no pavement the dust from the roads made it unnoticeable.

The formal resolution to recommend the City Council to withdraw the Smoke Nuisance By-law was moved by Mr. Shortt and supported by Mr. William Agnew.

POSITION OPEN FOR RETURNED SOLDIER

The post of chief of police of Cumberland, Vancouver Island, is open and it is proposed to fill the vacancy with a returned soldier, if possible.

In this regard Mayor T. E. Bate, of Cumberland has written to the Victoria Patriotic Aid Society asking its aid in finding a suitable man for the post and requesting that returned soldiers be asked to communicate with him immediately. The mayor's letter follows:

"The police commissioners here are calling for application for chief of police for this city—and I very much wish to have one or more returned soldires apply (married men preferred.) I think I am safe in saying that if a returned soldier who has actually been to the front and done his best for our King and Country applies he will get the position.

"I trust you will endeavor to get in touch with one or more and get applications sent in to me within the next ten days."

No need to be without a reliable watch now a high grade 7-jewel movement, in dust-proof case, can be purchased for $5 at Haynes, 1124 Government Street.

SHOULD GO OVERSEAS OR DISCARD KHAKI

Campaign Launched Against Stay-at-Home Soldiers Who "Draw Salaries, Look Pretty and Do Nothing."

Soldiers of all ranks holding staff or clerical positions in British Columbia, and who have apparently no intention of ever going to the front, will be weeded out, if the representations forwarded to Ottawa yesterday by the Board of Trade have any effect with the Department of Militia and Defence. The board maintains that such men should be given the alternative of going overseas or re-entering civil life again.

Mr. Joshua Kingham, who brought the matter before the Board of Trade for the first time at the council meeting last week, was the father of the following motion, which was seconded by Mr. R. W. Perry and adopted yesterday afternoon by the monthly meeting without a dissenting voice:

"Resolved, that the Victoria, British Columbia, Board of Trade, goes on record in support of the following recommendations to the Minister of Militia and Defence:

"That an inventory of the man power now on the payroll of Military District No. 11 be taken for the purpose of ascertaining what percentage of officers, non-commissioned officers and men are engaged in executive clerical capacities who possess the necessary physical fitness for duty overseas.

"That all those who show no desire to go overseas be requested to choose between that or return to civilian life.

"That all executive offices be filled by men of equivalent rank who have fought in any of the war theatres."

Copies of the resolution were dispatched last night by cable to the Minister of Militia and Defence, Mr. G. H. Barnard, M.P., and the G.O.C. Military District No. 11, Brig.-Gen. R. G. E. Leckie, C.M.G.

Condition Long Existent

"I think that this speaks for itself," said Mr. Kingham, in introducing the motion. "The conditions which it seeks to abolish have existed here since the first rumbles of war, and I think it is full time that the matter should be given attention by such an organization as the Board of Trade."

Messrs. J. L. Beckwith and C. T. Cross emphasized that the resolution should not be taken to apply to officers of the regular forces, many of whom had time and again applied for duty overseas, but were refused on the ground that their services at home were of more value to the country.

"I am heartily in accord with this movement," declared Col. the Hon. E. G. Prior, "because I realize that there are plenty of soldiers here who are perfectly fit to go, but who have shown a deliberate determination to stay at home. To my mind, the men of that class are worse than those who won't volunteer, because they fill places that could be taken by better men. This should not be taken as any reflection on the administration of this particular military district. The same condition probably exists throughout the Dominion."

"I think we might change the wording a little," suggested Alderman Andros, "to bring out the point that these stay-at-home officers are drawing big salaries, looking pretty and doing nothing."

"GIVE A LIFT" AND AID RED CROSS

Suggestion Made That Red Cross Boxes Should Be Carried by Owners of Private Motor Cars

During the stoppage of the street car service, it is suggested that owners of private motor cars who are driving to business in the morning, making a round trip at lunch time, and returning in the evening, should get a Red Cross box from the Temple Building, and give all those to whom they give a lift an opportunity to contribute five cents or more to the Red Cross funds.

The first car to start this, No. 4, took 35 cents returning from lunch on Thursday.

The Red Cross will supply boxes to all responsible applicants, feeling that this is a good opportunity to benefit the Red Cross and at the same time help the public out of a difficulty.

There being a shortage of transportation, it is not expected there will be any objection, so long as gross contributions are handed to the Red Cross.

Congregationals' Team

The following team is announced to represent the Congregationals in their match against the Albion C.C. tomorrow at Beacon Hill: J. Lomas, W. Speak, C. Speak, A. J. Collett, Silburn, Austin, Fuller, Ferris, Eason, Cull and Howland. Reserves, Sampson and Moulton.



A Good Example

is set by the people who take proper care of their teeth.

Never neglect to give your teeth a thorough antiseptic cleansing every day with

Calvert's Carbolic Tooth Powder

Your Druggist sells it—25c. a box.
F. C. CALVERT & CO.
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349, Dorchester House West, Montreal.

MR. BREWER APPOINTED AS DISTRICT ENGINEER

Well-Known Expert Is Placed in Charge of the Western Division Created Under Mineral Survey Act.

Mr. William M. Brewer, one of the best known mining engineers of British Columbia and for the past four years associated with the Provincial Mineralogist's Department as reporting engineer, has been appointed to the position of district mining engineer of the Western mineral survey district, one of the six districts into which the Province has been divided by the Mineral Survey Act, the new mining act passed at the present session of the Legislature. Mr. Brewer's district will include the old mining divisions of Nanaimo, Alberni, Clayoquot, Quatsino, Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster, with headquarters at Nanaimo. Formal announcement of the appointment is made in The Provincial Gazette.

For the past twenty years Mr. Brewer has been closely identified with the mining industry of British Columbia and he has reported upon practically every important property in the Province. Probably he is one of the best posted men on the mineral resources and development of British Columbia, and his reports have always carried great weight with those interested in the mining industry. He left yesterday for Nanaimo, where he will arrange for the taking over of his new office.

Mr. Brewer's appointment is the second to be made by the Government to fill the offices of district mining engineers and carry out the provisions of the new Mineral Survey Act. Mr. John D. Galloway, also formerly connected with the Mines Department, was recently appointed to the Northwestern mineral survey district with headquarters at Hazelton. Further appointments will shortly be made.

Messrs. William H. Kelly and George H. Hill have been named collectors under the Poll Tax Act and special collectors under the Taxation Act for the Vancouver assessment district, and Mr. Alexander Forrester to fill a similar position for the Nanaimo district.

Messrs. James Nelson Rogers, of Victoria, and Charles R. Stewart, of Prince Rupert, have been appointed Provincial constables and fisheries overseers for duty on the Skeena and Naas Rivers, respectively.

The following have been appointed notaries public: Messrs. Frank E. Claydon and Albert H. Young, of Vancouver; Frank S. Cunliffe, of Nanaimo, and Frederick M. Becher, of Riske Creek, County of Cariboo.

Other appointments gazetted are: To be justices of the peace, Major Harold St. J. Montizambert, of Vancouver, officer commanding the forestry depot, and William C. Cameron, of Stewart, County of Atlin. Mr. John Bulman, of Golden, is named assessor and mining recorder for the Golden assessment district, and Mr. Oscar Jacobson, of Trout Lake, to similar offices for the Trout Lake and Ainsworth mining divisions. Dr. W. Turley Brookes, of Ladysmith, and Dr. D. H. McKay, of Chilliwack, are appointed assistant veterinary inspectors.

GARDEN FETE WAS PICTURESQUE EVENT

Government House Party Under Auspices of I. O. D. E. Field Comforts Committee Well Attended.

Despite the total suspension of traffic on the street car lines yesterday, there was an attendance of nearly 500 people at the garden fete held at Government House by the courtesy of the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Barnard. The function was held under the auspices of the I.O.D.E. Field Comforts Committee, in aid of its wool fund, and as a result a very substantial amount is thought to have been realized for the purpose of sending socks and comforts to the soldiers at the front.

The fete was favored by glorious sunshine and ideal Summer weather and had the patronage of the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Barnard, Vice-Admiral and Mrs. Story, Brigadier-General R. G. E. Leckie, C.M.G., G.O.C. of this military district, Major Moore and the officers of Work Point Barracks, Col. Angus and the officers of the Fifth Regiment, Mrs. Henry Croft, president of the Provincial Chapter, I.O.D.E., and Mrs. James Dunsmuir.

An enjoyable feature of the fete was the programme of band music provided by the popular band of the Fifth Regiment under the direction of its able bandmaster, Mr. W. J. Smith.

Entertainment Features

Among the numerous attractive features arranged by the committee of energetic ladies, for the entertainment of those in attendance, probably the Maypole Dance and the other old English dances were paramount in their popularity. Those pretty dances were performed under the direction of Mrs. George Simpson, whose ability in this form of entertainment is well recognized. In the old English dances, Mrs. A. Gonnason and Mrs. G. Ozard, wearing picturesque crinoline dresses, had as their vis-a-vis Miss Stirton and Mrs. Webster.

Occupying a central place on one of the large lawns was the high beribboned pole erected for the picturesque and ever-popular Maypole dance, performed by Miss Queenie Ball and the following young girls as her attendants: The Sundowers were the Misses Helen Richardson, Mabel Winterburn, Ethel Brown, Moreen McGimsie, Anna Miller, Julia and Mary Kick, Kathleen Knapton and Anna Miller. The other flowers were the Misses Olive Acton, Nita Wrigiesworth, Helen Elliott, Dorothy Thompson, Nettie and Albertina Miller, Shirleigh Sharpe, Arles Fletcher, Peggy Ditchburn, Helen Cameron, Audrey Lees, Dorothy Gosh, Phyllis Press and Audrey Johnson. Miss Queenie Ball also performed a graceful butterfly dance, and in the procession that wended its way through the grounds at the conclusion of this feature, the four little heralds in picturesque heralds' costumes were Marjorie Gibbons and Masters Cowper Newbury, Paul Doe and Archie Clarke. This attractive feature was warmly applauded by the crowd which thronged both sides of the driveway as the procession passed by.

For those who felt athletically inclined the tennis court provided an opportunity for a series of short games, as did also the marked off spaces for clock golf, croquet and bowling. The tennis games were arranged and conducted by Miss Neame, the croquet was in charge of Mrs. Hebden Gillespie, and the bowling games were supervised by Mrs. Lampman. Miss Sorby and Mrs. Willis Dean, of the Lady Douglas Chapter, conducted the game of clock golf at which many tried their luck.

Indoors in the drawing rooms aglow with the season's flowers, a bridge tournament was held, for which many attractive prizes were arranged.

Pretty Booths of Chapters

Dotted here and there over the magnificent grounds were numerous attractively arranged booths in charge of the various chapters. These arrangements were carried out under the convenership of Mrs. Cecil Cookson and Mrs. Belson, assisted by Mrs. Macfarlane, Mrs. Colpman, Mrs. Mortimer Appleby, Mrs. Angus, Mrs. Chas. F. Gardiner, Miss Belson, Miss Sorby, Miss Thain and Miss Fell.

The flower stall conducted by Mrs. Hugo Beaven was a veritable bower of beauty, and the following ladies of the Gonsales Chapter were able assistants: Mrs. H. R. Beaven, and the Misses Pitts, Dorris and Isabel Wilson, Bessie Jones, Davida Ker, Kittie Campbell, Polly and Phyllis Luxton, Marion Robertsos, A. Pooley, Cox, Burton, Neame MacPhillips, Irvine, Helmcken, and Tweedale. Miss Kathleen Wright had charge of Jackal, a big husky dog from the Yukon, conducted a big business selling bouquets and boutinnieres.

In the pretty Summer house on the main lawn, tea was served by Mrs. C. F. Gardiner, of the Florence Nightingale Chapter, who was ably assisted by Mrs. F Errington, Mrs. Genn, Mrs. Harvey, Mrs. C. MacAdam, Miss Thain, Miss Scott, and young ladies of the Willows Camp Chapter.

The Agnes Deans Cameron Chapter had a miniature market stall, an effective feature of its arrangements being the wheelbarrow covered with seasonable vegetables, and fringed with onions. Here canned fruit, pickles, eggs, and cake sold rapidly.

In the pretty sunken garden, ice cream and cones were disposed of by Mrs. Duncan Ross, regent of the Margaret Rocke Robertson Chapter, and the following members: Misses Belle Hastie, Corrie, G. MacDonald, Sansen, Ruth Taylor, L. MacDonald, and Dinsdale.

Under the shade of the tall trees, the Camosun Chapter had a "Generous Goose," which provided considerable entertainment for both young and old. The regent, Mrs. Andrew Wright, was assisted by Miss Bruce, Miss Fell, and Mrs. Myles.

Mrs. Mortimer Appleby, of the Navy League Chapter, assisted by Mrs. Bruce Powley, Mrs. J. Gordon Smith, Mrs. Ford Verrinder, Mrs. Charles Moore, Mrs. Birch-Kelly, and Miss Tobin, dispensed the prizes won in the Spinning Jenny contest.

At the attractively-arranged candy stall conducted by the Willows Camp Chapter, a flourishing business was done by Miss Thomson, assisted by the Misses McEachern, Gwenneth Lewis, Dolly Smith, Clare Belson, Doris Aitkins, Hilda Fleming, Jean Cameron, Beth Harvey, Marjorie Campbell, and Grace Simpson, who sold dainty baskets of sweets to many eager patrons.

Jitney Service a Big Aid

It was owing to the resourcefulness of Miss Mara and Miss FitzGibbon, who organized a special jitney service, in the contingency arising from the suspension of street car traffic, that the attendance at the garden fete did not suffer greatly by the inability of the patrons to reach the scene of the function.

Throughout the afternoon a number of cars plied busily to and fro, and as their services as well as their cars were placed voluntarily at the disposal of the passengers, and no regular fee could be charged, the passengers gladly took advantage of the opportunity to place contributions which, with the general proceeds, will swell the wool funds of the Field Comforts department of the I.O.D.E.

Among those who donated their services in jitney service were: Mesdames J. Fletcher, Bowser, A. C. Burdick, N. T. Burdick, Sampson, A. Piggott, Edwards, Crowe, Belson, J. Wilson, and Buchanan, the Misses Lovell, Mara, G. Jones, O. Irving, G. Peters, and Messrs. Marshall.

Dollar Day Bargains

In Summer Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Sweaters, Millinery, Muslin Underwear, Corsets, Neckwear, Hosiery, and a host of other articles in Women's Wearing Apparel

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Phone 1404 **FINCHS** LIMITED Yates Street

Satisfaction Unconditionally Guaranteed

STRIKE

At the

People's Groceteria

We Will Continue to Strike at the High Cost of Living

In the past **our striking** has been of some account, for Quality Goods are sold here at minimum cost, and with your co-operation we will **keep on striking** at high prices, and reduce the cost of living to the lowest possible limit.

Some Cash and Carry Prices

Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs. $1.88
Local New-Laid Eggs, per dozen ..... 44¢
Finest Fresh Grass Butter, per lb. ..... 47¢
3 lbs. $1.37
Royalite Coal Oil, per tin $1.28
Prime Ribs of Beef, per lb. ..... 23¢
Sirloin Steaks and Roasts, per lb. ..... 27¢
Boneless Rolled Roasts of Beef, per lb. 22c and ..... 20¢
Fresh Live Cod, per lb. ..... 8¢
Cod Fillets, per lb. ..... 12½¢
Fresh Halibut, per lb. ..... 15¢
Juicy Oranges, per dozen ..... 16¢
Large No. 1 Lemons, per dozen ..... 18¢

Co-operate With

The People's Groceteria

749-751 YATES STREET

Satisfaction Unconditionally Guaranteed

Dollar Day

You Can Count on a Good Square Meal — Reasonable

IF YOU CALL AT THIS STORE—AND IT'S DELIVERED PROMPTLY

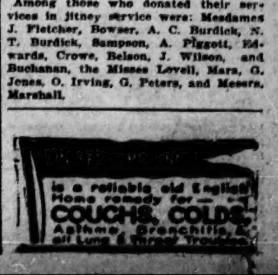
It is a hard thing under present conditions to give finer prices than we have been quoting, but to show you that our heart is in the right place we intend to give you a real bargain today. Husbands will read this aloud to their wives:

Legs of Mutton 29c
Forequarters Mutton, 25c
Mutton Stew 20c
Rolled Roasts of Beef, 20c
Pot Roasts of Beef..18c
Boiling Beef, 15c and 18c

Boneless Stew 18c
Beef Sausage 15c
Minced Beef 15c
Whale 10c
Our Own Ranch Eggs, per doz. 45c

Don't Forget We Deliver to All Parts of the City
We Have Lots of Green Stuff, Vegetables and Fruit. Phone Us.

New England Market
TWO STORES
1220 Government Street — 1308 Gladstone Avenue
J. W. GILLIS & CO.



Scurrah's
LIMITED
Correct Hats and Garments for Women
728 YATES STREET — PHONE 3983

Dollars Do Double Duty at Scurrah's Today

Come with the early morning throng of Dollar Day shoppers and have first pick of the values listed below.

Blouses—Silk and voile blouses in white or black and white. Large hemstitched collars and cuffs. Regular at $1.50. Dollar Day $1.00

Better Blouses, 18 only, silk, lace, net, Georgette and chiffon. Lovely styles. Regular to $12.50. Dollar Day, $7.50

Wash Skirts, Horrockses' rep, plain or with yokes and pockets. Regular $1.25 to $1.65. Dollar Day $1.00

Hats—Trimmed Millinery in both large and small designs. Reg. to $8.50. Dollar Day at $3.95

Straw and Braid, big variety of colors to choose from. Prices, Regular $1.25 per bolt, at 2 for $1.00
Regular $1.50 and $1.75, at 1 for $1.00

White Veilings, reg. at 50c per yard, Dollar Day half price, at ....25¢

Underskits, fine quality sateen with deep ruffles, all shades. Reg. $1.50 and $1.75. Dollar Day $1.00

Underskirts, brocaded sateen and satin, limited number only. Reg. to $4.00. Dollar Day, for $1.25

Separate Skirts, navy or black serge, and a choice assortment of styles. Reg. to $14.50. Dollar Day $8.50

Sport Coats, in coverts, black and white checks and novelty weaves. Loose back and belted styles. Reg. to $17.50. Dollar Day $9.50

Sport Coats, in black and white checks, corduroys and white polo cloths. Reg. to $20. Dollar Day, $12.50

Afternoon Gowns, exquisite designs in satin, crepe de Chine and taffeta. Reg. at $23.50. Dollar Day $14.75

Wool Sweaters, good assortment of shades. Reg. at $7.50. Dollar Day ..$5.00

Cashmere Sweaters, smart shades, with self on contrasting collars and cuffs. Reg. $12.50. Dollar Day, $7.50

1/3 Off Any Silk or Cloth Suit in Our Entire Stock

Pound Party at Protestant Orphanage Today

Kirkham's Week-End Grocery Bulletin

Prices of Interest to All Cash Buyers
Fresh Fish and Meat Dept. Phone 5520 and 5521

Fresh Cod Fish. Special, lb.	9¢
Fresh Cod Fillets. Special, lb.	14¢
Kippered Black Cod, lb.	17¢
Rolled Roast Beef, lb.	22¢
Shoulders of Spring Lamb, lb.	32¢
Local Creamery Butter, finest quality, lb.	48¢
3 lbs. for	$1.40
Local New-Laid Eggs, dozen	48¢

Grocery Dept. Phone 178
COMBINATION SPECIAL

1 Packet Monk & Glass Trifle	15c
1 Jar Tea Garden Jam	35c
1 lb. English Breakfast Tea	45c
Value	95c, for 69¢

Morton's Pure Rice Flour, lb.	15¢
Canadian Maple Syrup (Pure), 55c cans for	45¢
Phez Loganberry Juice, small bottles	10¢
Cream of Wheat, package	19¢
Nut Fudge, per lb.	30¢
Lowney's Chocolate Creams, usual 50c lb. Today	34¢
Fresh Assorted Biscuits, usual 30c lb. Today	22¢
Fresh Currant Buns, dozen	13¢

Fresh Fruit Dept. Phone 5521

21 Sunkist Navel Oranges for	25¢
Fresh Comb Honey, 2 for	35¢
New Green Peas, lb.	12¢
Local Hot-House Lettuce, 2 for	5¢

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.
VICTORIA, B.C. — DUNCAN, B.C.
Phones: Grocery, 178 and 179; Fish and Provisions, 5520; Delivery, 5522; Meat, 5521

Have You Tried Our Macaroni Yet?
If not, why not? It's the best. 15c per lb. brand and 2 lbs. for 25c brand. This is real Macaroni
Italian Grocer
Cor. Government and Cormorant Sts. — Phone 5040

DISTRICT ORDERS

District orders issued from headquarters at Work Point yesterday mention the following changes:

The following transfers are hereby authorised:

No. 836294, C.Q.M.S. Frederick James S. King, from the 143rd Batt., C.E.F., to the 88th Batt., C.D.F., for the purpose of pay and discharge.

No. 339323, Evelyn Ree Townley, from 68th O.S. Depot Field Battery to the Signal Training Depot, Ottawa, with effect from 23:5:17.

No. 2004059, Cpl. G. P. Butcher, from "J" Unit, M.H.C.C. to No. 11 Special Service Company, with effect from 11:6:17.

No. 3025174, Pte. Richard Simpson, from the 50th Regt. O.S. Draft to the Forestry Depot, C.E.F., with effect from 17:5:17.

District Order No. 273, dated 8th June, 1917, in so far as it concerns No. 2213501, Sergt. R. J. Grant, is hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned men of the 68th O.S. Depot Field Battery are hereby transferred to No. 11 Special Service Company, with effect from 1st June, 1917: 339488, Gnr. Edward Menzies; 339360, Gnr. Robert Gordon Lockie; 339639, Gnr. Russell B. Solloway; 339-393, Gnr. Patrick T. Ryan; 339672, Gnr. Frederick H. Salder; 339354, Gnr. Robt. J. Fowler; 339390, Gnr. Thomas A. Park; 339490, Gnr. Hollis H. Reid; 339-516, Gnr. Bernard H. [illegible]; 339410, Gnr. Thomas E. [illegible]; 339654, Gnr. [illegible]; 339493, Driver Alfred Bates; 339362, Driver Reginald A. Eckersley; 339423, Driver Albert W. Mahoney; 339-444; Driver John Lawe; 339443, Driver Harry Locke; 339656, Driver Daney Mitchell; 339539, Wheeler Edgar S. Disney.

The following overseas units, C.E.F., will be moved from their present headquarters to Hastings Park, Vancouver, on the 15th instant, where they will be quartered for purposes of administration and training: The overseas companies, C.E.F., of the 6th, 11th, 72nd, and 104th Battalions, C.D.F., and the overseas platoon, C.E.F., of the 196th Batt., C.E.F.

Re Transfers

It is notified for the information of all concerned that in the future no men are to be transferred to or recruited for any unit or draft proceeding overseas, after the fourth day previous to leaving its depot.

This action is taken in order that the Inspector of Pay Accounts and Records for each District may be able to see that all documents are properly made out.

The question as to whether or not men of the Active Militia (non-permanent) on home guard duty, etc., are entitled to an issue of civilian clothing on discharge, or to the allowance in lieu, has come up for a ruling, say yesterday's district orders. It is to be noted that the Department has now decided that neither issue of civilian clothing nor that the allowance in lieu thereof is to be paid.

HAPPENINGS IN BRIEF

Named Poundkeeper—Mr. Edward N. McBeth, of Fairview, has been gazetted as poundkeeper of the Fairview and Hume district of the city of Nelson in succession of Mr. James Reid.

Appointed Attorney—Mr. Alfred A. Plummer, of Vancouver, has been appointed attorney in British Columbia of the Prudential Trust Company, Limited, in the place of Mr. F. B. Pemberton, of Victoria.

Farmers' Institute—Notice is given in The Provincial Gazette of the organization of the Coquitlam Farmers' Institute and the Burquitlam Agricultural Association and of the Nanaimo Cedar Farmers' Institute and the Nanaimo Agricultural Association.

Inquest Today — The inquest on the body of Robert W. Bagg, who committed suicide on Wednesday night at his rooming house at 817 Fort Street by swallowing a quantity of carbolic acid, will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Court Cautions Women—In the police court yesterday two women were charged with being drunk. One was dismissed with a caution and the other was remanded until today with the privilege of returning at once to her home in Vancouver.

Case Is Remanded—In order that he may have time in which to procure the evidence of a certain witness, the charge brought in the police court against Robert Peden of having harbored a vicious dog, will stand over for hearing until next week.

Court of Appeal—The Court of Appeal was adjourned yesterday morning until June 29 at 3 o'clock, when judgment will be handed down in several of the cases brought before it at the recent sittings.

Wed in Victoria—Of late there has been a decided revival in marriages here between young couples from the United States side of the boundary. Within the past two or three weeks a number of residents of the State of Washington have come over to Victoria and been wedded. In consequence Sheriff Richards, who, in his capacity of issuer of marriage licences, performs the part of the good angel for the matrimonially inclined, is much in demand.

Allowed Two Weeks—In the Supreme Court yesterday the application of the Michigan Trust Company vs. the Canadian Puget Sound Lumber Company in a foreclosure action, the question of disposing of part of the assets of the defendant company to satisfy certain outstanding liabilities was laid over for two weeks in order that Mr. Luxton, K.C., might get in touch with the bondholders to see if they will put up the money to meet the claims and thus save the sale of part of the company's assets.

Cabinet Changes Gazetted — Formal notice is given in the current week's Provincial Gazette of the appointment to the office of president of the executive council of Premier Brewster and of Hon. John Hart to the portfolio of Minister of Finance and to be a member of the executive council. The proclamation fixing the date of the by-election here for June 22 is also published in The Gazette and the appointment of Mr. E. J. Bawden as returning officer for such election. Nominations are fixed for June 20.

Declines Invitation—Brigadier-General R. G. E. Leckie, G. O. C., M. D. No. 11, declined the invitation to address the Board of Trade yesterday afternoon, because he did not think that the present, in view of the unsettled state of public opinion, was an opportune time to give his opinion on the question of conscriptio, which was to be the principal topic before the meeting. President James Forman reported, however, that the general had stated his willingness to speak before the board at some future ocasion.

Esquimalt War Shrine—A public meeting will be held in the Rex Theatre, Esquimalt, next Tuesday evening, beginning at 8 o'clock, to discuss the proposal to erect a shrine in commemoration of Esquimalt soldiers and sailors who have served in the present war. Reeve Coles will be in the chair. One of the purposes of the meeting is to secure names of those who should be included in the rolls of honor to be inscribed on the shrine's panels. It is intended to place the tablet in the churchyard of St. Paul's Naval and Garrison Church.

Board Offers Services—President James Forman informed the general meeting of the Board of Trade, yesterday, that he had interviewed both parties in the local street railway strike, and had offered them whatever assistance the board might give towards bringing about a settlement. The Board of Trade, he said, would not intrude unless it might be of actual use in solving the present difficulties. Mr. Forman stated that leaders of the strikers and representatives of the B. C. Electric Railway had both expressed their thanks at the board's offer.

Cyclists Injured—While attempting to avoid a collision with a motor car, George Harding turned his motor cycle into the curb on Lillian Street yesterday afternoon, and he and his companion, Alfred Thomas, who was riding behind, were thrown violently to the sidewalk, Harding being rendered unconscious, in which condition he was brought to police headquarters by Constable Adamson. There he was attended by Dr. Bechtel and revived. Later both men were taken in the police patrol to their respective homes. Harding suffered severe contusions to the back and shoulders. Thomas escaped with a pair of scratched knees.

Commission Reaches England — Premier Brewster yesterday morning received a cable from Mr. David Whiteside, Liberal member for New Westminster and chairman of the commission appointed at the last Legislature to investigate the alleged irregularities in the taking of the overseas soldier vote on the prohibition referendum, that the commission has reached England safely. The commission, which also includes Mr. F. A. Pauline, Saanich, and Mr. C. F. Nelson, Slocan, Liberal members, will hold its first session at B.C. House, London, probably next week. It expects to be back in Victoria by August 1.

New Companies—New company incorporations, all with headquarters at Vancouver, are announced in the current week's Gazette as follows: Aspen Grove Mining Company, Limited, capital $120,000; The Edenbank Trading Company, Limited, capital $20,000; The Vancouver Chinese Public School, the directors of which are. President, Tsang Sak Chuan; secretary, Chin Won Cheng; treasurer, Ham Yow, and directors, Yip Kew Him and Yee Quon. Western Canada Shipyards, Limited, capital, $30,000; Lumber Products, Limited, capital, $45,000; A. A. Plumber Company, Limited, capital $25,000; Undine Logging Company, Limited, capital, $10,000.

Excursion to West Coast—The Board of Trade at its monthly meeting, yesterday, was informed by Secretary Elworthy that so far ten reservations had been made for the proposed businessmen's excursion to the West Coast and Quatsino Sound, which will be held on the Princess Maquinna, beginning on July 4, and last four or five days. Information concerning the twenty-six points to be visited was submitted to the meeting by Purser A. N. Taylor. Among the places where stovovers are to be made are Port Renfrew, Carmanah, Clo-oose, Pachena, Bamfield, Uchucklesit, Port Alberni, Sechart, Ucluelet, Tofino, Clayoquot, Sydney Inlet, Hesquiat, Nootka Village, Nootka Wharf, Ehatesat, Centre Island, Kyukot whaling station, Kyuquot Village, Winter Harbor, Quiet Cove, Quatsino, Yreka, June Landing, and Port Alice. Quite a number of members signified their intention of makig the trip.

Pound Party Today—The committee of the Protestant Orphanage has completed the final arrangements for the pound party to be held today between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock. This is one of the occasions on which the public will be enabled to show its appreciation of a deserving charity, and the committee has expressed the hope that that appreciation will take tangible form in many pounds being placed on the long tables ready for the useful things so necessary for the welfare of the little ones in the home. This year the need is pressing, and nothing will come amiss. Today when planning your orders remember to add an item to be sent to the Orphans' Home; and do not let your interest end there, come yourself and personally inspect the home and the management. This cordial invitation is extended by the committee of ladies so active in the welfare of the institution. By kind permission of Col. Angus, the Fifth Regiment Band will provide a programme of music which will ensure an enjoyable afternoon.

WOMEN'S BACKS BEAR THE BURDEN

"Campaigns of thrift," "Speeding up for production," and other present day slogans have influenced the women of Canada quite as much, and indeed in some quarters more, than the men.

How many thousands of women everywhere who always kept a "maid" are now doing their own housework to release another pair of hands for the munition factory. Other thousands of young girls who formerly did not find it necessary to offer their services for hire are doing effective work in the munition factories, stores and elsewhere.

This change of work, or the undertaking of new duties, has found the weak spot in the armour. We hear women say so often now-a-days, "If it weren't for my back I could stand the work fine." The reason for that sore back is the kidneys and nothing else. The remedy is Gin Pills. Just try one box and see how soon the pain in the back is relieved, and tired, swollen joints in the hands and feet are reduced. 50

Constipation is the usual running mate with Kidney and Bladder Trouble—Gin Pills will relieve both in short order. If not we refund your money. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Linne left yesterday for Portland, Oregon, where she will spend several days visiting friends. She will also attend the annual Rose Carnival.

Mr. A. T. Goward, of this city, who has been visiting in Vancouver for the past few days, has returned home.

Mr. John A. Langlands, one of Calgary's well-known business men, is visiting Coast cities.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Anderson arrived in the city from Vancouver and will spend some time visiting friends.

Mr. J. N. Miller is now in Victoria, having come from Seattle to take the position of superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company for the Island. He is accompanied by Mrs. Miller.

Mr. John Arbuthnot, of Rockland Avenue, will be leaving for New York shortly, but will not be accompanied by Miss Arbuthnot, who intends to pass the Summer visiting friends on the Coast. At the present time she is staying for a few days in Vancouver, being the guest of Mrs. J. J. Banfield, of that city.

Mrs. Howe Bryden, who has been visiting in Victoria with Mrs. Finlayson for the past two weeks, has returned to her home in Vancouver.

Miss Nellie Van Horn and Miss Virginia Van Horn, of San Francisco, are making an extended visit in Vancouver and Victoria.

Mrs. John Bruce, national secretary, I.O.D.E., who attended the recent convention in Victoria, and who visited at various points en route home, arrived in Toronto this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Moore, of Minneapolis, Minn., who are visitors in the city for a few weeks, have expressed their pleasure in being able to spend their vacation in such delightful surroundings as Victoria and its environs offer to the Summer visitor.

Mrs. T. J. Horrocks and Mrs. J. B. Henderson, of Chicago, are among the visitors spending a few weeks visiting in Victoria and other Coast cities.

Mrs. E. Wilcox, of Victoria, is spending a few weeks visiting with friends in Calgary.

Miss Constance Boulton, of Toronto, who was a visitor in Victoria during the recent convention of the I.O.D.E., is at present a guest at the Fort Garry Hotel en route home.

Mrs. Ivan Easterbrook, of Winnipeg, has arrived in the city to spend a few weeks with friends.

Mrs. J. Ellis announces the engagement of her youngest daughter, Valentine Vaudin, to Mr. Clive Percival, only son of Mr. Lloyd H. Percival, of Hove, Sussex, England. The marriage will take place at St. Barnabas' Church on July 16.

Mr. J. F. Price, of Medicine Hat, Alta., is spending a few days' visit in the city renewing acquaintance with many friends.

Mrs. W. R. Norman, of Winnipeg, is spending a few days visiting friends in this city, and will leave shortly for Seattle and other cities in the United States.

Miss Anthes, who was a delegate to the recent I.O.D.E. convention held in Victoria, is stopping in Winnipeg en route to her home in Toronto, and is at present the guest of Mrs. Archibald E. Wilson.

Mrs. H. Merryfield, of Vancouver, is visiting for a few days with friends in this city.

Miss Edith Dodge, of New Westminster, has arrived in Victoria to spend her Summer vacation visiting relatives.

Mrs. R. H. Kneeland, of Winnipeg, is expected to arrive in the city shortly to spend the Summer months visiting relatives.

Mrs. J. A. Fraser, of Quesnel, and her little son, are visiting relatives in the Oak Bay district.

Mrs. G. Milburn, of Quesnel, and her children, accompanied by Miss Milburn, are visiting the city, and expect to remain here for several months.

Dominion Indian Constable Thomas O'Connell, of Nanaimo, is a visitor in the city on business connected with his department.

THE WEATHER

Meteorological Office, Victoria, B.C., at 8 p.m., June 14, 1917.

SYNOPSIS

The barometer remains high over this Province, and fair weather in general, with temperatures over 80 in Kootenay and from Portland southward to California. Fair moderately warm weather prevails in the Prairie Provinces.

TEMPERATURE

	Min.	Max.
Victoria, B.C.	50	67
Vancouver	54	72
Kamloops	56	80
Barkerville	38	64
Prince Rupert	48	62
Atlin	34	66
Dawson, Y.T.	34	76
Calgary, Alta.	44	80
Winnipeg, Man.	38	62
Portland, Ore.	54	82
San Francisco, Cal.	46	74
Port Arthur	40	54
Penticton	48	79
Nelson	59	81
Cranbrook	37	80
Grand Forks	44	87
Ottawa	58	74
Montreal	66	76
St. John	42	62

THURSDAY

Highest temperature	67
Lowest	50
Average	58
Minimum on grass	48

Bright sunshine, 9 hours 36 minutes.
General state of weather, fair.

A Resigned People.

Russia's leading men seem to be in a resigning mood. A few months ago the Czar resigned, then the Grand Duke Michael and Grand Duke Nicholas, followed by Milyukoff, Brusiloff, and now Commander-in-Chief Alexieff. A little more tenacity would be better.—Calgary Herald.

In the Good Old Days—No Autos, No Picture Shows, Etc., BUT STILL GOOD OLD DAYS; Lots to Eat, BUT WITH THE EXCEPTION THAT GROCERY PRICES WERE UNDER COMBINE CONTROL. Today, War and Fairly High Grocery Prices, but the COMBINE IS KNOCKED OUT. Deal With

COPAS & YOUNG
The One Firm THAT DID THE KNOCKING

Pound Party at the Protestant Orphanage Today. "HELP A LITTLE BIT"

C. & Y. BREAD FLOUR, the best Bread Flour made, per sack	$2.90
NICE CEYLON TEA in bulk, per lb.	35c
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S PURE JAM, Red Currant, Apricot, Plum, Damson or Gooseberry; 2-lb. jar	45c
RED SEAL JAM Per jar	10c
NICE GRAPEFRUIT or ORANGE MARMALADE, 2s, per can	30c
PURE GOLD OR SHIRRIFF'S JELLY POWDER, 4 pkts. for	25c
SWIFT'S PREMIUM HAM, Whole, per lb.	37½c
B.C. or PACIFIC MILK, large can	10c
ANTI-COMBINE COFFEE, fresh ground while you wait, per lb. 40¢ and	35c
NICE HARD SHELL WALNUTS, per lb.	20c
NEW ZEALAND ONIONS, 4 lbs. for	25c
NICE TABLE SALMON, 3 small cans, 25¢; 2 large cans	25c
CLARK'S POTTED MEAT for sandwiches, 4 tins for	25c
OLD COUNTRY SEMOLINA or FAROLA, 2 pkts. for	25c
HANSON'S JUNKET TABLETS, per pkt.	10c

WE SAVE YOU MONEY—NO SPECIALS FOR BAIT
COPAS & YOUNG
Cor. Fort and Broad — ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS — Phones 94 and 95

For Friday's Lunch
Treat the family to one of our Pork or Steak and Kidney Pies. If you are down town shopping, you can take it home with you. It can be served hot or cold—either way it is delicious, and it saves you the bother of cooking when there is shopping to be done.
All Sizes
The Yorkshire Bakery
640 Yates St. Phone 1929

Returned Soldiers
The work of finding suitable occupation for the returned soldier needs your assistance. When you have employment to offer, kindly communicate with
The Secretary,
The Returned Soldiers' Employment Committee
104 Union Bank Building
Telephone No. 3640

Ladies and Gents
We are blocking Straws and Felts every day.
Come and pick your style ... 75¢
Panamas Our Specialty ... $1.00
American Hatters
618 Yates St. Next to Harvey's

Open Daily to the Public for
Breakfast—From 7:30 a.m.
Luncheon—From 12 to 2 p.m.
Afternoon Teas—A specialty
Dinner—From 6 to 7:30 p.m.
The Alexandra Cafe
Entrance on Douglas Street through the tea gardens, and 716 Courtney Street
Charming Dining Room, Excellent Cooking, Moderate Prices
Under management of
MISS KNOX, Late of Mecca Grill

Selling-Out Sale
All Our Working Shirts — Regular price, $1.00 and $1.25. Selling-out price ....65¢
Eight-Ounce Overalls—In black only; the best on the market. Selling-out price $1.25
Dress and Negligee Shirts — Regular $1.50 and $1.75. Selling-out price ....95¢
Nine Dozen Worsted Pants—Regular $2.50. Selling-out price, $1.95
Fine Lisle Sox—In black or brown. Regular 50c. Selling-out price, five pairs for $1.00
Combination and two-piece underwear in all qualities, and a variety of shirts with short sleeves and knee drawers, go at exactly half price.
We also have a fine stock of hats, all at selling-out prices.
Kirk & Dunkley, Ltd.
GENTS' OUTFITTERS — 563 JOHNSON STREET

University School FOR BOYS
Boys Taken From 8 Years of Age and Upwards
Separate and Special Arrangements Made for the Accommodation of Junior Boys
Half Term Commences Friday, June 1, 1917
WARDEN—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.)
HEADMASTER—J. C. Barnacle, Esq. (London Univ.)
For particulars and prospectus apply to the Headmaster.
Mount Tolmie, Victoria, B.C.

Do Your Bit
The Man in the Trenches Depends on Your Promises
Are You Keeping Them
?
Victoria Patriotic Aid Society
Winch Bldg. — Fort Street

Corrig College
Beacon Hill Park, Victoria, B.C.
DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL
Boys Taken From 7 Years at Low Fees
SPECIAL CLASS FOR BEGINNERS
ENTRANCE MONTHLY, 1ST AND 15TH
Fees Moderate and Inclusive
PHONE 768
J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
Principal

The Salvation Army Industrial Store
will be pleased to send to your home for old clothing.
Phone 5673

BEAUTY CULTURE
Never mind "bad times." To feel "ugly" only makes things seem forty times worse!
If your face is disfigured with superfluous hairs, have them removed by electrolysis.
Absolutely permanent cure guaranteed.
MISS HANMAN
Qualified Specialist
[illegible] Campbell Bldg. Phone [illegible]
Before 10 a.m. or after 6 p.m.

Dollar Day Open at 8:30

Today's specials and those advertised in Thursday's Colonist, with hundreds of others, are on sale today. Customers will help us by allowing deliveries to be made on Monday. Come early.

Large Kneading Pans and Two Bread Pans—Dollar Day, $1.00

Large Round Dish Pans—Blue and white. Regular $1.25. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Green Gooseneck — Regular $1.25. Dollar Day $1.00

Rose Sprinklers Regular $1.25 Dollar Day 89c

Rose Sprinklers—Tin lined. Regular $1.25. Dollar Day. $1.00

Hand-Painted China—Value up to $2.00. Dollar Day $1.00

Round Double Roast Pans — Regular $1.25. Dollar Day, each $1.00

HALLIDAY'S

148 Yates Street Next Door Gordons, Limited. Phone 928

We sell for cash and save you money

Hamilton's 6 Patent Light slate Half-gallon Regular $1.90 Each, $1.00

Dollar Day Specials

BARGAINS

Everything in our store, prices cut. 10 per cent cash discount as well.

LEE DYE & CO.

715 View Street, Just Above Douglas Phone 134



MEAL QUESTION

With some it's a simple question; with others it's frequently a big one.

We can suit you all.

The Tea Kettle

MISS M. WOOLDRIDGE

Corner Douglas and View Sts. Phone 4096

The Wood Department

at

Canadian Puget Sound Mill

will promptly fill orders for

Millwood Slabs Kindling, Etc.

Phone 771 or 5000

Imperial Munition's Board

Wooden Shipbuilding Department

Wanted—Ship's carpenters, dubbers, caulkers, riggers, ship's joiners, bandsawyers, powermen, ship's blacksmith's, millwrights, air tool operators, machinists, engineers, hoist runners, shipwrights, house carpenters, bridge carpenters, rigging slingers, ship's painters, plumbers and pipe fitters, laborers, etc.

Application by letter to be made to JOHN DAY, Room 320, Belmont Block, Victoria, B. C.

Personal application to be made from 11 to 4 and 7 to 8.

OBITUARY NOTICES

The funeral of the late Mr. Robert Butler, whose death occurred on June 12, took place from the I.O.O.F. Hall, Douglas Street, yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, under the auspices of Columbia Lodge No. 2, when the I.O.O.F. funeral service was carried out in a most impressive manner by the Noble Grand, H. W. Adams, and officers. Members of the printing department of the Parliament Buildings attended in a body and marched to the cemetery, where Rev. H. E. Osborne had charge of the service. Many friends attended the service both at the hall and graveside. The floral offerings were beautiful, among them being tributes from His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Barnard, employees of the Government Printing Office, where he had been employed for over fifty years; Columbia Lodge No. 2, I.O.O.F., Victoria Typographical Union No. 261, besides many others from the city and from Vancouver. Interment took place at 3:30 o'clock in the family plot at Ross Bay cemetery. The following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. Shakespeare and Partridge, of the Government Printing Staff; Mr. Haynes and R. Gyle, of the Royal Engineers; Bro. Pettinger, P.G., and Bro. Sanburn, P.G., of No. 2 Lodge, I.O.O.F.

The death occurred Thursday morning at 1703 Cook St., of Amelia Mini, infant child of Mr. and Mrs. G. Mini. The body is at the Sands Funeral Parlors, and the funeral service will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock at St. Andrew's Cathedral, where mass will be said by Father MacDonald. Interment will be in Ross Bay cemetery.

Special This Month Glasses, $5.00

Best Gold-Filled

Frank Clugston

Optician

654 Yates St., Corner Douglas

'Phone 5352

SOUTH AFRICA STANDS OR FALLS WITH EMPIRE

Gen. Botha Condemns Gen. Hertzog, Who Criticizes Government for Participating in European War

CAPE TOWN, May 3.

The debate on the Budget today in the House of Assembly centred on the Government's war policy.

A strongly-worded speech by General Hertzog called forth many protests. General Hertzog blamed the Government for becoming involved in the European struggle, and maintained that South Africa should have kept out of European politics as the United States had done in the past.

He described the Government's procedure with reference to its recent gift to the Imperial Government of £1,000,000 in recognition of the protection afforded by the navy as scandalous and immoral.

General Botha, in a speech defending his Government's war policy, paid a tribute to the overseas soldiers who were heroically adding to the glory of South Africa.

General Botha roundly condemned the Nationalists' speeches as creating an impression of disloyalty.

It was useless, he declared, for the Nationalists to urge that South Africa should cease assisting the Empire. If the Empire went under, South Africa would go under likewise. If they wanted peace in the future the best way to achieve their aim was to do their duty now.—Reuter.

CANADIAN CHAMPION OUTPOINTS WALLACE

MONTREAL, June 14.—Frankie Fleming, the Canadian featherweight champion, outpointed Eddie Wallace, the Brooklyn boxer, in a 10-round bout at the Gayety Theatre here last night, staged by the Canadian Athletic Club. Fleming assumed a comfortable lead after the fifth round, fighting in a cleaner and more finished style than his old time rival. The men weighed in at 126 pounds.

How You Can Remove Every Trace of Hair

(Toilet Talks)

A stiff paste made with some powdered delatone and water and spread on a hairy surface about two minutes will, when removed, take every trace of hair with it. The skin should then be washed to free it from the remaining delatone. No harm can result from this treatment, but be sure it is delatone you get and you will not be disappointed.

THE TIME BALL

The time ball on the Belmont Building will be raised half-mast high at 12:45 p.m., to the top at 12:55 p.m., and will be dropped at 1 p.m. daily.

F. NAPIER-DENISON
Superintendent

The Observatory
Gonzales Heights

RED CROSS RAFFLES

THE "I'LL AWAY"

ELECTRIC MOTOR CAR

REAL ESTATE LOT

Arrangements have been made with the Superfluities Committee producing, on behalf of the Red Cross Society, the musical comedy

"THE CALIPH OF BAGHDAD"

during the week commencing July 2, to allow the drawing of the above raffles to be conducted during the interval on the stage of the

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE

The "I'll Away" Raffle will be drawn on Thursday evening, July 5; the Electric Motor Car Raffle on Friday evening, July 6; and the Real Estate Lot Raffle on Saturday evening, July 7.

The sale of tickets will positively close the three days prior to the drawings, and all stubs from outside points must be returned by these dates.

All Tickets Obtainable at Belmont House Phone 4123

NOT A WHEEL TURNED ON TRAMWAY SYSTEM

First Day of Strike Sees Both Sides Determined to Hold Out—No Untoward Incident Marked Day.

Victoria has its first experience with strike conditions on the local tramway system. Following the decision of the employees of the B.C. Electric Company, reached at the meeting held early yesterday morning, when the strike was declared, the entire tramway system was tied up, not a car running after the last was taken to the barns on the night previous. In consequence, the people of the city had to walk to work or depend upon the "jitneys," many of which were in operation, and their number was added to during the day. But this service did not fill requirements by any means, and the great bulk of those hitherto accustomed to ride to work were forced to walk.

The first day of the strike did not produce a single untoward incident. Both parties to the dispute appeared to be determined to stick to their attitude. The company made no attempt to operate any of its cars, and stated that it will not do so. The men announced that they are fully determined in their stand not to return to work until their demands for an increase in wages is met. Both sides, as far as the light and power services are concerned, have no fear that these services will be interfered with. The electrical workers are still at work and apparently will not, as yet at least, become involved.

Perhaps it was the novelty of the situation, but it was a fact that most people took the advent of the strike more or less as a joke. That attitude will doubtless be altered should the strike continue, and from present prospects it is likely to. To the merchants the tie-up in the car service will prove a serious matter. Especially will this be the case today, which is "Dollar Day," and the shut-down on the Saanich suburban line will undoubtedly have the effect of keeping a considerable number of people from visiting the city who would otherwise come in for the day. This attitude of the merchants was indicated yesterday morning when a deputation waited on Mayor Todd with a view to urging upon him, as the city's chief executive, to take some action towards seeking to effect a reconciliation between the company and its striking employees.

Prepare for Fight

The meeting of the men held in the early hours yesterday morning lasted until well after 4 a.m. Following the unanimous decision to follow the lead of the men at Vancouver and go out on strike, the meeting appointed various committees and made arrangements for the carrying on of the strike. All day yesterday pickets of strikers were watching the company's barns, but, with the exception of watchmen on duty for the company, no men were employed therein. The strikers have opened headquarters at Labor Hall, at which all men on strike report daily and keep in touch with their executive committee.

With the strike on the tramway system now an accepted fact, the likelihood of a cessation in the light and power service is the chief worry of consumers of power and householders. The company has been besieged with requests for information as to the possibility of a shut-down in those services, but has stated that it has no intention whatever of attempting to operate cars on any of its lines. The strikers state that only in the event of the company attempting to operate its tramway service would the men employed in the power and lighting service walk out on strike. Apparently, then, these two services appear safe for the time being. But it is admitted that should the strike continue for any length of time with no apparent solution in sight, the men may seek to use every pressure at hand to win their point, and in that event the possibility of the electrical workers walking out would be likely.

Will Not Operate

The company, it is announced both here and from Vancouver, has no intention of putting on strike breakers. A rumor was in circulation to the effect that strike breakers would be brought from the East, but this is absolutely denied by the company's officials. It is a fact which would appear to leave the way open to some amicable solution of the present difficulties, that so far the best of good feelings exists between the company and its striking men here. The men have but the one claim, that for an increase in wages, an increase, they claim, which must be given if the present increased cost of living is to be met. The company asserts that it recognized this condition when it offered recently the war bonus. It also claims that the action of the men in going out on strike came as a surprise to it, as the agreement in effect does not expire until June of next year. The men state that the element of surprise did not enter into the matter, that the company was informed on Monday last of the result of the referendum at Vancouver on the previous Friday, at which a strike was decided upon unless the demands of the men for the increase of five cents per hour in wages was made. They also assert, in response to the company's claim that it voluntarily increased the wages of the men by $120,000 per annum, that such an increase merely placed the men on the pre-war basis, and that the question of increased cost of living was not covered by that increase. They claim that the cost of living has gone up fifty per cent since the outbreak of hostilities.

The Breaking Point

Declaring that the breaking point between the company and its men has been reached, and the company is unable to make any further offer than what it has already made, Mr. A. T. Goward, local manager of the company, who returned yesterday morning from Vancouver, stated yesterday that the company had made every effort to be fair with the men. Last Fall the company made a voluntary increase of $120,000 per annum in wages, and, recognising the increased cost of living, had offered the war bonus, which would have meant another $100,000 per year. To accept the schedules of pay demanded by the men would have meant an outlay by the company, in addition to the increase given last Fall, of something like $200,000 per annum. The offer made by the company of the war bonus was made in face of the fact that the agreement in existence did not expire until June next, and the company, had it desired to stick to the strict terms of that agreement, would have been legally justified in doing so. But it appreciated the fact that living had increased in cost, and it felt that such a bonus would be of material benefit to its employees. Mr. Goward stated that the company regrets the inconvenience to which its patrons will be put by the strike. To give the men the increase demanded would mean that they would be placed upon a wage basis above that of any other company in the Dominion and render it impossible for the company to operate except at a very much larger loss. In fact, he stated, the company is now operating at a loss. In view of what the company considered was unfair competition it had to meet from the jitney service, and in view of the larger number of miles of line operated in comparison with population than is the case elsewhere in Canada, the revenue per car mile is lower than that of any company on the continent, he stated, and he pointed to the fact that while other businesses have raised the price of their product to meet increased cost of labor and materials, the B.C. Electric Company has not followed that course.

Reached the Limit

"In the last few years," Mr. Goward stated, "our operating costs have exceeded our revenue owing to competition and our desire to keep up an adequate service for our patrons. We have always appreciated the fact that we should pay our men a living wage, and we have always endeavored to do so. But there is a limit beyond which we cannot go. The increase we offered, an increase which would bring wages here higher than those recently granted to the men in Winnipeg, where, statistics show, the cost of living is approximately 18 per cent higher than in Vancouver, is the limit to which the company can go. In Winnipeg and other cities where the population is much denser than in Vancouver or Victoria, the revenue per car mile is considerably higher than here."

Mr. Goward does not believe that the majority of the men employed on the Victoria system are in favor of the strike. He stated that he had been informed by the president of the Victoria local that the men were satisfied with the company's offer of a war bonus, and were considering sending to the company a vote of thanks for its voluntary offer of the bonus to meet the increased cost of living.

"A straight matter of business, so far as the men are concerned," is the way Mr. T. H. Nock, president of the local union, explains the action of the men in demanding the increase in wages. He claimed that the cost of living has advanced since September last from 50 to 62 per cent, and the request for an allround increase in wages of 15 per cent was not at all unreasonable. The best of feeling had existed between the men and the company during the entire negotiations, Mr. Nock stated, and at the conferences held at Vancouver, the whole question had been discussed without acrimony.

He stated that the question of an increase had been taken up with the company early in May, when the necessity of more pay in view of the increased cost of living had been discussed, and the outcome was the company's offer of the bonus which proposed an increase of 15 per cent to men earning $60 per month and less, 10 per cent to those earning between $60 and $70 per month, and 5 per cent to those earning between $70 ad $90 per month. But as a matter of fact, the 15 per cent increase would have been applicable to but a very small proportion of the men, by far the greater portion coming under the 5 per cent increase. Consequently the company's offer of the war bonus was rejected by the men. The men then made a proposal of a straight increase, with a fixed maximum and minimum of 45c and 35c cents per hour, respectively, to be operative with the conductors, motormen, maintenance men, and with proportionate increases for the other branches, such as mechanics, who are now securing 10c per hour less than the scale being paid mechanics in other outside work.

Strike Only Recourse

"The company's offer was unanimously rejected by the men," stated Mr. Nock, "at a referendum taken last Friday, and as the company refused to recede from its stand, and the men were determined, the only possible outcome was a strike."

The fact that the C. P. R. has made a 20 per cent increase in all its various departments, and the Canadian Northern has also made substantial increases, is pointed to by the men in support of the reasonableness of their demands upon the B. C. Electric Company.

Mr. Nock was not disposed to discuss what action the striking men might take should the strike continue with no likelihood of settlement favorable to them, especially as to any action towards having affiliated workers walk out in sympathy. He expressed his confidence that the public would appreciate the justness of the demands of the men, and his belief that in a short time the company would see the advisability of complying with the demands of its men.

So far, no formal effort on the part of either the men or the company has been made towards effecting a reconciliation of the conflicting claims. Both parties announce their determination to "stand pat" upon their present claims. But in view of the fact that there is a great public opinion that is strongly affected, it is more than probable that representations by the business interests will be made to the end that negotiations between the company and the strikers may be opened.

Hon. J. W. deB. Farris, Attorney-General and Minister of Labor, returned yesterday from Vancouver, where he met the representatives of the company and the men. Hon. Mr. Farris stated he had discussed the strike and heard the arguments of both parties, but he was non-committal as to whether his efforts are likely to bear fruit, or what the outcome, if any, of his informal participation in the dispute is likely to be.

No Prospect of Settlement

VANCOUVER, B.C., June 15.—With the conclusion of the second day of the street car strike the question at issue seems further from solution than ever it was. The men are standing firmly in their position, and the company is as strongly intrenched. No suggestions have been forthcoming which would lead to a settlement. The outlook today was that the citizens of Vancouver were in for an extended period of walking, with about one chance out of ten during rush hours that a jitney is available.

Some Good Music—The Rotary members voted their entertainment feature for yesterday's luncheon at which Brigadier-General R. G. E. Leckie spoke, an outstanding musical contribution among the many fine programmes that have been given at various times at their meetings. The Symphony Maids, appearing this week on the Pantages programme, sang and played their way into high favor. Misses Dorothy Lawis, Lorraine Darnell and Georgia Booth composed the popular trio.

Special Meeting of Board of Trade Council—A special meeting of the council of the Board of Trade has been called for this afternoon at 3 o'clock to make arrangements for official participation in the funeral of the late Mr. C. H. Lugrin.

WANT CANADA PLACED ON FULL WAR BASIS

Mobilization and Regulation of Country's Resources in Men and Materials Urged by Board of Trade.

Placing Canada on a full war basis, conscripting its man power for military and industrial service, mobilizing the wealth, resources and industries of the country and placing them under state control if found necessary, was action the Federal Government was urged to take at the general monthly meeting of the Board of Trade, held yesterday afternoon.

The enactment of measures that will compel equality of service and make it possible for the Dominion to exert its maximum power towards aiding the Allies is wanted by the Board of Trade, and this sentiment is breathed in the following resolution, which passed unanimously by a standing vote:

"Whereas at the quarterly general meeting of the Board of Trade held on January 12, the following resolution was passed:

"That Canada should render every assistance possible in the prosecution of the war and that all the resources of the Dominion should be at the disposal of the Government for this purpose. That there is an obligation on everyone to serve when called upon either in the military or naval forces or in productive work, and that this obligation should be defined by law without delay, and

"Whereas at the annual general meeting of the board, April 13, a rider to the above resolution was unanimously passed, as follows:

"That the Dominion Government be urged to enforce these obligations with the least possible delay, and

"Whereas there is considerable discussion now taking place over the question of bringing into force a measure of conscription and whereas some opposition to such a measure has developed in other parts of Canada;

"Whereas it is an opportune time to bring to the attention of the Government the position of this Board of Trade.

"Now, therefore, be it resolved:

"That this board do and hereby does reiterate its views as expressed in the previous resolution, and

Be it further resolved:

"That this board urges that the Government do proceed at once to bring into effect an act of conscription; and that we go on record as strongly urging the organization of Canada on a full war basis; that is to say, that the wealth, manhood and other resources, including the production and distribution of food and necessities, be brought under state control and direction in order that the nation may devote all its powers to the successful prosecution of the war in which it and its Allies are engaged."

Cabled to Ottawa

Copies of the resolution were cabled last night to Premier Robert Borden, members of the Dominion Cabinet, and representatives of British Columbia in the Federal House. Letters embodying the recommendation may also be mailed to other boards of trade of Canada and commercial organizations throughout the Dominion.

The original motion, as drafted at the last meeting of the council by Mr. J. O. Cameron, was considerably amended yesterday, but the main points were not omitted. The amendments tended to strengthen the board's attitude relative to the regulation of industries and wealth.

Mr. J. J. Shallcross asked what the mover, Mr. Cameron, meant by conscription of industries and wealth.

"I mean this," replied Mr. Cameron, "that if the Government of Canada has found it necessary to abandon the voluntary system of enlistment and compel men to fight, then it is the country's duty to see that those men are properly clothed, fed and armed. If the men who control our industries are unwilling to have them utilized for that purpose—for assisting the military forces and the nation itself in this time of stress, then it is time that the Government should step in and force them to do so, just as it intends to enroll its men for service on the battlefield.

"Take the shipbuilding situation here as an example," continued Mr. Cameron. "Suppose the lumber people said that this was a good time to hold up the Government and charge outrageous prices, thus burdening the people. In that case the Government should not hesitate to take control of the mills, inasmuch as it would fix a fair price for their products and tell the owners that they must continue to operate their mills, but run them for the good of the country and keep prices down to that fixed as a maximum."

Make Hay in Sunshine

"Canada seems to be adopting the principle of making hay while the sun shines," declared Mr. Shallcross. "Her mine-owners are selling copper at 30 cents a pound where it sold for 9 cents in 1914; farmers are getting from $1.25 to $3.50 for a bushel of wheat, where they got 90 cents before the war. Companies in the east that were bankrupt a few years ago now have a tremendous reserve. Canada has not suffered commercially by the war. Commercially, she has not made the sacrifices that she should. If by control of industries the country can play her part in that way more nobly, then I support the resolution.

"I want to see Canada go to war with its coat off, not let her honor be upheld by 300,000 men who have gone forward to serve in battle and sacrifice their very lives if necessary—men, a very large percentage of whom were not bred in the Dominion. The Northwest Provinces were never so wealthy as they are today. When an offer was recently made the farmers by the Government for wheat at $1.50 a bushel, they held back for more. I should say we want conscription of everything, but only so far as it is necessary in making Canada do her full part in this war."

That part of the resolution advising the organization of the country on a war basis was moved by Mr. Joshua Kingham, who recalled that England had conscripted her industries before her manhood; otherwise the latter would have been impossible. This had not been done in Canada; instead, multi-millionaires were springing up in the East overnight. Exorbitant prices were being made. He felt that the major portion of these profits should be taken by the Government.

Returned Soldier's Case

In contrast to the prosperity of the operators of industries supplying material for the war, directly or indirectly, Mr. Kingham cited the case of a man who had been formerly employed in the city engineer's department at a good salary before the war. He had sacrificed all to serve at the front. He was wounded, and spinal injury made him unable to resume his former duties after returning to Victoria. He was discharged from the army, and now got $8 a month from the Government.

Mr. J. L. Beckwith opposed the idea of tackling such a broad subject at one meeting. Conscription of manpower, he held, was the main issue before the country today, and the Board of Trade's representations should cover that point alone.

"If we cannot conscript the wealth, we can't expect to get labor to endorse the conscription of men," said Capt. George McGregor. "We, as business men, should show our willingness to support the conscription of wealth."

It was not equitable to expect men to give their lives on the field of battle and let the people at home avoid making any sacrifice, in the opinion of Mr. Lindley Crease, K.C. That sentiment, he said, had been forcibly brought out at the Win-the-War convention which he attended in Montreal. Such a policy, he declared, would be lob-sided and unfair. "It's the inequality of sacrifice that is pinching at the present time," he added.

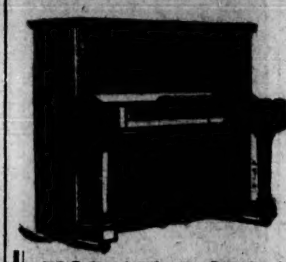
"The Board of Trade represents the wealthier class, and I know there is resentment and will continue to be, if conscription only calls for men," exclaimed Mr. W. J. Shortt. "It will be vigorously attacked by the working people, because a working man who sends three sons to the war does not like to see his next-door neighbor rolling in wealth. I have worked years at the bench, and I understand that feeling of resentment at inequality of sacrifice and service. We ought to put just as much punch as possible behind our stand that we want super-war profits taxed, and taxed heavily. We're altogether in this fight."

"Labor isn't the only class that suffers," declared Col. the Hon. E. G. Prior, with emphasis. "The laboring man isn't the only one that gives his sons to the war. But I am in accord with the attitude that we should pay—pay through the nose, like they do in England. In England they are taking 60 per cent from ordinary business profits and 67 per cent from profits made by munition firms."

That the Board of Trade should favor the establishment of a coalition, win-the-war Government, was suggested by Capt. McGregor, but no action was taken.

Everyone in the room stood when the vote was taken for the resolution.

$2.00 for $1.00



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TODAY, DOLLAR DAY, ONLY

we have a proposition to make to every intending purchaser of a piano. It actually means that we will give two dollars of value for every one dollar paid.

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COME TODAY and select any new or second-hand Piano or Player-Piano in our stock, and we will give you a receipt for DOUBLE the amount of your initial payment. It is expressly understood that this does not apply to payments of more than $50; only up to that amount. This is what you can save by deciding today to purchase a Piano.

Pay $10 and get a receipt for $20

Pay $20 and get a receipt for $40

Pay $50 and get a receipt for $100

And when you buy a Piano here, remember, please, that the instrument of your choice will be a leader in its class. The avenue of all future regrets, as it were, is closed, for, irrespective of the maker's guarantee, we stand behind every Piano we sell.

Don't Let This Opportunity Pass—Come This Morning and Benefit by It. Prices Range All the Way From

$100 Up to $1,000

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Western Canada's Largest Music House

1121 GOVERNMENT ST. AND 607 VIEW ST.

In the New Spencer Building Also Vancouver

FRANK L. THOMSON

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer

Parlors and Private Chapel, 827 Pandora Ave. Phone 498.

Motor or horse equipment. Refined service, moderate prices. 20 years in Winnipeg, 6 years in Victoria.

Births, Marriages and Deaths

DEATHS

BAGG—On the 13th inst., at his residence, 817 Fort Street, Robert William Bagg, aged 52 years, a native of Newcastle-on-Tyne. The deceased was a member of the Sailors' Union of the Pacific Coast, who will have charge of the funeral arrangements.

The funeral service will be held on Saturday afternoon, from the Thomson Funeral Chapel, at 2:30. Interment in Ross Bay cemetery. Funeral by motor.

BAKER—The death occurred at Camp Borden, near Toronto, June 11th, of Cpl. H. A. Baker, a resident of this city, who left here recently with a draft from the Mechanical Transport. The deceased was well known here, and the news of his death comes as a great shock to his relatives and many friends. He was also a member of Court Victoria, A.O.F. He leaves to mourn his loss a wife, Mrs. Violet Baker, of 1706 Bank Street, Victoria; a father and mother, Capt. and Mrs. A. Baker, of Albion, B.C., and also three sisters and one brother, of the same place.

A military funeral will be held from the Sands Funeral Parlors, Monday, June 18, at 2:30 p.m. Interment Ross Bay cemetery.

MILK SUPPLY AFFECTED

Rural Vendors Knew Nothing of Strike and Supply Never Reached City

The sudden calling of the strike on the local lines of the B. C. Electric Company seriously affected the city's milk supply yesterday morning. A large quantity of the milk used in the city comes from various points along the line of the suburban tramway in Saanich. Producers there knew nothing of the declaration of the strike and yesterday morning at practically every station along the line the accustomed number of milk cans containing milk for delivery in the city were awaiting the first car city-bound. No service was in operation and hundreds of gallons of milk were allowed to remain on the railway platforms in the sun and were spoilt.

Now that the fact there is a strike known in the rural sections, other means of bringing the milk into the city will have to be devised.

CAT'S PAW CUSHION RUBBER HEELS



Will fit any style of shoe. All sizes for men, women and children.

50¢ A PAIR PUT ON

In Woman's Realm

By MARIA LAWSON

Xmas

Life is but a day at most,
Sprung from night, in darkness lost.
Day, how rapid in its flight—
Day, how few must see the night;
Hope not sunshine every hour,
Fear not clouds will always lower.
Happiness is but a name,
Make content and ease thy aim;
Ambition is a meteor gleam;
Fame an idle, restless dream:
Pleasures, insects on the wing
Round Peace, the tenderest flower of Spring.
Those that sip the dew alone,
Make the butterflies thy own;
Those that would the bloom devour,
Crush the locusts—save the flower.
For the future be prepared,
Guard whatever thou canst guard:
But, thy utmost duty done,
Welcome what thou canst not shun.
Follies past give thou to air,
Make their consequence thy care;
Keep the name of man in mind,
And dishonor not thy kind.
Reverence with lowly heart
Him whose wondrous work thou art;
Keep His goodness still in view
Thy trust—and thy example, too.
—Robert Burns.



LADY ROBERTSON

Lady Robertson

The wife of the man who is at the head of the British armies must share, as only a wife can, the anxieties of the man upon whom so great a burden rests. She may not know the secrets of state or understand the military situation, but this does not prevent her from being ready to give comfort and sympathy.

General Sir William Robertson, as every one knows, has risen from the ranks. He was born at Welbourne, in Lincolnshire, fifty-seven years ago. His wife is a daughter of an officer who served on the Bombay staff corps, and they have been married twenty-three years. There are four children, two sons and two daughters. In the great bazaar held recently for the benefit of the blinded soldiers who have been educated at St. Dunstan's, Lady Robertson, as was fitting, took a prominent part. Indeed, few women, prominent either in official or social life in Great Britain were absent from a function which aroused the sympathies of the people in all parts of the United Kingdom.

Busy Children

Out at Oaklands, Mr. McInnis, principal of the school, has shown that children can with competent leadership add very materially to production. He has a big garden and, if the season proves favorable, there will be a large crop. There have been handicaps this year. In common with other gardeners, the children have been disappointed with the backwardness of the season. Seeds were slow to germinate and though lettuce, spinach and radishes are now ready for the table, there are no early peas, while cabbages, beets, parsnips, carrots and onions are a month behind time. For some unexplained reason the seeds have been poorer than usual. There have been some failures and other varieties have been inferior.

Now, however, things are in splendid order. Each of the one hundred and thirty beds for which the four upper classes are responsible are as clean as hands can make them. The soil is fine and shows that hoes are well used. The potato patch is in good order. There will be no lack of late vegetables.

The perennial flower garden shows a profusion of growth, and by the end of June will display all colors of the rainbow. The children have proved that the white rock flower with the greyish foliage that gives it its common name of "mouse ear," makes a very beautiful border plant. It is not the only wild flower that improves with cultivation, but the busy principal has not had time for many such experiments. The indications are that this plant will overspread its limits, unless carefully pruned.

White, pink and crimson pyrethiums are making a fine showing. Larkspur has outgrown its old name, but not its beauty, and so has snapdragon, which, with canterbury bells, are flourishing. Carnations are almost ready to fill the air with scent, and foxgloves are all and budding. Then there is a border of annual seedlings that would take far more time to distinguish and name than could be spared at the close of the term by the principal. Pumpkins and cucumbers are growing in a cup in a rock and will soon spread their vines and leaves over the shallow soil.

No boy or girl will leave Oaklands school without a practical knowledge of gardening.

Asked as to the educational value of the work in which he is such an enthusiast, Mr. McInnis said it would be much greater if all teachers took the course in Rural Science, so that the Nature Work, arithmetic and other subjects could be co-related. One of the ladies who has had experience of rural life finds the gardening a great help.

Midsummer offers a problem which the principal has hitherto solved himself. He has acted as head gardener to the boys and girls who remain in the neighborhood. It is too much to expect even of the most enthusiastic of teachers that he should devote all his holiday to this work.

In front of the school is a bright border of geraniums and other plants, and a glance at the windows showed that window gardening is a delight to many assistant teachers. Gardening at Oaklands has passed the experimental stage. The children do not play at it, but their work is enjoyed.

Over at Kingston Street, on the other side of the city, the little people of the First Reader cultivate a wide border extending the whole length of the school. Few of these gardeners have reached the age of eight. But then they are working for Mrs. Kinsey, who keeps their school in such good order, and lettuce and spinach, carrots and beets, cabbages and onions must be made to grow big. Long before the holidays are over the scarlet runners and white beans will reach to the top of the windows. The ground has been weeded and hoed and raked till it is smooth and rich, and already the spinach is ready to cut

Here the little ones learn to work together for a common end, and next year will pass into the big class which goes inside the gate in the school garden proper.

In this plot, which is 80 x 45 feet, real hard work is done. Each of the eighty boys and girls has a garden 7 x 4½ feet. Here they have sown cress, spinach, lettuce and radishes, alternating with later roots and vegetables. Though the garden was late, it has come on finely. There are long rows of large, healthy potato plants along the fence. Each gardener brought one potato from home because seed was dear. This was cut in sets and not one missed. There is a community flower garden and a bed for perennials. The garden is twice as big as it was last year. The borders round the school were filled with stocks, wallflower and other perennials raised from the seed planted last year. A rock garden stands in one corner, covered chiefly by native plants brought by the children from the woods and fields.

It is a long time since the first beginnings of a school garden were made at Kingston Street. The east walls are covered to the eaves with red and white climbing roses. It was too bad to see that pests bred in a neighboring lot, where diseased fruit trees have been allowed to remain, have, in spite of the greatest care, injured the earliest blooms. The borders are filled with sweet peas and plants of many kinds, which promise to be very gay when the children come back after the holidays. Some vines are being coaxed to hide an ugly fence, and the moon flower is being allowed to spread its leaves over the front of the building.

The boulevard has not been put in order on the street in front of the buildings, but marigolds, bachelor's buttons and other hardy flowers cover the strip inside the pavement. This border as well as the playground is shaded by

ago when the parents of some of the smallest children were in this school.

Miss Aird's boys and girls, who are now part of the South Park School, though still occupying one of the rooms at Kingston Street, have gardens, where they are putting the lessons learned last year into practice.

In passing, a peep was taken into a queer dark-looking room where the children have piled up their collections for the Red Cross. Old paper in great bundles, bottles of many shapes and sizes, lumps of lead, old iron and remnants of big tin boxes, which it was a puzzle to see how the children could get through the streets, proved that the small people not only love the Red Cross but know how to work for it. School gardening costs time and effort on the part of the teachers, but both Miss Lawson and Mr. McInnis believe it is worth while. It must be left for another day to tell something of what has been accomplished in the gardens of other schools.

Waste Land

It may seem ungracious in view of the work of reclamation that has been done to speak of waste land within the city. Crops of potatoes are to be seen in all directions, and, if carefully tended, will help many families through the Winter.

But if anyone wants to judge how much more might have been done, let him or her walk across from the end of the car line on Cook Street northeast towards Cedar Hill Road. A few cows are grazing here and there on the grassy plots, but there is plenty of feed for a hundred or more. Would as many Belgian or Dutch, not to speak of French women, as there are in this neighborhood have been content to buy milk for their children when so much good pasturage for cows and goats is going to waste? If Mrs. Foulkes or anyone else can teach the people of Victoria how waste land can be turned into gardens or pasturage, they will be doing them a great service. Seven years ago the want of inclosures prevented many a woman in the outskirts of Victoria from keeping a cow who would have been glad to take the time and the trouble her care would cost. There are more ways of saving then preventing waste of the food now available.

Gentlemen

At the time of writing, the question of the strike of Victoria's street car employees is unsettled. As one who has had many opportunities for observation, the writer would like to bear testimony to the courtesy of the B. C. Electric employees in Victoria. Their work is not easy, nor is provocation always absent where people of all classes and dispositions must be dealt with.

No one who is old or weak and no little child ever fails to receive the assistance needed whether in getting on or off a car. Inquiries are courteously answered and if a mistake is made through forgetfulness an apology is almost invariably tendered. The street car men in Victoria are gentlemen, and whatever the result of the unfortunate disagreement with their employers, they should feel that they have gained the goodwill of the community which they serve.

Votes for British Women

For the first time in history there will be a temptation for a woman in the United Kingdom to say she is older than the parish records show. If the proposed franchise bill passes, the vote will only be given to all women over thirty. The following is an outline of the provisions of the bill which concern women:

Under the Reform Bill proposed in England a woman of 30 has the parliamentary vote.

1. If she owns or occupies any land or premises for six months.

2. If her husband owns or occupies premises for six months.

3. If she has a degree won by examination at any university.

She may sublet her furnished house for three months and still retain her vote. But she has no vote as a lodger; she must be owner or tenant.

She gives her vote in the constituency in which the land or premises is situated. If a graduate she gives it for the university constituency.

If married both she and her husband have the parliamentary vote for the same land or premises. But both can not vote for the same land or premises in a municipal or other local election.

If a woman of 30 owns land or premises, but is not residing there because she is acting as a war nurse or the like, she will qualify as an absent voter.

It will be seen that some women could qualify for three votes or more by owning land or premises in different constituencies and by being a graduate of a university, but no woman will be allowed to use more than two votes.

A woman who claims to be 30 may be asked to make a legal declaration to that effect, but this will not cost her anything.

A man qualifies in the same way for his house or his business premises (if of £10 value); he can not vote twice in the same constituency, but he can vote in one for his house and another for his office or his university, but not more than two.

Mining in British Columbia

By E. Jacobs

About two weeks ago one of the Prince Rupert newspapers stated that Mr. W. T. Dietrich, professor of mining at the Stanford University, California, had been inspecting the Old Hickory property, at Usk, on behalf of United States' principals. Usk is along the Skeena River, about 100 miles east of Prince Rupert.

From The Hedley Gazette it is learned that the tunnel on the Oregon mineral claim, near Hedley, Similkameen, is in ten feet on the ledge with the face all in copper-gold ore having an average value of about $30 to the ton. Other mining notes are that Mr. Duncan Woods has resumed work on his property on Nickle Plate Hill, and that Mr. Tom Wilson is doing likewise.

Four Swedish miners from Phoenix have taken a lease on the Prince Henry mine, near Greenwood. The Ledge remarks that several other properties in the district should also be working under the leasing system; also, that "the King Solomon camp may yet put new mills under Greenwood." The King Solomon is in what was known as Copper camp, situated about five miles west of Greenwood; years ago there was shipped from this mine a quantity of comparatively high grade ore, but when sulphide ore was reached in sinking the value became much lower, so production was stopped.

The annual report of the Mineral Production of Canada during the calendar year 1915, by Mr. John McLeish, Chief of the Division of Mineral Resources and Statistics, Ottawa, has just been received. This gives the revised figures of mineral production and shows the total value for the year to have been $127,109,171, which total was the second largest in the history of mineral production in the Dominion, the highest total having been that of 1913, $145,634,812. The proportion credited in British Columbia for 1915 is $28,689,425, which compares with the Provincial official total of $29,447,508, the difference being only about $758,000.

Ainsworth and Slocan Notes

Brief mention of the Florence, in Ainsworth camp, and the Lucky Jim and Slocan Star, in Slocan mining division, was made in the last number of Northwest Mining Truth of Spokane, as under:

The management of the Florence Silver Mining Company is authority for the statement that the company's new concentrating mill is now doing fine work, and that an important orebody has been encountered in the lower tunnel of the mine.

The Slocan Star mill is running three shifts, though trouble is experienced, as at every other mine in the district, in securing a full force of miners. One fine body of ore has been developed on No. 3 level, and another on No. 10 of the Slocan Star mine.

Periodical rumors of composure of differences among those connected with Lucky Jim Zinc Mines, Ltd., that have conspired to ruin a good property continue to be spread at frequent intervals, but so far nothing substantial has come of them. As a matter of fact, the whole business is so hopelessly involved that nothing short of a general receivership will meet the situation properly.

Silver Gable M. and M. Co.

The following information, reprinted from Northwest Mining Truth, is of interest in that it relates to stated mining activity in a part of West Kootenay district from which little, if any, ore has yet been shipped on a commercial scale:

The Silver Gable Mining & Milling Co., Limited, a Spokane corporation, incorporated last Fall to take over holdings in Duncan River district, British Columbia, plans to begin shipments to Trail smelter immediately, according to local officials. A tug has been purchased and barges now are being built. Each will hold a car of ore and as soon as they are ready for service, probably within ten days, extraction of ore will begin from surface deposits, said to average $5 per cent lead and 8 ounces silver to the ton. It is estimated that consignments will be forwarded at the rate of a car a day. From the mine to Marblehead, on Duncan River, the nearest railway point, on the Canadian Pacific line, the product will be transported on barges.

The Silver Gable Co. is capitalized for 2,000,000 shares at 10 cents each, of which $96,000 are issued. William B. Smith, Spokane, formerly of Kaslo, B.C., is president and general manager; Ira B. Anderson, Peone Prairie, vice-president, and W. M. Ellis, Spokane, secretary-treasurer. These, with Dr. N. M. Baker, Spokane, and A. F. Adams, Kaslo, compose the directorate. Holdings are thirteen claims, of which three are crown granted and ten held by location, comprising approximately 600 acres surface area. The group is thirty miles north of the north end of Kootenay Lake, and Duncan River, a stream navigable for light-draught steamers runs through the property. Buildings for the accommodation of thirty men have been erected, together with blacksmith shop, office and store houses. Only assessment work has been done to date, but extensive development is planned this Summer, according to Secretary Ellis, President Smith, who will superintend operations, having already taken up his residence at the camp.

In regard to the statement that "a tug has been purchased and barges are to be built," The Kaslo Kootenaian reported on June 7 that the little stern wheel steamer that was to be put to work for the Silver Gable Mining & M. Co. along the upper Duncan hauling supplies and ore, made a second attempt to get up the lower river last week, but was apparently unsuccessful, as she came back down the lake on Sunday and went south in the direction of Nelson. The boat was to have been purchased by the Silver Gable Co. upon delivery at Howser. It is stated that at the present stage of the water and condition of the lower stream, a boat of sufficient speed of at least 12 miles an hour would be required in order to overcome the current along the worst stretches of the lower river. The boat sent up is credited with a speed of only eight miles an hour.

The Inland Mining Company

This company's property is situated in the mountains between the Columbia River and Christina Lake, the latter being in the eastern part of Boundary district.

"The Inland Mining Company has spent more than $200,000 on its mining property near Paulson, which will commence ore shipments this month. Eighty per cent of the stockholders are agriculturists in the Walla Walla, Wash., district; we purpose spending another $100,000 to $200,000 in further development, and we feel we are justified in asking the Government of British Columbia to expend $3,000 retired to put the road in shape for motor traffic between Grand Forks and the mine."

This was the statement made to The Grand Forks Gazette by Mr C. F. Blacka, a director of the Inland Company, who, with a party of other stockholders reached Grand Forks after having motored some 250 miles from Walla Walla, Wash., but were forced to travel the remainder of the distance by train because some 13 miles of the road between Grand Forks and Paulson is not in condition for motor traffic.

Discussing more intimately their mining operations, Mr. Blacka stated that the C. P. R. is putting in a siding for them at Paulson and it is expected the first shipment of ore will be made about the middle of June. This will be four cars of crude ore, containing good value, the ore going to Trail. As soon as these shipping arrangements are completed operating the stamp mill will be commenced and concentrate only will be shipped.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Inland Mining Co. in Walla Walla last week authority was given for further expenditure in development work up to $200,000. The programme outlined includes the development of water power and the electrifying of the entire Burnt Basin district. More immediate work, however, will be enlarging compressor plant from two to six drills, and the construction of an aerial tram line from the mine to the C.P.R. siding at Paulson.

While improvements at the mine will be made by degrees, it is expected that the work will be sufficiently advanced so that the company will be employing upward of 50 men at the mine next Fall, while a considerable number of men will also be employed by other mines in the same district.

RED CROSS WORK

Cloverdale Branch

In the event of the continued suspension of the street car service, persons intending to patronise the garden fete to be held at Cloverdale tomorrow afternoon, under the auspices of the Graduate Nurses' Association and the Cloverdale Red Cross branch, will not be deterred from doing so by the lack of facilities for transportation, as the usual Cloverdale jitneys will leave the corner of Government and Yates Streets and there will also be others starting from Dean and Hiscocks' drug store. The Cloverdale bus, which leaves Campbell's drug store at specific times, as advertised, also passes within five minutes' walk of the grounds.

Many attractive features have been arranged for the entertainment by the committee in charge of the arrangements, which promises a most successful and enjoyable afternoon.

North Ward Branch

The regular meeting of the committee of the North Ward Red Cross branch will be held at the rooms, Scott Building, next Monday, June 18, at 8:30 o'clock. As the report concerning the part which this branch will take in the Dominion Day celebration will then be announced, and other important business will be brought to the attention of the members, a large attendance is hoped for.

Fruit Growers Donate Strawberries

The Gordon Head Fruit Growers' Association will present to the Red Cross Society the first crate of strawberries picked this season, which it is expected will be ripe by tomorrow or Monday. The raffle for this choice prize will take place at the store of Dixi Ross, who has consented to conduct the raffle. If the berries arrive on time, the raffle will take place tomorrow at noon at the Dixi Ross Grocery Store, Government Street, but if delayed till Monday, it will be held in the same place at 4 o'clock. Tickets are being sold at this store at twenty-five cents each, and the officials expect to realize a handsome amount for the Red Cross funds from the raffle.

SECRET FOR GROWING EARLY "SPUDS" GIVEN

Mr. Suttle, of Cedar Hill, Tells How He Got His Potatoes in the Fields Early in March

Patrons of the public market have recently been able to obtain new potatoes, and the small quantity on sale on the two last market days were eagerly snapped up.

These tubers were reported to have been grown under glass, but Mr. Suttle, of Cedar Hill Road, one of the earliest of the producers, in a talk with The Colonist, stated that this rumor was incorrect. The potatoes were all grown in the open, he said, and declared further that the secret of "early spuds" lay in every gardeners' hand. He explained that while fertilization during growth is good, and the application of manure to the soil during the previous Winter is better, the real essential to the growth of early potatoes was in sprouting them strongly before they are planted out. If the seeds are placed in a box and lightly covered with soil, kept well moistened and in a warm place, they will make a very rapid growth when placed out in the open. Mr. Suttle stated that his plants were in the field by the second week of March, and that his system of protection against the ill effect of Spring frosts was to get up early on frosty mornings and give the plants a good watering before the frost got a chance to do any damage. By means of this system of planting and watering he was able to place over two hundred pounds on the market last Saturday, and expects to have them by by the ton this coming week.

Telegraphists! Unprecedented demand. $4,000.00 telegraphic equipment at Superior Schools, 1132 Government Street.

Gordon Dysdale LIMITED

Store Hours: 8:30 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Friday, 9:30 p.m.; Saturday, 1 p.m.

Today Is Dollar Day

Dollar Day at This Store Means Much to Economical Shoppers

Featuring Suits for Women and Misses, Dollar Day at

$15.00



Any woman who is considering such a purchase will find it to her advantage to inspect this special offering at $15.00. The Suits were formerly marked at from $25.00 to $32.50. As regards style, quality and workmanship, it is only necessary to mention that all models are from our regular selling stock. Formerly to $32.50 values for **$15.00.**

EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF TRIMMED MILLINERY FOR DOLLAR DAY—VALUES FROM $7.50 TO $12.50 TO SELL AT $3.50 EACH

Dollar Day Specials

White Wash Skirts, in drill, for **$1.00.**
House Dresses, $1.50 value for **$1.00.**
Unusual Value in Brassieres and Corsets, $1.00.
Attractive Waists. Exceptional value at **$1.00.**
Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery, values ranging to $5.00 for **$1.00.**
Natural Pongee Silk, 3½ yards for **$1.00.**
31-Inch Black Taffeta Silk. Very special, **$1.00.**
20 Fashionable Shades of Crepe de Chine. Worth $1.75, for **$1.00.**
White India Silk, 36-inch. Very special, 2 for **$1.00.**
Floral Voiles and Batistes, 38 inches wide. Reg. 35c value, 5 yards for **$1.00.**
Plain White Cotton Voile, 40 inches wide. Remarkable value, 4 yards for **$1.00.**
36-Inch White Flaked Voile. Usual 35c value, 5 yards for **$1.00.**
16-Inch Red and Blue Check Glass Cloth Toweling, 10 yards for **$1.00.**
White Bath Towels, 36 inches long, 6 for **$1.00.**
Heavy Crepe Hand Towels. Usual 50c a pair, 6 for **$1.00.**

EXCEPTIONAL VALUE IN WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, 3, 4 and 5 PAIRS FOR $1.00

SMALL WARES, AS USUAL ON DOLLAR DAY, $1.25 PURCHASE FOR $1.00

Phone 1876, Sayward Building — First Floor, 5329, 1211 Douglas Street

PRESBYTERIAL MEETS

On Tuesday evening in the First Presbyterian Church a large and representative meeting was held under the auspices of the Victoria Presbyterial. Mrs. R. A. Brown presided. The meeting was called for the purpose of hearing Mrs. J. G. Inkster's report of the General Council, recently held in Toronto and also to hear Miss Herdman, missionary from India, now on furlough.

Mrs. Inkster gave an excellent account of the four day's proceedings of the council meetings, touching upon the many departments of work that are being carried on so successfully by the women of the church. While at present little is being done in the way of expansion, it was gratifying to learn that the deficit of $27,000 had been wiped off, and that in almost every address and throughout all the discussions the note of courage and optimism was prominent. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mrs. Inkster for her excellent report; after which Miss Herdman wearing the picturesque costume of the East Indian women, gave an intensely interesting talk on her work in India. Miss Herdman's striking personality at once arrested the attention of the audience, and during her whole address there was not a dull moment.

She vividly described many phases of the work amongst the women and children. She made much of the Red Cross work that is being done by women of all ranks in India and of the fact that at the close of every service they sing "God Save The King."

A vote of thanks was moved by Mrs. E. S. Smith and seconded by Mrs. W. L. Clay, after which a beautiful bouquet of flowers was presented by Miss Kathleen Clay.

Prohibition Bill

WASHINGTON, June 14.—A new bill to prohibit manufacture during the war of foodstuffs into distilled spirits and malt liquors was ordered reported yesterday by the Senate agricultural committee. Another provision of the bill would empower the President to requisition existing food supplies of distilled spirits if necessary to conserve food supplies.

PERSONAL

To the SMUGGLERS!

Don't Hide Your Gems in the Fishing Rod

Beware U. S. Agents.

Follow this space

Royal Victoria

TODAY AND ALL WEEK

Continuous Performance, 2-11 p.m.

Matinees, 10c Evenings, 15c

GEORGE M. COHAN

In His Well-Known and Delightful Comedy

Broadway Jones

PANTAGES THEATRE

All This Week

"THE SYMPHONY MAIDS"

William Skilling and Co.

Will and Mary Rogers

University Four

D'Armour and Douglas

Matinee, 2; Night, 7 and 9

The Douglas Tea Gardens

Open Afternoon and Evening

FREE ADMISSION

Ices, Sundaes, Soft Drinks, and other light refreshments. Music at intervals.

Delightful evening resort, artistically lighted.

Victoria's New Beauty Spot.

Entrance on Douglas Street

In Aid of Red Cross and War Funds

The Caliph of Baghdad

A Musical Comedy, will be given at

The Royal Victoria Theatre

July 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7

Box Office now open at

Superfluities

FAIRWAY HOUSE

Hours 10:30 to 6:30. Phone 4123

Pound Party

at the

PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE

on

Friday, June 15

From 3 to 6 p.m.

They Taste



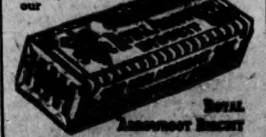
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One—two—three—four—let the children have all they want of

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Nothing could be cleaner, purer or more wholesome. Very few things are less expensive. Plain or salted. In Packages only.

Have you tried our



ROYAL ARROWROOT BISCUIT

It's made with real Arrowroot!

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Today, June 15th

Absolutely Clearing

All Balance Millinery Stock at

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1241 BROAD ST.

Come and See What Is to Be Given Away

Do You Suffer from any SKIN OR BLOOD DISEASE

Clarke's Blood Mixture

WILL CURE YOU PERMANENTLY.

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TODAY
EXTRA SPECIALS

From the most complete stocks of good quality Boots and Shoes. *Every pair reduced from 50% to 10%.* COME and be convinced.

We G. D. CHRISTIE Win
1231 Government St.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL WINS LEAGUE MATCH

Defeat Third Troop Victoria Boy Scouts by Eighty-Four Runs in Yesterday's Cricket at Jubilee Hospital.

Collegiate School was successful in its second match in the junior cricket league series, meeting the 3rd Troop Victoria Boy Scouts at the Jubilee Hospital, yesterday afternoon, and defeating them by 84 runs. As is often the case in junior cricket, the score in the second innings of each side was considerably higher than in the first. Shepherd, who went in last man but one for the Collegiate School, had the distinction of being the only player to reach double figures in the first innings of either side. Wootton made the biggest individual scor of the match, getting 22 in the Scouts' secand innings. Cooper, Wilkinson, and Barclay shared the bowling honors for the Collegiate School, and Hincks, Smith, Blacklock, and Wootton all got wickets for the Boy Scouts. The score follows:

3rd Boy Scouts—1st Innings

Blacklock c and b Wilkinson	1
B. Wootton c Proctor b Wilkinson	b
D. Douglass c Shepherd b Wilkinson	3
L. Wootton c Dunn b Wilkinson	4
E. Mayne c Wilkinson b Cooper	1
D. Hinks c Holman b Cooper	0
E. Smith b Barclay	2
D. Campbell c Proctor i. b Barclay	4
H. Wootton c Proctor ii. b Barclay	0
Lange not out	0
Dixon c Proctor i. b Barclay	0
Extras	2
Total	22

3rd Boy Scouts—2nd Innings

Blacklock b Wilkinson	4
B. Wootton c Loveland b Wilkinson	3
D. Douglass c Cooper b Wilkinson	0
L. Wootton c and b Cooper	25
E. Mayne b Wilkinson	5
D. Hinks c Shepherd b Cooper	4
E. Smith b Cooper	4
D. Campbell not out	1
H. Wootton c Loveland b Cooper	6
Lange c Loveland b Cooper	0
Dixon c Loveland b Cooper	0
Extras	2
Total	56

Collegiate School—1st Innings

Barclay i. b Smith	9
Procter ii. b Hincks	3
Wilkinson c Wootton b Smith	5
Matthews c Campbell b Hincks	0
Cooper b Hincks	6
Dunn b Smith	8
Procter i. b Hincks	1
Loveland b Smith	0
Winter not out	5
Shepherd b Hincks	10
Holman b Smith	1
Extras	11
Total	58

Collegiate School—2nd Innings

Barclay i. b Blacklock	7
Procter ii. c Campbell b Smith	17
Wilkinson c Hincks b Blacklock	8
Matthews c and b Hincks	20
Cooper c Wootton b Smith	1
Dunn b Wootton	8
Procter i. not out	4
Loveland c and b Smith	13
Winter c Smith b Wootton	1
Shepherd c and b Hincks	1
Holman b Wootton	0
Extras	8
Total	95

TODAY'S GAMES IN TENNIS TOURNAMENT

The following games are scheduled for play today in the American handicap tournament at the courts of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club. All games in the divisions not played off today will be finished in Saturday:

Division A

5:30—Miss Idiens and Kirkham v. Mrs. and Mr. Fairbairn.
5:30—Miss Idiens and Kirkham v. Miss Neame and Phelan.
6:00—Mrs. Meredith and Whittaker v. Miss Neame and Phelan.
6:00—Miss Idiens and Kirkham v. Miss Rickaby and Gordon.

Division B

5:30—Mrs. Leeming and Leeming v. Mrs. Johnson and Jephson.
5:30—Mrs. Cove and Cove v. Miss Appleby and Ciceri.
6:05—Mrs. Leeming and Leeming v. Miss Appleby and Ciceri.

Division C

5:30—Miss Wood and Sproule v. Miss Bradshaw and Cusack.
5:35—Miss Andrews and Mackenzie v. Mrs. and Mr. Sweeney.
6:00—Miss Harlow and Scrivener v. Miss Bradshaw and Cusack.
6:30—Miss Harlow and Scrivener v. Mrs. and Mr. Sweeney.

Division D

5:30—Miss Scott and Dr. Hall v. Mrs. Wood and Pain.
6:00—Miss Scott and Dr. Hall v. Miss Briggs and Deaville.

Division E

5:30—Miss Harvey and Dunn v. Miss McNeill and Dr. Christie.
7:00—Miss McNeill and Dr. Christie v. Miss Meredith and Taylor.

Summer Classes for English—Morse and Wireless Telegraphy. Superior Schools. Government Grant.

SOLDIER PATIENTS PLAY NURSING STAFF

"Fragments From France" Will Play Cricket Match With Esquimalt and Resthaven Nurses Today.

The cricket ground at Work Point will be the scene of an interesting event this afternoon, when a match starts at 2:30 between the Returned Soldiers of Esquimalt and Resthaven Military Convalescent Hospitals and the ladies of the nursing staffs of those institutions.

Apart from the sporting interest of the event, the match will afford the opportunity to spend a pleasant afternoon in congenial surroundings, aid the Red Cross Fund, do honor to the men who have returned wounded from fighting our battles in France, and listen to some interesting music. The ladies of the Esquimalt branch of the Red Cross Society are providing afternoon tea, for which a charge of 25c a head will be made, all proceeds going to the Red Cross fund, and music will be provided throughout the afternoon by the newly formed band of the Royal Canadian Regiment. These musicians, under the leadership of Bandmaster Prescott, have rapidly made a name for themselves, and the band of the R. C. R. is now known as one of the best.

The street cars will not be running, but this need not deter people from going to the match, as the jitneys will take them as far as the city limits, and from there it is but a short and pleasant walk to the barracks.

True to the traditional humor of the British soldier, in spite of all hardships and suffering, the team which will play the ladies today has adopted the title of "Fragments From France," with acknowledgments to Bruce Bairnsfather.

BASEBALL RESULTS

National

At Pittsburg—	R.	H.	E.
New York	2	5	2
Pittsburg	0	6	1

Batteries—Perrit and Rariden; Jacobs and W. Wagner.

At Cincinnati—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	5	9	3
Cincinnati	6	8	2

Batteries—Mayer and Burns; Toney and Wingo.

At Chicago—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	3	12	0
Chicago	5	7	2

Batteries—Barnes and Gowdy; Demaree, Aldridge and Wilson.

At St. Louis—	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	4	12	1
St. Louis	5	11	0

Batteries—Pfeffer, Smith and Miller; Packard, Meadows and Livingston.

American

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3	10	0
Boston	0	3	0

Batteries—Groom and Severeid; Leonard, Pennock and Cady.

Washington-Cleveland game postponed; wet grounds.

Philadelphia-Detroit game postponed; wet grounds.

New York-Chicago game postponed; rain.

Coast

At Los Angeles: Salt Lake, 6; Vernon, 0.

At Oakland: Oakland, 0; San Francisco, 7.

At Portland: Los Angeles, 4; Portland, 5.

Northwestern

At Butte—	R.	H.	E.
Great Falls	13	18	1
Butte	5	13	6

Batteries—Hall and Byler; Harrington, Hunt, Leifer and Kafera.

At Spokane—	R.	H.	E.
Vancouver	3	5	4
Spokane	7	11	1

Batteries—Russel and Cadman; Bigbee and Marshall.

At Seattle—	R.	H.	E.
Tacoma	3	7	2
Seattle	1	3	0

Batteries—Gardner and Stevens; Eastley and Cunningham.

WILL BEGIN SEASON AT COLWOOD TRAPS

Prize Offered for Shoot Open to All Beginners by Victoria Gun Club—Other Competitions

The Victoria Gun Club will hold its first shoot of the season on Sunday next, at the club grounds at Colwood, near Florence Lake. A feature of the opening of the season will be a competition for beginners for which a handsome sterling silver watch fob is being offered as a prize. The competition will be open to all shooters who have not shot at over 100 clay birds, members or non-members of the club being eligible to compete. This shoot will be at 25 birds and will start about 3 o'clock.

There will also be club competitions for other trophies, among which is a silver wrist watch donated by Mr. C. Wenger. Shells can be procured on the grounds, and the trophies will be on view in the window of Peden Bros.' store where all particulars of the competitions can be obtained.

INDIVIDUAL EFFORT NEEDED TO WIN WAR

Everyone Must Do Something to Assist, Says Brigadier-General R. G. S. Leckie, Addressing Rotarians.

"All of us must do the best we can, individually, to support our men who are fighting at the front; there is always something one may do as a personal contribution, it may not necessarily be a direct contribution to be effective, for there is much we may do indirectly as individuals which will help our boys win the war," said Brigadier-General R. G. E. Leckie, G.O.C. Military District No. 11, in course of a talk before the members of the Victoria Rotary Club at their regular meeting yesterday. The general, at the same time, regretted that his position would not permit of his putting the matter to the gathering in the light of the urgency for the fullest possible support to the Canadian forces in France. This was one of General Leckie's first public addresses since the formal taking over of his new duties as general officer commanding in this military district. He was greeted by prolonged applause on rising to speak.

In view of the fact that there were 250 men from Victoria under his command at the time Canada's first contribution to the glory of the Empire was made in France, the General felt that a brief narrative of the first months of his command in actual service might be of interest to the Rotarians.

After having passed through the worst mud of the war during their training period in England, the First Canadian unit landed in France on Feb. 11, 1915. Their reception by the French people was particularly cordial, and many little attentions were shown them as they advanced to their training camp behind the lines. From this position they were able to see the flares on the battle line at night and, in the case of still weather, could hear the boom of the heavy artillery. By easy stages they were being made into real soldiers. They were soon moved further south and were broken in on the firing line, a platoon at a time, until each man of the force had served a twenty-four-hour apprenticeship among the veterans of the first-line trenches. At that time it was comparatively quiet on the line and the process was thoroughly practical.

Canadians "Take Over"

Then there came a time when they were moved still further south, and took over a section of the line from the English. They were faced by Saxons, who almost immediately proposed what virtually amounted to an armistice. It was extraordinary in those days, said the general, how well informed the enemy was at all times as to changes in the British trenches. But at that they were able later to fully surprise their Saxon friends. That was during the battle of Neuve Chappelle. Although the Canadians were attached to the army corps which fought in this battle, theirs was but a secondary part. They poured a hot fire into the Saxons' trenches, much to the latter's disgust. They thought it was not fair play to make a surprise attack on them in that way.

Developments in front of the Ypres salient at the moment caused the abandonment of the Neuve Chapelle programme and the Canadians were moved at once to Bailleul, and thence to Ypres. At the latter place his brigade took over a section of the salient which had been held by the "Iron Division" of the French. These were magnificent soldiers and had they supported the Canadians on their left there would have been less danger to the line. The Algerians, who were there, were splendid on the offensive, but they were apt to weaken under attack, as subsequent events showed. The Ypres salient was a bad situation at best.

On the afternoon of April 22 the speaker was standing in headquarters in the city of Ypres when every window of the building was smashed by the force of the explosion of an enemy shell of large calibre not 100 yards distant. This was the first intimation that a German attack was on. Word reached headquarters shortly after, that gas had been liberated on the Canadian's left. The 16th and the 10th Battalions were in billets at Ypres. They were ordered to "stand to" at once. Gen. Leckie, then ranking as a lieutenant-colonel, drew his men up behind the Yser Canal and there they were when the Algerians, apparently in complete rout, poured back across the canal more than two miles in the rear of their former positions. They were suffering severely from the effects of the gas and appeared to be badly demoralised. It was then that Gen. Leckie received orders to advance his command to a counter-attack. The Canadian left was in the air, but they were holding on with grim determination. The only way to check the Germans was by a counter at the break. The 16th and the 16th prepared for the attack. As they moved off it was with the greatest difficulty that the French commanders of the Algerians could understand that the Canadians were going up to fight and were not preparing to retire.

Of that memorable night of April 22, history would pay tribute to the many brave men from British Columbia. The counter-attack was launched with a cheer. "Not a single man hesitated." All was chaos on the front. But a few scattering eyelists and engineers were interposed in the wide breach in the line doing their best to give the enemy the impression that they were a formidable force. With caution Gen. Leckie was able to advance his command close to the advance position of the enemy. It was when they were thus disposed, ready to strike, that he discovered Capt. McGregor, the battalion paymaster, among the officers. When reminded that he was not expected to be there, Capt. McGregor replied that he could not afford to be out of the fight.

Gen. Leckie paid high tribute to the captain's courage and coolness throughout the events of that night, and regretted the great loss of so good an officer in the battalion when, on the following day, he was killed.

The counter-attack was made so suddenly and so vigorously as to completely break up the German advanced positions, and although the ground gained that night was only temporarily held, the attack made it possible to check the Germans long enough to bring up British support to avert a disaster.

COLLISION CASES IN ADMIRALTY COURT

Canadian Pacific Railway Sued by Tanker for $30,000 and Grand Trunk Pacific by Owners of Tug for $1,100.

A claim of $20,000 has been entered in the Admiralty Court by the owners of the oil tanker Beiridge, against the Canadian Pacific Railway, for damages caused by the collision with the steamship Empress of Japan in the Straits of Juan de Fuca on January 31. One of the owners of the Beiridge has the troublesome name of Aktieselkabet Tankfart and the other owner is Wilhelm Wilhelmson. The owners of the Empress of Japan are counter-claiming for a like amount.

The Grand Trunk Pacific is defendant in an action in the Admiralty Court brought by the owner of the tug Cleave, which was in collision with the steamship Prince Rupert. The claim here is for $1,100. Two marine inquiries were held into this accident. The first board of nautical assessors found in favor of the larger vessel; the second finding was in favor of the tug.

Mr. Justice Martin has set June 19 as the date for the sitting of the Admiralty Court.

COMING WEST TO LET CONTRACTS ON COAST

Two Munitions Board Emmissaries on Way With Authority to Order Ship Machinery if Plants Satisfactory.

VANCOUVER, June 14.—Word was received locally yesterday to the effect that two more members of the Imperial Munitions Board of Toronto will be on this Coast early next week with authority to let contracts for machinery for the vessels now being built for the board in British Columbia. Messrs. Russell and Chisholm are the two gentlemen. According to the telegram received here they are to make an inspection of the plants in British Columbia and if in their opinion the plants are able to take on the work they have authority to let contracts for a certain portion.

The several plants in British Columbia whose delegates have been negotiating with Mr. R. P. Butchart and Capt. J. W. Troup for some time in connection with the securing of orders for the engines and machinery for the ships to be built in the Province for the Imperial Munitions Board, have expressed themselves as quite capable of building anything in the machinery line needed for these steamers.

The Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and other concerns have been busy perfecting an organization that will allow of the work being done with speed and economy, and it is expected that as soon as Messrs. Russell and Chisholm have gone into the situation they will at once make disposition of the contracts they are authorized to let.

The committee appointed to represent the British Columbia Metal Trades Association is keeping in close touch with Messrs. Butchart and Troup in connection with the building of engines and auxiliary machinery of the ships to be built here.

JITNEYS ORGANIZE FULL CITY SERVICE

Motor Cars Will Operate on All Lines Except Esquimalt Today—Oak Bay Only Ten Cent Fare

The Victoria Jitney Association was on the job early yesterday in an effort to relieve the paralysis of transportation in the city through the street car strike.

Jitneys started out on the roads at 6 o'clock in the morning. The number was gradually swelled during the day, until by noon there were fifty cars. Secretary Warren was kept busy all day organizing jitney services to all parts of the city. Many of these lines have been practically without jitneys since the collapse of the jitney boom early last year. Continuous service is being given up until midnight.

By the middle of the day good jitney services had been organized between the city and Oak Bay, Willows, Hillside, Haultain, Beacon Hill, Douglas, Fairfield, and Foul Bay. On all these lines, with the exception of Oak Bay and Hollywood lines, because of the length of the trip and the bad condition of the roads.

The only artery on which jitneys were not operating yesterday was Esquimalt. The cars shunned this route because of impositions placed on them by the Esquimalt Council. Before evening, however, there were forty-five calls at the jitney headquarters, 414-5 Sayward Building, from residents in the Esquimalt district, pleading for a service.

This morning, thirty-two extra cars will be placed in service. Included in these are two large tally-hos that will run to the Willows. The jitney men today hope to have their service so regulated that there will be no bunching of cars. Yesterday each car was kept on the go, as loads were always waiting.

The jitney association last night had a number of route signs painted for the cars.

The city terminii of the jitney routes are at Douglas and Fort and Douglas and Yates Streets.

Britton and Lewis Draw

NEW YORK, June 14.—Jack Britton, of Chicago, and Ted (Kid) Lewis fought ten rounds to a draw here tonight. Britton weighed 136½lb. and Lewis 134½lb.

Hockey Player Wounded

OTTAWA, June 14.—Angus Duford, the former sensational forward of the Ottawa Hockey Club, has been dangerously wounded at the front. Duford went overseas last year with one of the local batteries. He was in the Vimy Ridge battle, but escaped uninjured.

TODAY Is Dollar Day — Gordons, 739 Yates St. Phone 5510 — TODAY Is Dollar Day

Gordon's Dollar Day Bargains

Scores of other important savings are not mentioned in this advertisement. Visit every department; they all have many important bargains.

An Extraordinary Sale of Women's Lingerie Waists at $1.00

A Dollar Bill looks pretty small when you hold it up beside any of these dainty Waists we are offering for Dollar Day. The lot includes three hundred only. Made of voile, lawn, pique and mull, in a variety of becoming styles. Regular up to $2.50 values. We mention a few of the many styles:

Dainty Voile Waists, with embroidered designs large sailor collars and fancy cuffs. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Another pretty style made of fine voile, with embroidery panel and collar to match. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Pretty Mull Waists, with front daintily embroidered, large pointed collar and fancy cuffs; picoted seams. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Sport Waists, in fine mull, with colored coin spots; large collars of white lawn lace, and picoted trimmed. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Striped Voile Waists in delicate colors, with large white collars and cuffs. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Smart Pique Waists, plain tailored style, with convertible collars and turn-back cuffs. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Handsome Waists, in voile, with large pointed embroidery collars, insertion in front and fancy cuffs. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Beautiful Waists, with embroidery and lace insertion, large cape collar and turn-back cuffs. Dollar Day, each $1.00

—Waist Section, First Floor

Six Big Bargains for Tonight At 8 o'Clock

Girls' Lingerie Dresses

Original to $9.50 Values Tonight 8 o'Clock $1.00

Girls' White Lingerie Dresses, made of lawn, voile, crepe and mull, trimmed with fine lace and Swiss embroidery; also a few Allover Embroidery Dresses. Many styles to choose from, in sizes 2 to 12 years. Original $1.50 to $9.50 values. Tonight at 8 o'clock $1.00

—Children's Dresses, First Floor

Women's Hosiery

Regular to 50c Values Tonight 8 o'Clock .... 3 for $1.00

Women's Silk Lisle and Silk Boot Hose, in shades of sky, pink, white and black; sizes 8½ to 10. Regular to 50c values. Tonight 8 o'clock, 3 pairs for $1.00

—Hosiery, Main Floor

Stamped Gowns and Combinations

Special Tonight at $1.00

Ladies' Gowns and Combinations, stamped on excellent quality longcloth, dainty patterns for French and eyelet embroidery. All are completely made up gowns; in sizes 16 and 17. Combinations in sizes 36 to 42. Special Dollar Day $1.00

—Art Needlework, Main Floor

New Neckwear Novelties

Regular $1.25 Values Tonight 8 o'Clock 53c

An exceptionally fine range of new Neckwear novelties, crepe de Chine, Georgette crepe, net and voile. They come in various styles, such as round, sailor and many other shapes. Some are lace trimmed; others are daintily embroidered. Regular to $1.25 values. Dollar Day, each ..... 53¢

—Neckwear, Main Floor

Fancy Dress Voiles

Regular to 50c Values Tonight 8 o'Clock 33c

A Special Offering Tonight of 300 yards of Fancy Dress Voiles. These are shown in all the latest styles and colorings; width 36 inches. Reg. 45c and 50c values. Tonight 8 o'clock, yard ..... 33¢

—Wash Goods, in Basement

Women's House Dresses

Regular to $2.50 Values Tonight 8 o'Clock $1.00

Women's House Dresses, made of crepe, percale and gingham, with long and three-quarter sleeves. Some are made with Dutch collars; others have convertible. All sizes. Regular $1.50 to $2.50 values. Tonight at 8 o'clock $1.00

—First Floor

The House Furnishing Department Offers Many Important Bargains for Dollar Day

Regular to $5.00 Grass Rugs Dollar Day, Each $2.69

About fifteen of these to choose from Dollar Day. Some are reversible; others have handsome stencilled borders with plain centres as well as handsome Oriental styles, in blue, brown and green. Sizes 4-6 x 7-6. Regular to $5.00 values. Dollar Day, each $2.69

Regular to $3.50 Carpet Ends Dollar Day, Each $1.00

Twenty only, Carpet Ends, all 1 1-3 yards long. Some are fine Wilton borders, others are Brussels body and borders. Regular to $3.50 values. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Reg. to $1.00 Cushion Squares Dollar Day, Each 29c

Squares suitable for cushion tops and fancy bags in sizes 18 x 24, 22 x 22 and 24 x 24. A choice of heavy tapestry; plain and figured repp; crash, monk's cloth, printed linen, shadow cloths, repps and many other styles. Regular to $1.00 values. Dollar Day, each 29c

Reg. to $2.85 Congoleum Rugs Dollar Day, Each $1.00

Eight only of these Rugs to choose from, in sizes 4-6x6-0; 4-6x4-6, and 3x6 ft. If you want one of these you should be here early Dollar Day. Regular to $2.85 values. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Six Only, Carpet Squares, at Great Reductions

1 Only Body Wilton; light green. Regular $65.00. Dollar Day $27.50

1 Only, Brown Scotch Wool; size 9 x 12. Regular $23.50. Dollar Day $13.75

1 Only, Brown Scotch Wool; size 9 x 10-6. Regular $20.50. Dollar Day $13.75

1 Only, Brown Scotch Wool; size 7-6 x 9-0. Regular $19.50. Dollar Day $11.75

1 Only, Green Seamless Tapestry. Regular $17.50 value. Dollar Day $11.75

1 Only, Green Scotch Wool; size 9 x 9. Regular $12.50. Dollar Day $9.75

Reg. to $8.50 Fringed Axminster Brussels Rugs, Each $3.98

Fine Axminster and Brussels Fringed Rugs; in sizes 45 x 76 and 45 x 58. Only a limited quantity in green and brown shades. Regular to $8.50 values. Dollar Day, each $3.98

Regular to $2.50 Grass Rugs Dollar Day, Each $1.39

A splendid choice of these useful Summer Rugs, in shades of green, brown and blue; size 36 x 72 inches. Regular to $2.50 values. Dollar Day, each $1.39

Regular to 50c Curtain Materials Dollar Day, Per Yard, 29c

A choice of fine voile, scrim and H. S. Borders, H. S. Marquisette, cross-bar voiles, rich cream Madras muslins bordered, and fine all-over bungalow nets in white, ivory and ecru. Regular 35c, 39c and 50c values. Dollar Day, per yard 29c

Regular to $1.50 Grass Rugs Dollar Day, Each $1.00

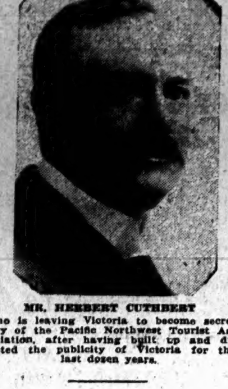
Only a limited quantity of these for Dollar Day; sizes 36 x 72 and 30 x 60 inches. All the wanted colors. Regular $1.25 and $1.50 values. Dollar Day, each $1.00

Regular to 75c Repp, Taffeta, Chintz and Fine Cretonnes, Yard 39c

At this price you can choose from some of our best quality fine Repp, rich Taffeta, Dimity and fine English and American Cretonnes. A splendid choice of the much-wanted colorings. Widths 30, 33 and 36 inches. Regular to 75c values. Dollar Day, per yard 39c

CITY BIDS FAREWELL TO MR. CUTHBERT

Publicity Matters Discussed at Dinner to Local Man Who Assumes Control of Greatest Tourist Association.



MR. HERBERT CUTHBERT

Who is leaving Victoria to become secretary of the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association, after having built up and directed the publicity of Victoria for the last dozen years.

Business and public men of Victoria last night gave a farewell dinner at the Dominion Hotel to Mr. Herbert Cuthbert, who has resigned as commissioner of the Victoria and Island Development Association, after having built it up during the last thirteen years, to become secretary of the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association, which the states of Oregon, Washington and the Province of British Columbia plan to make the greatest publicity organization in the world. Mr. Cuthbert is moving to Seattle, where his head office will be established and whence during the next year he will direct the expenditure of $57,250 contributed by the two states and this Province to make the Pacific Northwest known throughout the continent.

The meeting enthusiastically endorsed the declaration of Mayor Todd, who presided, that Mr. Cuthbert had put the advantages of Victoria on the tourist map through his earnestness, ability and devotion to the upbuilding of the city. The mayor also pointed out that it is a great compliment to Victoria that her own publicity expert, Mr. Cuthbert, had been chosen as secretary of the organization in open competition with the biggest publicity men in Washington and Oregon.

At the head table with the mayor and Mr. Cuthbert were Mr. James Forman, president of the Victoria Board of Trade, Mr. J. L. Beckwith, of the Victoria and Island Development Association, and Mr. Charles Armstrong, who is succeeding Mr. Cuthbert as commissioner here. Those at the dinner included representatives of all local public, business and patriotic organizations.

Mr. Cuthbert emphasized the fact that from now on his interests will be those of the whole Pacific Northwest and not confined to any one locality. He asserted that if Victoria is to get its full benefit from the publicity given the whole district, it will have to co-operate with the other cities and support its own publicity commissioner. "Victoria cannot lie down now, but must organize to dovetail into the work of the P.N.W. T.A.," he said.

Mr. Armstrong endorsed this. "This is not the time for us to sit back and think we can let the larger appropriation of the greater association work for us," cried Mr. Armstrong. "This is the time for us to get busy as has the tourist association of Vancouver, which has already appropriated $19,000 to cash in on the results of the larger appropriation. It is up to us today to get in and work harder than ever before."

"Mr. Cuthbert himself has done the major part of the publicity work in the city of Victoria," continued Mr. Armstrong. "In following in the track of Mr. Cuthbert's footsteps, I am following in the steps of a man who has some footsteps.

"Mr. Cuthbert has brought to bear on his work here a ripe and mellow experience in publicity matters, and for that reason he has been selected above all advertising men of the Pacific Northwest. There is no bigger organization of its type in the world today than the organization of which Mr. Cuthbert is becoming secretary. His selection is a tribute to Victoria."

Mr. Armstrong said that from what he saw and heard in England and at the front, emigration after the war from Europe will be greater than ever before. He said Australia was carrying out a great publicity campaign, chiefly among the soldiers, and it was up to this country to do the same and try to surpass Australia.

Will Miss Public Services

"Mr. Cuthbert's services, which have always been at the disposal of our public institutions, will be much missed in this community," said Mr. James Forman, president of the Victoria Board of Trade.

"We take to ourselves the credit of discovering Mr. Cuthbert when we were casting about for a secretary," continued Mr. Forman, in telling of the organization of the Tourist Association. Among the early activities of the organization was inducing Mr. Anton Henderson to put on the first tally-ho.

"I have always been surprised Mr. Cuthbert has not been taken into the publicity department of one of the big railway companies," Mr. Forman went on.

Mr. Forman complimented Mr. Stephen Jones, one of the founders of the association, on his support of the establishment of the Empress Hotel here, although it was in competition with his own business.

Mr. Beckwith recalled the early days of the Tourist Association, telling how before Victoria had made little advance, Mr. Cuthbert was pounding away for the improvement of the city. He told of how C.P.R. officials declared that they, with all their facilities, could not get out publicity material that could "compare with that produced by Mr. Cuthbert."

Merits Wider Field

Mr. Stephen Jones declared the tourist association has never had cause to regret the appointment of Mr. Cuthbert as its secretary. He described the untiring determination of Mr. Cuthbert and the founders of the association in convincing Baron Shaughnessy that the C.P.R. should build one of its hotels here.

"Mr. Cuthbert is so irrepressible that you can't discourage him," Mr. Jones went on. "He will always bob up again. It is a serious loss Victoria is sustaining in losing Mr. Cuthbert. I have always looked upon Mr. Cuthbert as a publicity man deserving a greater field than we can give him."

Victorians' True Friend

"If anyone has lived among Victoria people as long as I have, travel the whole world over as he may, he will not find a better set of fellows than in Victoria," said Mr. Cuthbert, who was received with great applause. "When they are your friends, they are your friends. I can't remember a single man joining a board of directors in the whole fifteen years who has not at the end of his term of office been one of my permanent personal friends.

Mr. Cuthbert referred to Mayor Todd as a man of strong force of character. He said that as long as there are men of the Mayor's type in politics there will be little wrong. Mr. Cuthbert paid compliments to Mr. Beckwith, Mr. Jones, Mr. Joshua Kingham and Mr. Frank Higgins as leaders in the publicity organization.

"The great thing in publicity matters is not to spend money, but to know what not to spend it on," continued Mr. Cuthbert. "We have endeavored to spend our money so as to get the best value and at the same time three or four times the publicity we have paid for.

"If you had never had the Empress Hotel in Victoria you would not have the C.P.R. owning the E. & N. Railway and Victoria the home port of the C.P.R. Coast fleet. You have them anchored here in the Empress Hotel."

He said Mayor Todd was responsible for the inception of the Georgian circuit and its name. He declared that the circuit shows how people here can co-operate with outside organizations for the benefit of all.

"For the first time in the history of the United and Canada," Mr. Cuthbert went on, "we have three states bound together in the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association, not for developing their own little district, but the whole territory. We intend to make the Pacific Northwest a household word in Eastern Canada and the United States. We are going to get this advertising not only from the money spent, but tacking to it all the forces that go to make up a community."

Tourist Greatest Industry

Mr. Cuthbert asserted that from United States Government estimates, $1,000,000 a day is spent in California. He said that the tourist industry brings better money into a city, and increases business for merchants while not increasing competition amongst them.

He told of how the Southern Pacific Railway is spending several hundred thousand dollars this year to "manufacture travel" from the East to the Western States. He predicted that the inauguration of the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association would mark the commencement of a new era in the development of travel in this country. As to the advantage of tourists to a community besides the money they spend while traveling, he said that many wealthy tourists settle in cities such as Victoria, which they visit and make investments and start industries there. As an example of this he instanced Los Angeles, built up solely on advertising, which is now securing more industries than any city on the Pacific Coast purely through the investments of its wealthy residents.

Mr. Cuthbert gave "Industries Follow Tourists" as one of his watchwords in the publicity business. He also emphasized the need of strict truthfulness in advertising, never telling the public you have a thing you haven't got. He said that during his whole career he had never made one publicity statement that could not be fully backed up and justified by facts.

It was pointed out that all of Mr. Cuthbert's male relatives of military age are now serving with the Canadian forces overseas.

Referring to Mr. Armstrong's appointment Mr. Cuthbert said it was fitting that he should get the position, as he is a returned soldier. "Wherever there is a returned soldier fit for any office he should get above all others," said Mr. Cuthbert.

Mr. Jones and the Mayor spoke on the interference with tourist travel brought about by the immigration and emigration regulations which have been put into force by the Governments of the United States and Canada.

Mr. Jones said that the Dominion regulations imposed at the beginning of the war against artisans coming into British Columbia from the United States should be abolished now as this Province is suffering from shortage of man power.

Alderman Peden said that as long as he was a member of the City Council he would support the publicity grant to the Victoria and Island Development Association "even if I went down to defeat on it."

"But," he added, "our great work is to keep educating the public as to the needs of increased publicity. We must remember that as we increase our population here we increase our values. I urge every business man to get behind Mr. Armstrong in his work here in co-operation with the greater tourist organization."

During the evening Mr. J. O. Dunford sang. Mr. W. H. P. Sweeney was chief organizer of the dinner.

WINNIPEG MAN CURED

Says Dr. Cassell's Tablets Saved Him From Nervous Breakdown

Mr. G. C. Inman, 280 Harcourt Street, Sturgeon Creek, Winnipeg, for many years a well-known man in the business life of Canada, says: "I was terribly run down and weak. I had no appetite, and I suffered if I forced myself to eat. My nerves were in a bad way, and my sleep very disturbed. Everything pointed to a nervous breakdown. Then I got Dr. Cassell's Tablets. The first result was that I could sleep, and then my health rapidly improved. It was really astonishing how my strength and fitness came back."

Mr. Inman is now in England, managing the well-known firm of A. W. Inman & Son, Printers and Publishers, Leeds. Letters will reach him there.

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 3 cents for mailing and packing. Address: Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul Street, Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the surest home remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervous Ailments, Nerve Paralysis, Palpitation and Weakness in Children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Prices: One tube, 50 cents; six tubes for the price of five. Beware of imitations said to contain hypophosphites. The composition of Dr. Cassell's Tablets is known only to the proprietors, and no imitations can ever be the same.

Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, England

WILLING TO SHAKE HANDS AFTER FIGHT

English Writer Asserts That Britons Are Not Vindictive Even if Adversaries Have Taken Unfair Advantage.

A correspondent who calls himself "A Man in the Street," and who has lost three near kinsmen in the war, writes to me with perfect truth that "the public has a short memory: only those who have been sorely hit remember long." In other words, he reminds us that Britons are not vindictive.

After a fight they are ready to shake hands and be friends. Even if their adversary has taken a mean advantage, they are willing, too often, to forget the trickery. But the war which now approaches the end of its third year will have been fought in vain if it do not eradicate this curse of forgetfulness; if it do not persuade us to cultivate henceforth a memory which is at once long and precise.

There are times when vindictiveness is the plain duty of man. It is our business to take vengeance upon the Huns, now as in the future, and for this reason we must be careful not to forget their crimes and brutalities. Some things there are which will stay easily in our minds, especially such as tickle our sense of humor. That absurd thing called "Kultur," for instance, the intellectual discipline of scoundrels who break treaties, murder women, play the part of highway robbers, and make pigs' fodder of their dead, is assured of immortality.

For many a year to come it will be a joke of the Christmas pantomimes, an Aunt Sally for the shafts of the happy jester. The monstrous system, in truth, which the supreme law-breakers hoped to impose upon an abject world must appear ridiculous at last even to the docile professors who once sang its praises. And its folly will keep it green in the minds of men until the end of time.

Nothing Sacred to Huns

But though "Kultur" is assured a permanent place in the record of human absurdity, there is a danger that the darker crimes with which the Huns are stained may slide into oblivion. They are grim to think about, they would be a foul blot even upon Yahoos, and to the simple-minded who know not Germany they may seem incredible. Truly they transcend the experience of all other nations, and they will be slurred over with a phrase, as Bismarck slurred over the atrocities of 1870, if we are not resolute to keep our memories long. Today we all know what they are. Better still, an exact and truthful account has been kept of them. So that when peace once more returns to the world there will be no excuse for making light of them, or for refusing to exact from the wrongdoers the heaviest penalty.

For many years before the war began the whole world was thickly sown with German spies. As Bismarck fifty years ago employed a masterspy, the insatiable Stieber, to undermine the solidarity of France, so the Kaiser has done his best to stir up trouble all over the world. When he came to England, a too welcome guest, he thought it no shame to bring with him Stieber's successor. And so widely spread was this Hunnish conspiracy that wherever you find a German abroad, in business or in schools and colleges, you find an enemy of the country whose guest he was. Shall we have a short memory for this heinous breach of hospitality? Shall we ever again admit as a fellow-citizen a naturalized conspirator, a rascal sent hither under a thin cloak of amity to filch our secrets and to impair our security?

And then let it be remembered that when the Huns, having torn up a solemn treaty, invaded Belgium, they trampled under foot all the conventions which restrain honorable men in the conduct of war. They overran the country, which they were pledged to protect, not as soldiers, but as burglars and assassins. Wherever they went they left behind them a long trail of robbery and defilement. They showed themselves for what they are—the last savages surviving in Europe. They committed atrocities which would shame the head-hunters of Borneo or the cannibals of the Solomon Islands. Nothing was sacred from their fire and sword. They murdered women and old men; they burnt churches and pillaged castles. The trains which brought food to their army went home again laden with their pilfered spoils.

Shirkers After the War

And then by a stroke of unexampled cruelty they deported the inhabitants of the occupied territories, sending the men to slavery and the women to the worst indignity which they could devise. Brutal in advance, they have shown themselves yet greater monsters in retreat. Robbed of their victory, they have wreaked their rage upon cities and churches, and then by a masterpiece of reasoned ingenuity they destroyed the fruit trees of fertile France. If they can help it, France shall not rise from her ashes for many a long year. She shall be left without houses, without factories, without crops, while Germany will be free to resume her normal life as soon as peace is signed. It was a pretty calculation, which will be foiled only if the Huns are compelled to make reparation to the uttermost farthing.

Are not these crimes meet for remembrance? Shall the least of them ever be expunged from the tablets of our memory? Nor is the tale of wickedness yet told. Whenever the Huns have found an ally, they have inoculated him with their own poison. The Turk, once a clean fighter, has become, at the mere contact with the Hun, as brutal as his master. With amazing docility he has learned all the lessons of foulness which Germany had to teach, and Germany must bear the weight not only of her own sins but of the sins of her friends.

And as we must have no short memory for the Huns, so we must have no short memory for those of our compatriots who have brought aid and comfort to the foe. The "intellectuals," in and out of Parliament, must not escape notice. Their disloyalty, bred of vanity and discontent, must be kept in mind and adequately punished. Now that America is our ally, the field of their activity is naturally curtailed. One of the worst among them had the effrontery to announce not long since that he did not intend to return to his native land. We should make it clear to him and his like that, if they do venture to come home again, a swift trial for treason will await them.

There remain the "conscientious" shirkers, who today live like the lilies of the field. After the war they shall be marked men, who never again shall share the common life of their countrymen. For their crime a fitting penalty is already found; they shall be debarred their sole business, but which is, in truth, the privilege of honest citizens. Such are some of the infamous ones whom we must keep in mind when the day of settlement comes. The British people will then be asked to pronounce judgment on lawless foes and home-bred traitors alike, and the British people will not do its duty unless its memory is as long as the arm of a just retribution.—London Daily Mail.

GERMAN BIRTH RATE FALLS 38.3 PER CENT

Decrease Over 1914 Causes Grave Anxiety as to Empire's Population — Food Problem Grave.

The great decline in the German birth rate due to the war continues to produce disquietude among German sociologists, according to a Copenhagen cable to The New York Sun. Official statistics of the Imperial Health Bureau for cities with populations of 15,000 and over and 200,000 and over birth rate of 1916 as compared with that in 1915, which itself was some 20 per cent below that of 1914.

Twenty-six German cities in the class of populations of 200,000 and over report a decrease of 98,093 births, or 38.3 per cent, as contrasted with the percentage of cities with populations of 15,000 and over is slightly higher, namely, 39⅓ per cent. The decrease in births was accompanied by a corresponding fall in the death rate of infants under one year old, which was 13.3 per cent of thhe births, but this has not diminished the anxiety of the sociological experts, who are holding congresses to awaken popular interest in this menace to Germany's future.

The Government simultaneously is devoting intensive study to the repopulation problem through commissions attached to the Ministry of the Interior, in the Reichstag to counteract the nation's falling rate of growth by measures calculated to stimulate the birth rate and lower infant mortality.

Germany is at present rejoicing in an over-supply of fish, owing to unusually large catches in the waters of the Baltic Sea and heavy imports. The population is being implored by the newspapers to eat more fish, which is now obtainable without cards and below the legal maximum price. The army, too, is oversupplied, and the smoking establishments have more fish on hand than they can preserve. Foreign sources in Denmark have been notified to limit or temporarily discontinue shipments of fish.

A big crop of early asparagus is causing the German newspapers to use big headlines, as in the case of fish, on the phenomenon of the law of supply and demand, which is producing a market price below the legal maximum.



6,000 Feet of Film Recording Late Events—Stupendous for the Future of the World—And Red Hot From the Anvil of War

Arrival of fresh troops from England for the Spring offensive; final inspection and dispatch of different units to the battle line.

Trench raids and small attacks keep the Boche busy, while guns pound the enemy lines, and rifle, grenades and mortar bombs take toll.

The tanks roll forward into battle position, gliding over ground rough or smooth like ships on land, while heavy munitions are rushed forward.

THESE picturss bring the war up to date as far as the retreat of the Germans to the Hindenburg Line, and show the British offensive of Spring of 1917. This film is the absolutely authentic production of military camera operators working by direction of the British Government to produce a permanent pictorial record of the war.

Six Reels of Action Containing Six Months of Struggle

WEEK OF JUNE 18 TO 23

ROYAL VICTORIA

British battle planes rise to reconnoitre the German positions and drive away enemy observers of preparations for the great coming attack.

THE DAY—THE HOUR—three minutes more and then—THE MINUTE. The troops leap forward to the attack through a hail of bullets.

Victory! Germans surrender wholesale. The wounded. A scene as of heaven and earth crashed together. Ruins of Bapaume. Soldiers make merry.

DESCRIBES FATE FOR PRISONERS OF U-BOAT

Neutral Crew Taken From British Ship Tell of Experience Aboard Submarine and in Retention Camp.

Reuter's Agency has received from a Spanish source an account of the adventures of eight Spanish seamen on a German submarine and in a German prison camp. These eight men, who have been recently sent back to Barcelona, formed part of the crew of the British vessel Gravina, which was sunk on February 7 last.

The ship was struck amidships and broke in two halves, and the fifteen survivors were able to keep afloat by clinging to two bales of corkwood. "In about half an hour's time," states one of the Spaniards, "we saw a submarine coming towards us. We shouted, 'We are Spaniards, we are Spaniards! Save us!' The submarine came near to us, and many of the crew were on its platform looking at us and laughing at our struggles. We expected to be picked up quickly, but no, we still had to remain in the water another ten minutes while the submarine officers prepared their cameras to photograph us. Having done this, they proceeded to save us. They threw lifebelts attached to ropes and got us on board. We had now been fighting against death for three-quarters of an hour. We were immediately made to go below through the after-hatch to the part of the submarine used for discharging torpedoes and storing ammunition. In this floating prison we found two companions in misfortune, the captains of two English steamers sunk by the same submarine.

"The monotonous but not tranquil life was disturbed from time to time by a rapid manoeuvre. Some vessel was in sight and it was necessary to sink it. They forced us to load the torpedo, an operation which was performed with all the repugnance of honorable men. They opened the chamber of the tube, made us lift the torpedo and put it in. Afterwards they gave the order to fire, and after a few seconds of anxiety we heard a formidable explosion. The German seamen jumped, laughed and sang. They had hit the target. During the twelve days that we were on board they sank five vessels, among them a Swedish sailing ship, which was sunk by cannon shots. Generally speaking we went down at night-time, and although submerged we always navigated. In the day time we came up on to the surface of the sea, which, however, they never allowed us to see. We were aware of it by the change of motors. Our region of operation (that is, of the submarine) was for nine days south of Ireland.

"On February 18, 1917, we started on the homeward trip to the naval base, as the German seamen informed us. We went up the west side of England, round the north, and then to Jutland always on the surface, and in three days arrived in the waters of Heligoland. One of us managed to see the engineer's diary, where the following particulars appeared: 'Eighteen miles' speed on the surface and thirteen miles submerged; 12,000 tons. Crew of thirty,' and in each page was noted U 31. Four hours before arriving at the island of Heligoland they made all the prisoners go up on the deck platform, and they photographed us. They then ordered us down below again to the torpedo room. The port where we landed was not very large. There were about a dozen submarines and four or five destroyers there, but all the quays and jetties bristled with seamen with bayonets fixed."

Finnish Dasbardly

After describing their journey to and arrival in a prison camp, where they found themselves amongst Russians numbering about 250, the account continues:

"Three days after arrival in camp we were awakened by cries from the Russians who slept in the hut. Fire had broken out in one hut apart from the others, which served as a dungeon where they shut up prisoners who were rebellious. That day six Russians, one Frenchman, and one Englishman were undergoing punishment. The prisoners naturally called to be let out, but in vain. The sentry remained unmoved. No doubt he was awaiting orders from his superiors. Those inside the dungeon were being stifled. The Englishman broke the panes of a small window, with the idea of freeing himself and his companions. The sentry, seeing him leaning out of the window, gave him a tremendous bayonet thrust in the chest. The wounded man fell like lead. A small but revolting struggle then took place. The prisoners attempted to get out, and the German soldier reddened his bayonet again and again with the blood of the men shut up, who saw with horror that the fire was increasing. The conflagration could not be extinguished by the other prisoners until it had done its work. The eight unhappy individuals who occupied the dungeon were corpses. For an hour afterwards nothing was heard but shouts of indignation. It looked as if a formidable outbreak would take place. The guards were immediately reinforced, and we were surrounded by a number of German soldiers. The commander of the camp issued an order stating that he was sorry for what had occurred, and that on the following day he would allow the funeral of the victims to take place with ceremony.

"It was not all the prisoners who resigned themselves to suffer what was imposed on them. The English, above all, were the most rebellious. One day we were present at a scene which was celebrated with great rejoicing in all the camp. An English seaman, who already had one eye blind as a result of blows they had given him on a previous occasion, refused to obey two officers who ordered him to go to work. They reviled one another mutually, and finally the Englishman invited them to fight, giving them such punches that as a consequence we saw them for days afterwards with their heads bandaged. The German soldiers were the first to scoff at the cowardice of their superiors. The English sailor was condemned to bread and water until the end of the war.

"What saddened me most were the seventy old men and thirty children of 13 to 14 years of age, all English except one, who was French; they were reservists who had been captured on board the vessels sunk, and ran from hut to hut asking for sweets and cakes. Another day I also suffered a great shock on seeing the English captain of our steamer Gravina, who had on the preceding six years from his family, who came up to us to beg for bread. 'I have always been good to you. Have compassion on me. Give me a little piece of bread, if you can spare it.' We certainly had no reason to complain of his treatment of us, and we suspected him. We gave him all we could."

On April 14 the eight Spanish seamen were entrained for the Swiss frontier. All the way they were much struck by the number of wounded and by the general air of depression among the people. When they reached the Swiss frontier they made a present of nearly a pound of soap to the German who had been in charge of their train, and who had treated them kindly. The German was overjoyed. "You do not know what you are giving me," he said; "this is worth about 20 marks (£1)."..

"THE WOLF TRIBE"

German Corpse Factories Explained

Hardened though they are to shock upon shock of Hun barbarity, many people scarcely credited—until proof came from a German newspaper—the terrible German "corpse factory."

The Germans, they reflected, are a European race. They belong to our common Aryan stock. They are decadent, brutalized; they have committed atrocities that have only been previously perpetrated by savage races in the dark ages of world history. But here is horror that savages have never done, horror wreaked not upon the Huns' enemies, but upon their own people; horror that surpasses cannibalism in its revolting details; horror that has sickened the souls of all humanity. The "corpse factory," the thought must surely be some super-nightmare of war's crop of rumors. It was impossible.

And so it would be impossible were the Germans a European people, or, indeed, a people of any of the ancient civilized races of the world. But they are none of these. They are "not" European, "not" Aryan. They are a race alone and apart, interlopers and squatters in Europe. They are the "Wolf Tribe."

Lieutenant-Colonel L. A. Waddell, C. B., traveller, explorer, archaeologist, ethnologist, philologist, and author of many learned books, has devoted a large part of his busy lifetime—and his entire time during the last ten years—to a research into the origin of our Aryan ancestors and their civilization. He has made discoveries which revolutionize the established views held by historians and anthropologists (views, be it remarked, mainly self-interestedly foisted upon us by German professors), and is shortly publishing those discoveries in an important volume.

Only his book can set forth the full argument of Colonel Waddell's laborious researches, but in the meantime he has given to a Daily Mail interviewer these interesting proofs of the non-European, non-Aryan ancestry of the German "Wolf Tribe," explanations of the existence of a wild beast race in Europe that can conduct "corpse factories."

Colonel Waddell's facts will be refreshing to British people who have always resented the insolent, nauseous claim of the most uncouth people in Europe to "cousinship" with us.

Teutons Not Aryans

The Teutons, says Colonel Waddell, are not racially Aryans at all. Huxley wrote: The characteristic mode of speech termed "Aryan" were developed among the blonde long-heads alone. This definition totally excludes the Germans and Prussians, who are all round-heads or short-heads.

Germans allied to the Turks—Their head formation inexorably affiliates the Germans to the "Alpine Race," which is essentially Turanian, from Central Asia, and of the same stock as the Huns and Turks. The Germans are relatively latecomers to Europe who have adopted the Aryan language from their civilized Aryan neighbors, and together with it a veneer of their civilization. Their uncouth form of spelling and their long, agglutinating compound words suggest that alien origin.

The "Wolf Tribe"—Colonel Waddell has found new and positive evidence connecting these Teutonic Turanians with the prehistoric "Wolf Tribe." Vestiges of early history of the wolf are widely found in the earliest historic and prehistoric remains and customs in Ancient Egypt, Asia, and Europe. The only modern nation which has clung to the primitive tribal badges of the cult of this ravenous beast are the Germans. Colonel Waddell has now discovered that the name "Ger-man," or "Alle-man," means "Wolf-man." "Ger," "Geri," or "Garm," was the chief wolf which attended upon Wodan, or Odin, the "All-Father" of the Germans, and it associates the Germans with the Turanian Germatians, who disposed of their dead by throwing the corpses to dogs.

Attila, the Hun, was of the "Wolf Tribe." Tacitus said that the name "Ger-mans" was invented by the Germans to "inspire terror" ("frightfulness"). The Hymn of Hate has an old foundation, for even the very name of Wodan is derived from a word meaning "hate." "Hun," again, is derived from Hunds ("hound"), the modern name for a wolf in Indo-Persia.

"Frits" means "of the Wolf Tribe"—"Fritz," that popular Hun name, has, says Colonel Waddell, an almost ununcanny appropriateness. It also means "Wolf," and, indeed, the word "frightfulness" comes from the same root. "Wolf," pure and simple, is, moreover, one of the commonest German surnames.

The Wolf's Heaven

It is impossible within a newspaper column to enter upon Colonel Waddell's cogent derivations of these damning stigmata upon Hun heredity. He proves that even "Valhalla," the Heaven of the Teutons, was only a "Wolf's Heaven," exclusively reserved for those who died shedding blood and sword in hand. All peaceful, and therefore evil, Germans went to eternal torture in "The Abode of Anguish" in the realm of the she-wolf Hela (Hell). The famous banquet of German heroes in Valhalla was evidently 'human corpses,' pointing to cannibalism of the heroes while on earth. A dying medieval Teutonic King thus sings of the feast:

"We were cut to pieces with swords,
but this fills me with joy
When I think of the feast that is preparing for me in Odin's palace.
Quickly seated there we shall drink out of the skulls of our enemies."

The food of this "Heaven" is suggestively provided by the two foraging carrion wolves of Odin:

"Geri and Freki feed the war-faring Famed Father of Hosts."

And even the "All-Father" himself, who has lived by the sword, is eventually fated to perish by the fangs of the all-devouring wolf. A grim mythology for ordinary races, but, like the "Gott" of the German of today, it was made for the great German "spirituality."

A Carrion Heaven

German Eagle a Carrion Raven—And finally, even the German eagle is not an eagle. He is a carrion, corpse-feeding raven or vulture. The "Lord God Wodan" was accompanied by two ravens, which, together with his two wolves, "follow the fight and pounce upon the fallen." There is no mention whatever of eagles. They are an invention of modern German arrogance. The double-headed "German Eagle" is merely "the conjoined pair of corpse-feeding ravens" of Odin, and an examination of this hideous bird, as pictured by the Germans themselves, shows that it is not a falcon or eagle, but a bedraggled pair of foul carrion ravens.

It is significant, says Colonel Waddell, that such a wide array of wolfish titles and badges should have been so zealously treasured by the Germans through the ages for their tribes and ethics. The Hun love for inhuman atrocities has been fostered by this savage "wolf cult." The "Gospel of Hate," the chosen policy of "frightfulness," the wanton destruction of human life and property, the massacres of helpless women and children, the recourse to vitriolic gases and liquid fire, the fiendish inoculation of captives with disease germs, the training of dogs to bite defenceless prisoners, and, lastly, the terrible "corpse factories," are all obviously part of this tribal cult of the wolf and the carrion raven. German 'Kultur' is betrayed by its own evidence and professors to be literally "The Cult of the Wolf."—London Daily Mail.

TO LEARN FROM BRITISH SYSTEM

General Pershing Expects to Profit by Study of Methods of Handling Men and Supplies in France.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, via London, June 14.—(From the Associated Press correspondent).—The news of the arrival of Major-Gen. eral John J. Pershing, the American commander in France spread through the British armies today and was received with the utmost satisfaction. While Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig was represented in the welcoming of the American army vanguard at the port of landing, more elaborate British honors await their visit to this section of the Western front.

General Pershing will be a valued man for the Allied war council in the future and will have the opportunity to study and to witness the offensive actions before his divisions arrive.

On his journey to France General Pershing had the opportunity to see the efficiency of the British transport machinery in operation, and was much impressed by it. Later he expects to go more thoroughly into the British system of handling supplies and men at the various bases, for the problems of American forces with the overseas expedition will be largely similar to those which the British have so successfully solved.

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Ellis Street, just off Union Square
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Most Famous Hotels in the United States
New steel and concrete structure, 350 rooms, 350 connecting bathrooms. Homelike comfort rather than unnecessarily expensive luxury. In center of theatre, cafe and retail districts. On car lines transferring all over city. Take municipal car line direct to door. Motor Bus meets trains and steamers.
STEWART

Bankrupt Prices

Dollar Day

We have only a few more days to run in this store, and absolutely must, without the slightest reserve, sell down to the last pair, at any old price. DOLLAR DAY will be, with us, a reminder of the big Shoe values you got on the first Dollar Day.

WE WON'T OPEN TILL 10 O'CLOCK

Just to give you a chance to get down here in time to pick the best lots. Bring your dollars with you.

Ladies' Oxfords in Tan Calf, Canvas With Leather Straps, Etc.



These are just a lot of high-grade shoes that we have bunched all together in this stock. Some are $6.00 values, some only $3.00, but every one good, wearable shoes. Ladies should be here at the big opening at 10 o'clock and should examine our side windows tonight.

$1.00 A Pair

40 Pairs Men's "Slater" Shoes

$2.00 A Pair



Stamped $5 on Sole

These are the genuine "Slater," with the price stamped on the sole. They come in the best calfskin and patent, and are value at today's prices, fully $7.00 a pair. And just note this: We have every size from 6s to 9s—plenty of 7s and 8s, too.

Dollar Day at 10 o'Clock. See the Windows

CHILDREN'S SLIPPERS	LADIES' BOUDOIR $2.00 SLIPPERS	SANDALS	LADIES' WHITE YACHTING SHOES	MEN'S BLACK TENNIS SHOES
Up to sizes 6s. All worth $1.50 a pair Dollar Day. $1.00	With cushion soles. All sizes. Dollar Day. $1.00	8-10½. Regular $1.30 a pair. The best on the market. Dollar Day $1.00	Regular $1.50. All sizes. Dollar Day $1.00	Reg. $1.50 a pair. Dollar Day at $1.00

We Will Close the Doors And admit customers a dozen at a time, Dollar Day, to ensure that everyone will have the fullest service. **Open at 10 o'Clock**

Burris's Big Bankrupt Sale

625 Yates Street — Below Broad

"Sam Scott Suits Boys"

Mothers of Boys!

Here is your chance to suitably clothe your boy and at the same time effect a tremendous saving. Every item of this vast stock has been shorn of its profit in our endeavor to unload as rapidly as possible. No sale of Boys' Clothing ever held in Victoria afford such bargains as

Sam Scott's Removal Sale

Look Here! Tremendous Bargains in Boys' Suits

SUITS AT $5

Fine quality tweeds and navy serges in Norfolk and double-breasted styles. All with bloomer pants. Tailoring and finish in every case warrant the original prices of from $6.00 to $10.00.

Tweed and Serge Suits

Styles include new Pinch-Back and Norfolk effects, in qualities of material that make them very good values at their former prices. There is a full range of sizes from 27 to 38. Most of them can be supplied with an extra pair of Bloomers to match for the additional price of from $1.50 to $2.00 a pair. Prices of Suits with one pair of Bloomers—

Regular values to $12.50. Now .. $8.50 — Regular values to $15.00. Now ... $9.50 — Regular values to $17.50. Now .. $11.00

SUITS AT $7

Nifty tweeds in brown and grey mixtures. Cut in the popular pinch-back and Norfolk styles. Sizes 29 to 33. One pair of bloomer pants with each suit. Regular values, $9.00 to $11.00.

SAM M. SCOTT

Boys' Clothes Specialist — 736 YATES STREET

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No advertisement charged on account for less than $2.00. Phone 11.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Notices of ratepayers, political, suffrage, patriotic, lodge, society, club or church meetings and services, concerts, socials, etc., inserted under special headings of "Meetings" on classified pages at one cent per word per insertion. As reading matter under heading of "Announcements" on news pages at three cents per word per insertion. In effect September 8.

THE DAILY COLONIST WILL BE FOUND ON SALE AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES OUTSIDE VICTORIA

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[illegible] ... Nanaimo, B.C.
[illegible] Bros. ... Nanaimo, B.C.
[illegible] ... Nanaimo, B.C.
[illegible] ... Alberni, B.C.
[illegible] ... Port Alberni, B.C.
[illegible] Jackson ... Port Alberni, B.C.
[illegible] Prevost ... Duncan, B.C.
[illegible] Powell ... Duncan, B.C.
[illegible] Hughes ... Ladysmith, B.C.
[illegible] A. Knight ... Ladysmith, B.C.
[illegible] M. Bate ... Cumberland, B.C.
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Hotel Vancouver News Stand —Vancouver, B.C.
Universal News Co., 224 Hastings St. East —Vancouver, B.C.
Panama-Pacific News Co., corner Hastings and Columbia Streets ... Vancouver, B.C.
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J. C. Little ... Prince Rupert, B.C.
James Oglow ... Dawson, Y.T.
Dominion News and Cigar Co., 85 Jasper Avenue ... Edmonton, Alta.
Mike's News Stand, First Street and Jasper Avenue ... Edmonton, Alta.
A. E. Brunelle, 9331 103rd Avenue —Edmonton, Alta.
Boston Shoe Shine Parlors, 109a 8th Avenue West ... Calgary, Alta.
Sam J. Steinburg, Front of Post Office Door —Winnipeg, Man.
Murphy Bros., 325 Portage Avenue —Winnipeg, Man.
My. Schwartz, 413 Main Street —Winnipeg, Man.
Acme News Co., Second and Union Streets —Seattle, Wash.
Hobart News Co., corner First and Washington Streets ... Seattle, Wash.
W. O. Whitney, 4th and Pike Street —Seattle, Wash.
Bob Shields ... Port Angeles, Wash.
Ben Stubeck, Trader's Bank Building —Spokane, Wash.
The Bowman News Co., Post Office Corner —Portland, Ore.
O'Mara News Co., corner Fifth and Washington Streets ... Portland, Ore.
Trego News Co., corner Ninth and Pacific Avenue ... Tacoma, Wash.
C. Burke, 11th and Pacific Avenue —Tacoma, Wash.
California News Co., 6 Market Street —San Francisco, Cal.
Golden Gate News Co., 739 Market Street —San Francisco, Cal.
Harriett News Co., corner Turk and Market Streets ... San Francisco, Cal.
Jerry's News Co., Eddy and Powell Streets —San Francisco, Cal.
United News Agents, corner Eddy and Market Streets ... San Francisco, Cal.
M. M. Wheatley, corner Market and Kearney Streets ... San Francisco, Cal.
Book News Co., corner McAllister and Market Streets ... San Francisco, Cal.
C. D. Lauer, 14th and Broadway —Oakland, Cal.
W. E. Phipps, Fifth and Broadway —Los Angeles, Cal.
Marvel News Shop ... Los Angeles, Cal.
Olsen & Barber ... Los Angeles, Cal.
World Wide News Agency, Long Beach, Cal.
Child's News Agency, corner Fifth and D Streets ... San Diego, Cal.
Child's News Agency, corner Fifth and F Streets ... San Diego, Cal.
Pacific News Agency, corner Sixth and Broad Streets ... San Diego, Cal.
Toma News Co. ... Kansas City, Mo.
Free Newspaper Agency, N.W. corner Clark and Van Buren Streets ... Chicago, Ill.
Donato Saracco, 546 S. Wabash Avenue —Chicago, Ill.
Quaker News Co., 717 North Marshall Street —Philadelphia, Pa.
Spitz News Co., 17th and Welton Streets —Denver, Col.
Hub News Co., City Hall Avenue —Boston, Mass.
International News Co., 507 Washington Street ... Boston, Mass.
F. Schwartz, 1238 Prospect Avenue —Cleveland, Ohio
Busy Corner News Stand, Walker Bank Building ... Salt Lake City, Utah.
Garfield News Co., 46 Monroe Avenue —Detroit, Mich.
Post Office News Stand, West Park Street —Butte, Mont.
Gerald News Co. ... Great Falls, Mont.
Retaling's News Agency, Grand Central Depot ... New York, N.Y.
St. Bride's Publishing Co., 30 Fleet Street —London, E.C., England
Daws Steamship Agency, 17 Green Street, Charing Cross Road ... London, England
W. J. Attwood, 176 Fratton Street —Portsmouth, England
Grant's, 5 Lords Street, Arcade, —Liverpool, England

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

THE Lawn-Mower Hospital, 614 Cormorant. H. M. Wilson, specialist.

AUCTIONEERS

BILL MAYNARD—Auctioneer, 547 Yates Street; phone 4218. Sales every Thursday.

BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS

CARPENTRY — Alterations and repairs; roofs repaired and guaranteed. T. Taitzel; phone 3501R. Estimates free.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING

CHIMNEY sweep—Lloyd. Phone 3183LL. Fifteen years' experience in Victoria.

CHIMNEY sweeping — C. White. Phone 5008. Satisfaction guaranteed. Town or country.

DRYGOODS—WHOLESALE

WHOLESALE Drygoods—Turner, Beeton & Co., Ltd., wholesale drygoods, importers and manufacturers; men's furnishings, tents, "Big Horn" brand shirts, overalls. Mail orders attended to.

EMBOSSED STATIONERY

PRIVATE stationery embossed in any design or color. The Colonist Printing Company, Limited.

EXPRESS AND TEAMING

DRAYMAN—Joseph Heaney; office at 1319 Wharf Street; phone 171.

ENGRAVING

STENCIL and Seal engraving — General engraver and stencil cutter. George Crowther, 816 Wharf Street, behind Post Office.

HALF-TONE ENGRAVING

ZINC and copper illustrations of every description at The Colonist Photo-engraving Department.

INSURANCE

THE Equitable Life Insurance Society of New York. Fire, Marine, Accident, Plate Glass and Live Stock insurance. Cameron Investment and Securities Co., 339 Central Building. Phone 3786.

JUNK

JUNK—Wanted, scrap brass, copper, zinc, lead, cast iron, sacks, bottles, rubber; highest prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Wharf Street; phone 1336. Branch store, 1404-6 Store Street.

LIVERY, BOARD AND SALE STABLES

LIVERY—Victoria Transfer Co., Ltd. Tel. 129 and 129. Best service in the city.

LITHOGRAPHING

LITHOGRAPHING — Lithographing, engraving and embossing. Nothing too large and nothing too small; your stationery is your advance agent; our work is unequalled west of Toronto. The Colonist Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd.

MASQUERADE COSTUMES

COSTUMES for hire, suitable for masque balls, amateur theatricals, etc. Shaw & Co., 735 Fort Street, phone 401.

PLASTERING AND CEMENT WORKS

J. ALLEN, Plasterer—Estimates given on plain and ornamental plastering, cement work, repairing, etc. Phone [illegible]; [illegible] Bowen Drive.

PATENTS

PATENTS, trade marks, designs, copyrights. Fetherstonhaugh & Co., the old established firm of patent attorneys. Offices [illegible] Rogers Building, Vancouver, B.C.

PATENTS—Rowland Brittain, registered attorney; patents in all countries. Fairfield Bldg., 605 Granville Street, Vancouver, B.C.

PRINTING

[illegible] send your printing orders East when you can get them done better, quicker and at the same price, at The Colonist Printing Department.

SEWER PIPE AND TILE MANUFACTURERS

SEWER pipe ware, field tile, ground fire clay, etc. B.C. Pottery Co., Ltd., Broad and Pandora.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING

ANNOUNCEMENT — Shaw & Co. have opened their Victoria premises for buying and selling second-hand clothing; 735 Fort street. Phone 401.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS—New and second-hand; repairs, rentals; ribbons for all machines. United Typewriter Co., Ltd., 732 [illegible] Street. Phone 4798.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY (Continued)

UNDERTAKERS

B.C. FUNERAL Co. (Hayward's), Ltd. Funeral directors and embalmers; chapel and private parlors; motor or horse equipment. Always open. Phone 2235. 734 Broughton Street.

WINDOW CLEANERS

ISLAND Window Cleaning Company — Pioneer firm. For promptness phone 3015; 346 Arnold Avenue.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

BAWDEN, KIDD & Co.—Chartered Accountants, Assignees, etc., 431 and 433 Central Building, Victoria, B.C. Phone 4305.

CHIROPODIST

CHIROPODIST—L. E. Jones, 211 Central Block. Phone 3806; res. phone 3116R.

DENTISTS

DR. F. G. KEENE—Dentist. Rooms 412-13-14 Central Building. Phone 4368.

DR. LEWIS HALL—Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

FOOT SPECIALIST

MADAME JOSEPHE — Foot specialist; corns permanently cured; consultations free. Rooms 407-408 Campbell Building; phone 3856.

MASSEUSE

MISS C. M. ALLEYNE—Masseuse and Medical Gymnast; 306-307 Campbell Block. Hours, 10 to 5. Phone 3957.

NURSES

THE Rex Sanitarium for Women—Chronic, nervous, convalescent, surgical and maternity cases; rates reasonable. Telephone Capitol 515. Leeanna Mae Hume, Matron. 329 Broadway North, Seattle, Wash.

TUITION

C. V. MILTON, A.C.P., Maths., Latin, French, English, etc.; preparation for exams. Phone 4774X.

ENGINEERS instructed for certificates, marine, stationary, Diesel. W. G. Winterburn, 503 Central Building; phones 2474 and 4311L.

FRENCH classes, reading and conversation by experienced teacher from Paris. Phone 5444L, or 420Y.

MISS LEGROS, 1017 Burdett Ave., would take pupils for languages, etc., during holidays. Box 4006, Colonist.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS

SHORTHAND School, 1011 Government Street. Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping thoroughly taught; graduates filling good positions. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

PIANOFORTE

MRS. E. SEMPLE—Pianist and experienced teacher of piano; pupils prepared for examinations if desired; 1473 St. David Street, corner Newport Road. Phone 3654R.

VETERINARY COLLEGES OR SCHOOLS

S. F. VETERINARY COLLEGE begins Sept. 5. Catalogue free. C. Keane, Pres. 1818 Market Street, San Francisco.

HELP WANTED—MALE

BOY just leaving school, to deliver parcels and assist in warehouse. Box 4032 Colonist.

BOY wanted for The Colonist bindery.

BOY wanted. Apply 1012 Government Street.

BAKER, competent, wanted. Masters' Bakery.

INTERNATIONAL Correspondence Schools, 1222 Douglas, corner Yates and Douglas; phone 1536O. Open 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.

MEN or boys, for good money, at home, on signs; experience unnecessary—only brains. "P. D. Q." Sign System, Box 1158, Calgary, Alta.

NOTICE—Applications will be received by the undersigned for the Principal to the Ladysmith Public School. Applications to be in by June 28th, 1917. Applications received from married men only. Ira E. Lowe, Secretary, Box 163, Ladysmith, B.C.

STEADY employment for bright boys as messengers. Apply C.P.R. Telegraph Company.

TUNG AH & Co., contractors; general agents. 1627 Government Street, phone 3067.

WANTED, at once, first class coat makers. Will pay more than union wages and guarantee steady employment. Tom the Tailor, two stores, 632 Granville Street and 314 Hastings Street West, Vancouver, B.C.

WANTED, green-keeper for the Victoria bowling green. Apply at Green, on Beacon Hill, between 2 and 4:30.

WANTED, an assistant in a country store near Victoria. For particulars apply to The B.C. Land and Investment Agency, Ltd.

WANTED, boy for herding cows. Apply F. C. Whiffen, Garden City, B.C.

WANTED—First-class man for milking ten cows, good wages; none but first-class need apply. Shellybrook Farm, Parksville, B. C.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

AT The Reliable Agency there are good positions for cook-generals, $30; general maid, $28; housemaids, $25; nursemaids, $25; mother's helps, $15; young girls, $10; housekeepers, $20, $15 chambermaids, waitresses. Call at once, 1011 Government Street.

EXPERIENCED fancy ironers wanted. Apply Dominion Hand Laundry, 1316 Oak Bay Ave.

GIRL for housework daily. Phone 5483

LADY help to assist with housework, and two children. Phone 4805L, mornings.

LADY help or mothers' help. Give references. Box 3931 Colonist.

NOTICE—Applications will be received by the undersigned for the position of Matron of the Ladysmith General Hospital. Salary $75 per month. Applications to be in on or before June 28th, 1917. Ira E. Lowe, Secretary, Box 163, Ladysmith, B.C.

RELIABLE girl wanted for housework. Phone 285 between 6 and 7 p.m.

SALESWOMEN wanted at once. Apply David Spencer, Limited.

WANTED, women and girls for good situations. Wages from $15 to $50. Apply Devereaux Agency, 702 Broughton Street, off Douglas.

WANTED, a girl for general housework. Apply 411 Linden Avenue. Phone 4931R.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, good wages. Phone 4972Y.

WANTED—Thoroughly competent saleswoman for dry goods and ready-to-wears; state experience, etc., Box 4011, Colonist.

WANTED — Companion help, soldier's wife preferred, three children; no objection to one child. Mrs. Palmer Ralph, South Pender.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

A returned soldier is anxious to obtain employment as elevator-man at once. Apply Secretary Returned Soldiers Employment Committee, 104 Union Bank Building, Victoria, B.C.

ON HING & BRO., 552 Fisgard Street, Chinese Employment Agency. Prompt service. Phone 387.

YOUNG man wants work. Box 3915 Colonist.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

CAPABLE woman wants daily engagement, 8 or 9 to 3. Plain cooking, light housework. Central preferred. Box 4014, Colonist.

DAILY work wanted by soldier's wife; no children. Box 4001, Colonist.

DURING the absence of parents in evening hours, the Devereux Agency offers to supply trustworthy women to care for babies and children. 702 Broughton Street.

YOUNG man (married), seeks employment. Good references. Three years last place. Phone R.G. 4627O.

TEACHERS WANTED

WANTED, in September, mathematical mistress (resident) in private school for girls. Apply Box 4002, Colonist.

DRESSMAKING

APPRENTICES wanted for dressmaking. Newland, 412 Sayward Bldg.

DRESSMAKING. 3601R.

DRESSMAKING by the day, $1.25. Phone 4931.

PROPERTY FOR SALE

BUILDING site, close in, low taxes, magnificent view, $875, on terms. Duncan, Union Bank Bldg.

PROPERTY FOR SALE (Continued)

ESQUIMALT—The best 130 feet of waterfrontage, right on the carline; clear title, for sale lease or trade. Campbell Bros., 1007 Government Street. Phone 3476.

ESQUIMALT Harbor—For sale or lease waterfront property, suitable for shipbuilding or mill sites. For further particulars apply Wm. J. Cave, 1003 Langley Street, Victoria, B. C.

FOR Sale—A nice lot in Port Angeles, all clear, for $350. For further particulars Phone 4362R.

GORGE lot for sale, 50 x 100, with 13½ water front, cheap. Apply to owner. Phone mornings, 1347Y, or Box 4015 Colonist.

GOOD lot, just over half mile circle, for $475. Phone 4226L.

VICTOR Street, between Bay and Haultain. One lot, size 50 x 110, for sale, at snap price of $800 cash. H. D. Miller Co., 1603 Douglas.

HOUSES FOR SALE

BEST buy in the city! Will sacrifice my 7-room modern house, No. 1512 Fort Street, near St. Charles, for only $3,000, for immediate sale. Terms. Answer direct to owner, H. G. Allen, 912 Pender Street W., Vancouver, B.C.

BUNGALOW, 8 rooms, 6 on first floor, 2 in attic. Furnace, cement basement, lot 50 x 129; mortgage $2,500; near car and stores. Will sell cheap for cash. 2755 Rosebery Ave.

BUNGALOW, two blocks from post office. Box 3170. Colonist.

GOOD 7-room two-story Dwelling with four bedrooms, modern conveniences, basement, etc. Situate on the corner of Sixth Avenue and Pine Street, Vancouver. The property is well located, close to two tram lines and in a district that is rapidly developing. Will exchange for Victoria bungalow. Apply the B. C. Land and Investment Agency, Ltd., Victoria, B. C.

NO. 1837 Fern Street, lot 80 x 240, all good soil, planted in flowers, fruit, vegetables, also lawn. Nice modern bungalow, containing parlor, dining room, conservatory, three bedrooms, bath and pantry, full basement, cemented, furnace, hot and cold water, sewer, electric light, 'phone. With or without furniture. Price and terms to meet the times. Apply P. R. Brown, Victoria, B.C.

ACREAGE FOR SALE

ABOUT 23 acres, having approximately 400 feet frontage on Cordova Bay, beautifully treed and having an excellent view, only 5½ miles from the city hall. Price for quick sale, only $3,700. Terms. Apply to the B.C. Land and Investment Agency, Limited.

FOR Sale—1¾ acres and 3-room cottage, all fenced and in fruit, situate at Deep Cove; price $1,200; -ar- trade and part cash. L. U. Conyers & Co., 650 View St.

ACREAGE WANTED

EASTERN party would like farm not over 160 acres, within 100 miles Victoria, improved property with buildings preferred. Give particulars, price, sketch. Box 3797, Colonist.

FARMS AND GARDENS

WANTED, city and suburban residences, also improved country properties for sale and for exchange for similar properties in Alberta, Edmonton District. Prices must be reasonable. Apply Box 4024, Colonist.

MISCELLANEOUS

AUTHORIZED to take subscriptions for all newspapers, weeklies and magazines published in any part of the world. Newton Advertising Agency, 23-4-5 Winch Bldg., phone 1915, Victoria, B. C.

AUTHORIZED subscription agents for Toronto Saturday Night, Winnipeg Post, Christian Science Monitor, San Francisco Argonaut, National Geographic Magazine, Vancouver News-Advertiser and local papers. Newton Advertising Agency, 23-4-5 Winch Bldg., phone 1915, Victoria, B. C.

A LADY will call and buy all your high class castoff clothing. Spot cash. Phone Mrs. Hunt, 4021.

AGRICULTURAL Lime for farm and garden; builder's lime. Lime Producers, Ltd., 315 Central Bldg. Phone 2092.

A FIVE-passenger Ford for hire, with driver, by the hour, day or week; rates reasonable. Phone 3928Y.

A SIX-weeks Red Cross massage course, starting June 18 if sufficient members apply; price moderate. Phone Mrs. F. Todsen, M. G.

BICYCLE tires, a quantity of new Non-Skid tires, $2.50 each. Phone 479.

CASH paid for old bicycles and parts in any condition. Phone 1747, Victor Cycle Works, 572 Johnson Street.

PAINTING — Kalsomining, paperhanging. J. J. Ross, Pembroke and Quadra. Phone 2203

YOUR piano tuned by certificated expert piano maker, 30 years experience; soldiers and sailors half price. Phone 4141, or 30F, Sidney.

THE 11th
HOUR IS
JUST TEN
HOURS LATE

You can save your country, men, time and money by prompt and vigorous action—action that will at once stamp you as a real man.

THE 88th
BATTALION
OVERSEAS
DRAFT

—calls for YOU today; join it. Bright, airy and clean barracks; a first-class wardrobe; a physical training to make you look well, feel well and eat well; three square meals a day and in addition a $1.10 per day, together with separation allowance if you have dependents.

NEWTON
ADVERTISING AGENCY
23-4-5 Winch Bldg. Phone 1915

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

A BIG load of black soil or manure delivered. Phone 1864.

ADS should be changed frequently and run daily or at least every other day. See Newton Advertising Agency, 24 Winch Building.

A HANDSOME prize cup, nineteen inches high, beautiful staghorn handles, diameter of cup nine inches; diameter from handle to handle, sixteen inches; cost $175; will sell for $100 cash; every bit as good as new. Can be seen at 24 Winch Building, Victoria, B.C.

A LADY will call and buy all your high class cast-off clothing. Spot cash. Phone Mrs. Hunt, 4021.

A SWEATER, new, brown cloth, suit large size, new, also navy blue suit and several other articles. Apply 707½ Yates Street, Room 7.

A BARGAIN for someone. Stereopticon lantern with 2 objectives. Arc lamp, rheostat, 116 ft. marine duplex cable, 15 ft. sheet. What offers? Phone 4349L or Colonist Box 4035.

A FRONT room, gas, housekeeping. 422 Menzies Street.

BUGS don't bother Swiss chard; beats cabbage. Eastern Stove Co., 848 Fort Street.

CAMP stoves, cheap. Eastern Stove Co., 848 Fort.

DRINK Hop Bitters as a tonic, 45c per gallon. Phone 632.

EDISON Diamond Disc machine and $75 worth of records for $100. 1510 Fort Street, phone 729R.

FIR millwood, $1.50 half cord. Telephone 1382O.

FOR sale, new row boat, at a sacrifice. Very suitable for Evinrude engine. Can be seen at Vimy Ridge Tea Rooms, Foul Bay.

FOR Sale—Pharmaceutical books for apprentice. Reasonable. Phone 4342R.

FOR sale, brass crib, high chair, collapsible buggy, ironing board on stand. 2659 Blanshard.

FOR sale, 275 opera chairs, in good condition, suitable for schools or lodges. Apply Box 3958, Colonist.

FOR sale, Hall's safe, 31 inches high, nearly new. 1411 Douglas Street.

FOR Sale—Belting, camp stoves, 500 yards tarpaulin cloth, 12½c per yard; 1,000 other bargains, at Canadian Junk Co., 533 Johnson, phone 5095.

FOR sale, 2,000 yards chicken wire, various lengths; show cases, refrigerator, 100 other bargains; at 533 Johnson Street.

FOR Sale, fine Devonport, upholstered in fancy velour, price $45. Cost $95. Also oak chairs, upholstered with Spanish leather, and settee and brass beds. E. H. J. Mason, 1011 Hillside Avenue. Phone 3170L.

FOR Sale—Eleven self-oiling 18-inch drop hangers, 2 7-16 shaft. Apply The Colonist Office.

FINEST roots of rhubarb, raspberries, wineberries, loganberries, $1.00 dozen; black and red cherry currants, yearlings, 15c each; largest phenomenal blackberries, 15c each; strawberry plants, 75c per 100; choice flower plants. W. H. Rudd, Buena Vista, Burnside Road. Phone [illegible]; Stall 14, Market Building.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)

FIR cordwood for sale. Phone 5356 or 511, Kwong Sing Kee, 1519 Store St.

FOR Sale—Second-hand heating boiler and 50 h.p. Heine water tube boilers. Apply Hayward & Dods, 927 Fort Street.

FOR Sale—Small launch, 19 feet by 5 feet, 4 h. p. engine with mahogany and oak decking and new canopy with awning; all in splendid condition, $270. Can be seen Royal Victoria Yacht Club, or phone 1878.

GENTS' bicycle, 2-speed, best English make. 306 Gorge Road.

GOOD stone ginger beer is always refreshing. Phone Botanic Beverage Co.

HEINTZMAN Player Piano in perfect order; cost $1,050; will sell for $300, including 50 records and bench. Apply P. O. Drawer 695.

MEN'S suits, $2.75 to $10; ladies' Spring suits, $4. If you wish to save money investigate. Shaw & Co., 735 Fort Street, half block from Douglas.

MILLWOOD, finest in city, $3.00. Fresh-water millwood, selected, $3.50. G. L. Walker. Phone 2851R.

MAGNET Auction Rooms—Special unreserved sale of good reliable furniture only slightly used, sterling bargains in dining and bedroom sets, clearing one-third the value; genuine snaps in stoves, ranges, sewing machines, pianos, organs; also another fine lot of useful kitchen ware; all must be sold forthwith to make room. Magnet, corner Douglas and Fort. Phone 3114.

MALLEABLE steel ranges, $5 down and $1 per week. Phone 4689. 2001 Government Street.

OUR root beer is O.K. Victoria Botanic Beverage Co. Phone 632.

PHONE 1879 before selling your household furniture. We will pay best prices.

SEWING machine snap. Drop-head White, only $25. 718 Yates.

SINGER box top machine, fully guaranteed, $11.00. 718 Yates.

SINGER machines for rent. 718 Yates. Phone 633.

SOUTHALL for stoves and ranges, corner Yates and Quadra; exchanges made, coils made and connected, stoves bought. Phone 4239R.

TEA trays and picture framing to order. 718 Yates.

THE Victoria Second-Hand Crockery Store buys and sells anything. 620 Johnson Street, phone 3981. Evening phone 1116L.

"TORONTO Saturday Night," the best liked and best known weekly in Canada, which contains authentic news of all Provincial and Dominion affairs. Enjoyed by men and women alike. In three sections—Editorial, Financial and Social. Subscriptions $3 per year, mailed to your address. Apply Newton Adv. Agency, 23-4-5 Winch Building, Victoria.

VIOLINCELLO, wooden case, good condition, $20. Harrison, 512 Portage Ave., Gorge.

84% OF the failures in business during the past twelve months were non-advertisers. Newton Adv. Agency, Winch Building, Victoria. B. C.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

ASK for phone 5019L or 2484. Furniture or livestock bought and sold, City Market Auction. Sales Tuesdays and Fridays, also sales arranged. A. Hemingway, Auctioneer.

ATTENTION—We buy everything you wish to sell, no matter what it is. Phone 4433L. We call to any address. 541 Johnson Street.

ATTENTION—Phone 2192. We pay the highest prices for cast-off clothing, etc. We are the largest buyers in the city. 1524 Government Street.

ANTIQUES, Curios—Furs, antiques, jewelry, china. Good furniture wanted. Murdoch, 715 Broughton Street, phone 4300.

A CALL to Shaw & Co., phone 401, will bring to your door our buyer, lady or gentleman, to purchase your discarded clothing.

AM paying highest prices for men's clothes, shoes, etc. Phone 4433L and I will call at your address. 541 Johnson Street.

ATTENTION — Mrs. Hunt, wardrobe dealer, of Winnipeg and Calgary, is open to buy and sell high class ladies', gents' and children's clothing, evening and party dresses; special offers for gentlemen's clothes. We pay spot cash to any amount. Business done strictly private. Mrs. Hunt will call herself to any address, or call at 812 Johnson Street, second house up from Blanshard. Phone 4021.

A LADY will call and buy all your high-class cast-off clothing. Spot cash. Phone Mrs. Hunt, 4021.

ARMENIAN store pays high prices for ladies' and gent's clothing. Phone 3866. T. Sam, 534 Johnson Street.

ATTENTION—We pay best prices for discarded clothes, shoes, old false teeth, suitcases, bags, shotguns, rifles, tools, stoves, heaters, etc. 541 Johnson Street, phone 4433L. We call at any address.

ANY old bicycles bought; repairing done. 620 Johnson Street, phone 3981; evening phone, 1116L.

ALL classes of household furniture obtainable at Ferris', 1419 Douglas.

BEFORE selling your furniture, livestock, etc., phone 2484 or 5019L. A. Hemingway, City Market Auction.

BEST prices paid for gent's cast-off clothing; give me a trial. Phone 2097, 1409 Store Street.

CASH paid for old bicycles and parts in any condition. Also motorcycles and parts. Phone 1747. Victor Cycle Works, 574 Johnson Street.

CONSCRIPT your old copper, brass, lead, zinc, feathers, iron, rags and rubber; highest price paid, by Canadian Junk Co., 533 Johnson Street, phone 5095.

CANOE Wanted—Cash for bargain. Reply, stating price, Box 3397, Colonist.

DON'T sell your furniture till you have our fair offer in spot cash. Magnet, 650 Fort. Phone 3114.

GOOD oak extension table, cash, must be reasonable. No dealers. Phone 1859R.

IMPERIAL—749 Fort, pays best price secondhand furniture, large or small lots. Phone 4430X.

MILLION more empty sacks wanted. D. Louis, 919 Caledonia Avenue, Victoria, B. C. Phone 3493.

PHONE 4329. We buy gent's clothing. We pay from $2 to $10. 1421 Government Street.

WANTED, two 10 x 12 tents, good condition, cheap for cash. P.O. Box 186.

WANTED—Furniture for a 4 or 5-roomed house. If you have any phone 3176L.

WANTED—Second-hand express wagon or democrat; must be cheap; state price. 3989 Colonist Office.

WANTED—Bath and fittings. State price. Box 3483, Colonist.

WANTED—Old brass, copper, lead, rubber, feathers, sacks, iron, etc. Also any kind second-hand goods. Canadian Junk Co., 533 Johnson Street, phone 5095.

WANTED—Old copper, brass, zinc, lead, bottles, sacks, rubber, etc. We buy and sell everything and anything. Phone 1329, City Junk Company, B. Aaronson, 566 Johnson Street, corner Oriental Alley.

100 GENTLEMEN'S suits wanted, price no object. Phone 4329. G. Hermon, 1421 Government.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS

DESK room in nice bright front office, as good as ground floor; with typewriter and phone. Apply 24 Winch Building.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS

A BRIGHT sunny front room, use of kitchenette, in nice private house, quiet neighborhood, near Royal Victoria Theatre. Suit business lady, teacher or nurse. Terms very moderate. Phone 1097L.

AT 526 Michigan, housekeeping rooms. Phone 1403R.

APPLY 531 Simcoe Street, housekeeping suites, coal range, gas; every convenience, low rent.

APPLY 844 Dallas Road, housekeeping front rooms; reasonable rent.

BELLEVUE Hotel, 734 Yates Street; a limited number of housekeeping rooms; all modern conveniences; reasonable rates.

EXCELSIOR housekeeping rooms, 497 Belleville, phone 962L.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms to let, $1 weekly and up, also furnished and empty cabins, all conveniences. Apply 1036 Hillside Ave.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms, ground floor. 1134 Fort. Phone 4806L.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms, very cheap. 1343 Douglas.

ROOM AND BOARD

BOARDERS wanted, very desirable location, five minutes from good bathing beach and car, fifteen minutes from city; large grounds; comfortable rooms; reasonable. Phone 2938R.

COMFORTABLE rooms, board optional, light housekeeping. Phone 2022R.

FIRST-CLASS rooms, board optional, large garden, tennis; 836 Humboldt. Phone 4887L.

FURNISHED ROOMS

BUSINESS men's comfortable, cheap bedrooms. 422 Menzies Street.

COMFORTABLE furnished downstairs. 1902 Chambers.

FLATS AND APARTMENTS

AT Mt. Edwards, Vancouver Street, furnished and unfurnished suites, by the week to visitors.

AILSA Mansions—Suites for rent. Apply janitor, Suite 3 or phone 3951.

FIVE rooms, furnished, $14 per month, including water. Apply 2014 or 2012½ Fernwood Road.

FOR Rent—Suite of three well furnished rooms and kitchen, James Bay, close to Beacon Hill and beach. Phone 1799R.

FURNISHED suite to rent. 12A, October Mansions, Cook Street. Please call mornings.

GLENGARRY, 316 Cook, a furnished suite to rent.

MOUNTVIEW Apartments, Fairfield, furnished suites, $9. Campbell Bros., 1007 Government.

ST. HELEN'S, 828 Courtney; cosy housekeeping rooms; quiet, pleasant, central location. Phone 3754.

TO RENT—HOUSES

BAY Street, six-rooms, $15.00; Faithful Street, Fairfield, seven rooms, $20.00; Cedar Hill Road, mile circle, five rooms, $9; A. A. McHarey, 409 Sayward Building. Phone 3308.

FIVE-roomed modern bungalow, 715 Kings Road, close in and half block from street car. $10.00 month. Wise & Company, 102 Pemberton Building.

FIVE-roomed bungalow, Gonzales Hill. Phone after dark. 5268R, Blaikie.

For rent, Shawnigan Lake, choice five-room cottage, partly furnished, facing lake and handy to Shawnigan Station. F. T. Elford, Shawnigan Lake.

SIX-roomed modern house, 1736 Bay St., near Richmond Avenue, close Willows car, newly kalsomined throughout, $10.00 month. Wise & Company, 102 Pemberton Building.

SIX-room bungalow for rent on Amphion Street, Oak Bay. Phone 4226L.

SEVEN-room dwelling, chicken house, garden. Bay Street, phone 3881R.

TWO four-room cottages, water, light, $5 per month each. Dunford's, 211 Union Bank Building.

TO rent, modern house, with garage, on Monterey Ave. Small rent to suitable party. Apply owner, Box 3969, Colonist.

WANTED TO RENT—HOUSES

WANTED, to rent, 5-roomed modern bungalow. Beacon Hill or Fairfield districts preferred. Send particulars to Box 3948, Colonist.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES

FAIRFIELD, splendid five-room bungalow. A. A. Meharey, 409 Sayward Building.

FOR particular people. No small children. In best locality. Three public rooms, 5 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 3 w.c.'s, wash tubs in basement. Apply J. T. L. Meyer, 511 Belmont House, phone 4331.

FOR rent, furnished house, 8 rooms, bath and pantry. Apply 1320 Yates Street.

FOUR-roomed modern cottage, nicely situated, well furnished, with grounds. Apply B.C. Land and Investment Agency, Ltd.

OAK Bay—Well furnished 5-roomed bungalow; rent $16 a month. Phone 1185L.

PART of furnished house, with all household privileges. No children. Apply 667 Head Street.

SHAWNIGAN Lake—Furnished cottage to rent for balance of June, with use of boat. Mrs. J. T. Redding, phone 1293L.

SIX-roomed furnished house, Michigan Street, phone 2340X.

TO let, furnished cottage, West Arm, Shawnigan Lake. Phone Mrs. Davies, 1185R, mornings.

TWO well furnished houses, close in. Rent $22 and $18. Phone 4281Y.

TO rent, Cordova Bay, furnished 4-room cottage. I. May, Mt. Tolmie P.O.

TO Rent — Neatly furnished six-roomed bungalow; all modern conveniences. Apply 1346 Mitchell Street, or phone 26.

TO Rent—Magnificently furnished dwelling, 512 Linden Avenue, $50 per month; would lease six or twelve months. Apply Douglas, Mackay & Co., 612 View Street, phone 617.

FURNISHED HOUSES WANTED

WANTED—5 or 6-roomed bungalow, modern, furnished or unfurnished, nice location. Phone 3980Y.

WANTED, July 1st, furnished house, 4 rooms, modern, near navy yard preferred. Box 3968 Colonist.

WANTED—For first two weeks in July, small furnished cottage, with boat, at Shawnigan Lake. State rent. Box 3713, Colonist.

SUMMER RESORTS

CORDOVA Bay 35c return. Autos leave Yates and Broad, Saturday, 1:45, 5:05; Sunday, 10:00, 1:15, 2:30 Special trips arranged. Phone 2574L.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE

ENGLISH dog cart, rubber tires, good order exchanged for buggy. P. O. Drawer 578, Victoria.

WE specialize in exchanging all classes of property; 600 trades to choose from. Campbell Bros., 1007 Government Street.

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK

AIREDALE pups for sale, nine weeks old; male and female; extra good pedigree. Apply 2733 Blackwood Street.

ALL kinds of poultry wanted. We pay spot cash. Phone 4344. We will call.

ANY quantity of chickens or ducks wanted for cash at your house. Phone 5019L. Write 615 Elliott Street, city.

ANY quantity of live rabbits wanted. Phone 4344.

BILLY goat for service. Shoe shop, opp. Vic. West Fire Hall. Phone 264R.

FOR sale, blue-eyed, white Persian cat, male, pedigree. Box 3918, Colonist.

FOR sale, pure bred Jersey bull calf. Dean Bros., Keatings P.O.

FOR Sale — Jersey-Holstein cow, good milker; very quiet. 1335 Bay Street.

FOR Sale—One team horses, 3,000 lbs.; also one team of mules about 3,200 lbs., a first-class logging team. A. T. Peatt, Colwood P. O., phone Belmont 6.

GOOD useful horse, about 1,000 lbs; 15 hands; also harness and one good and one rough buggy. Phones 868 or 3965R.

ORDER your eggs for hatching from purebred prize stock, $1.00 upwards. Seaview Poultry Farm, 432 Dallas Road, phone 4068L.

POULTRY, calves or hogs. Cash paid for any quantity. Phone 395Y2 or write E. H. Randle, Mt. Tolmie, R.M.D. 4, Victoria.

ROCKSIDE Poultry Farm, Lakehill P.O. Phone 4844. Buyers of poultry in large or small quantities.

WIRE hair fox terrier pups, pure bred (pedigree) for sale. Mrs. Dunn's, Killarney Stand, City Market.

WHITE Spitz puppies for sale. Apply 457 Quebec Street.

WANTED—Team heavy horses; state price and where can be seen. Box 6000, Colonist.

WE trade, buy or sell horses, harness and wagons. Brown & Simmons, 741 Fisgard Street.

LOST AND FOUND

A GREEN crochet bag containing crochet lace. Please return Box 3995, Colonist.

FOUND—On Tuesday, small sum of money. Phone 4546L.

LOST, gold bracelet, between Superior, Menzies and Government Streets. Finder apply 545 Pandora Avenue.

WANTED TO BORROW

WANTED to borrow, $1,000, 7%; excellent security. Box 3996, Colonist.

AUTOMOBILES

A CAR for sale, one you have been saving your money for. A late model Overland with electric starter, electric lights, all good tires, two spare tires, full equipment of tools, etc. This car is equal to new. Cost $1,700. Our price $700. We have several other snaps. Apply Cameron, 521 Superior Street, behind Parliament Buildings, one-half block west of Government Street.

A SWELL five-passenger car just overhauled. Bosch mag., slip covers, etc. Make good jitney. $250 cash. 941 View Street. Phone 3836.

A LATE Ford for $350, Ford roadster, $260, Tudhope $275, also Russell, Cadillac, Paige, Saxon and late 7-passenger Studebaker, cheap. Get one of these on easy terms, and get away from the street car brigade. E. J. Cameron, 1012 Yates Street.

AUTOS for hire. Phone 5786L.

A JITNEY for hire. Phone 3159Y.

A FULLY equipped twin motorcycle (Indian), T. T. model, in perfect order; used very little; headlight, Presto tank and tandem seat; tires new. Will dispose of same very reasonable if sold at once. Address Box 3703, Colonist, for inspection.

FIVE-passenger Ford, late model, all new tires. Price $250. Cameron, 521 Superior Street.

FOR sale, Stodart Dayton 33, in first-class order. Apply McLaughlin Agency, 923 Fort Street, or 617 Vancouver Street.

FOR sale, 1911 Cadillac, in excellent order. All oversize tires. Apply McLaughlin Agency, 923 Fort Street, or 617 Vancouver Street.

FOR Sale—Roomy roadster, 30 h.p., electric lights, four good tires; good spare, $350 for quick sale. Box 3977, Colonist.

FOR sale, 1916 five-passenger Ford, $375. 562 Dupplin Road.

FOR Sale—(Owner joined R.F.C.) Five-passenger touring car, excellent condition, just overhauled, electric lights and spares; reasonable trial given; cash required. Phone 271X, or 3033.

FORD Repairs—What $4 will do: Remove carbon, re-seat valves, overhaul ignition and adjust carburetor. Result: Powerful and economical running engine. Arthur Dandridge Motor Works, Yates Street, next Dominion Theatre.

WANTED, late model Ford or Chevrolet for cash. 521 Superior Street.

WILL give twin-cylinder Yale motorcycle as part payment on Ford car, in good condition; balance by instalments, or for use of car for a few months. Box 3970, Colonist.

WILL trade good five-passenger car for roadster. 1012 Yates Street.

WILL pay cash for your car. E. J. Cameron, 1012 Yates Street.

WE carry a stock of second-hand parts for 1911 Cadillac, Mitchell and Everitt cars. Call on us for your wants. Plimley's Garage, Johnson Street.

WANTED—Ford or light car; will pay cash. Phone 1592L.

1915 INDIAN Motorcycle, in first class condition. Price, $175 cash. 932 Yates Street. Phone 4919.

7-PASSENGER car for hire. Phone 1936O.

1916 Indian motorcycle, three-speed, electric light and horn. "Dream" tandem seat and basket carrier, new tires. Box 3964, Colonist.

BUSINESS CHANCES

BARBER'S shop for sale, Sidney, without a barber. Three mills running. Owner joined up. Finch, Sidney, B.C.

WANTED, party with $500 to open up copper shipping property on tide water. Apply Box 3962, Colonist.

PERSONAL

DAISY, meet me at Hume's Ice Cream Parlor, 652 Yates Street, Sunday evening. Fred.

DURING strike. To our Customers—We will do our utmost to deliver all orders of 50 cents upwards C.O.D. Phone up 1582 Saturday morning. Hamsterley Farm. See market advertisement, page 13.

LITTLE Arctic, Cordova Bay, now open for the Summer months. Groceries, candies, fruit, tobacco, afternoon teas, ice cream and sodas, all kinds of soft drinks. City prices. C. C. Smith, Prop.

MRS. Shaw pays the best prices for ladies' and gents' castoff clothing. 735 Fort Street, phone 401.

TO Apple Growers: An expert in cider making is prepared to give instructions in the latest methods of manufacturing pure apple cider. Also in evaporating apples for export; moderate fee. Box 3996, Colonist.

WARNING to the public.—Whereas certain maliciously disposed persons have for some time past been propagating and disseminating certain statements regarding the nationality, actions and sympathies of Mr. and Mrs. M. Enke, of 572 Island Road, Oak Bay, which statements are of a slanderous nature imputing offences against the law and tend to hold the said Mr. and Mrs. M. Enke up to public execration. Now this is to give notice to all and sundry whom it may concern that any person who propagates, disseminates or repeats any such slanderous statements will be proceeded against with the utmost rigor that the law allows. S. T. Hankey, Barrister and Solicitor, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Victoria, B.C.

CROFT & ASHBY

Phone 2999—634 View Street—P.O. Box 900

TIMBER Lands—Over 30,000,000,000 feet in British Columbia, Oregon and Washington.

MINES, farms, pulp propositions.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

Notice is hereby given that the partnership subsisting between the undersigned, under the name of A. L. Smith & Co., and Cabello Cigar Co., has been dissolved. All debts of the partnership will be paid by Leo Binzer, to whom all accounts are to be paid.

S. L. SMITH,
LEO BINZER.

ESQUIMALT TAXES

Tax statements have been mailed to all persons whose names appear on the Assessment Roll of the Township of Esquimalt. Any person owning property in the above mentioned township who has not received a statement should communicate at once with the undersigned.

G. H. PULLEN,
Treasurer and Collector.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

COAL mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years, renewal for a further term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5, which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, rescinded by Chap. 27 of 4-5 George V., assented to 12th June, 1914.

For full information, application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—58575.

NEW YORK CURB MARKET

NEW YORK, June 14.—Can. Copper, 2⅛ to 2⅜; B. S. Lead, ⅝ to ¾; Shannon, 8¼ to 8½; Magma, 44 to 48; Big Ledge, 2⅜ to 2½; Butte and Balaclava, 1½ to 1¾; Mid. Western Oil, 77 to 79; Refining, 133 to 135; Chev. 95 to 99; N. A. Pulp, 5¼ to 6; Sub. Boat, 22¼ to 22½; Ray, 3⅞ to 4; New Cornelia, 16¼ to 17¼; United Motors, 28½ to 28⅞; Hecla, 8¼ to 8⅜.

EARLY IMPROVEMENT CHECKED AT CLOSE

Railways and Motor Stocks in Demand During Part of Session — Success of Liberty Loan Favorable Factor.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Trading shifted frequently today from the recognized leading specialties to other shares of no definite description. Dealings were of diminished value, but the trend was mainly upward until the final hour, when free selling of the more important issues caused an extreme reversal of 1 to 3 points, and the close was irregular. The Liberty Loan was again a factor of paramount importance, prices hardening in the intermediate session on favorable advices from Washinton respecting the loan. Money ruled at prevailing rates, and a new minimum for Russian roubles was seemingly ignored.

Rails, including high-priced shares, were in further demand, U. P. and Reading featuring the investment group at gains of 1 to 2¼ points. Unusual activity was manifested by Pittsburg and Virginia common and preferred and Wheeling and Lake Erie issues at advances of 1 to 2 points. Delaware and Hudson made full recovery from its sharp set-back of the previous session.

There was a decided upward swing in quotations for motor stocks, General Motors making a gross gain of 4 points, while Studebaker, Maxwell, and Chandler made 2-point advances. Improvement in these issues resulted from short coverings.

United States Steel once more distinguished itself by attaining the new record of 134⅝, later, however, falling 2 points, and closing at 132⅝, a net loss of 1⅛. Bethlehem Steel kept pace with the leaders, the new and old stocks making new maximums at 155½ and 158⅝, respectively, but yielding in the general decline of the later part of the session. Tobaccos and metals were among the other active features, the latter gaining fresh support on the placing of new orders for the refined products on a rising scale. Shippings and some of the oils were irregular throughout, with International Paper, Baldwin Loco. and Continental Can.

Total sales of stock, 935,000 shares.

Railroad bonds and some industrials were fractionally lower, other issues recording no material changes. Total sales (par value), $1,740,000.

(Burdick Brothers and Brett, Limited)

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Alaska Gold	6¾	6¼	6¼
Allis-Chalmers	29½	29	29
Am. Beet Sugar	96	95¾	96
Am. Sugar Rfg.	122½	120	122¾
Am. Can. Co. com	51	50¼	50½
Am. Car Fdy	75½	74¾	74¾
Am. Cotton Oil	41¾	41¾	41¾
Am. Locomotive	73½	72¾	72¾
Am. Smelt. and Ref.	111½	109¾	109¾
Am. T. and Tel.	121¾	121¼	121¼
Am. Wool, com.	57¾	56½	56¾
Am. Steel Fdy	74½	74½	74½
Anaconda Mining	86¾	85	85¾
Agr. Chemical	93	93	93
Atlantic Gulf	115¾	114¼	114½
Baldwin Loco	67½	65¾	65¾
Baltimore and Ohio	73½	73½	73¾
Bethlehem Steel	158¾	155½	157¾
Butte Sup. Mining	46¾	46½	46½
Brooklyn Transit	60	60	60
Canadian Pacific	162	161	161
Central Leather	99¼	97¾	98
Crucible Steel	82¾	81	81¾
Chesapeake and Ohio	61½	60¾	60¾
Chicago G.W. (new)	11¾	11¾	11¾
Chic., Mil. and St. P.	76½	75¾	75¾
Colo. Fuel and Iron	55½	54¾	55
Cons. Gas	108½	108¾	108¾
Chino Copper	61¾	60¾	61½
Cal. Petroleum	22¾	22¾	22¾
Chile Copper	22½	22	22¼
Corn Products	32¾	32¼	32½
Distillers Sec.	23¾	22¾	22¾
Denver and R.G., pfd.	17	17	17
Erie	26¾	26¾	26¾
Erie, first pfd	39¼	39½	39¾
Gen. Electric	162¾	162¾	162¾
Goodrich (B.F.)	52	51½	52
Gt. Nor. Ore	34¼	33¾	33¾
Gt. Northern, pfd.	106?	105¾	105¾
Hide and Lea. pfd	64½	64½	64½
Inspiration Cop.	66½	65	65½
Int'l Nickel	42	41¾	41¾
Int'l Mer. Marine	28¾	28	28¼
Int'l Mer. Marine, pfd.	82¾	80¼	81¾
Illinois Central	103½	103¾	103¾
Kennecott Copper	47½	47	47
Kan. City Southern	23	22¾	23
Lehigh Valley	64¾	64¾	64¾
Lack. Steel	103¾	102½	102¾
Maxwell Motors	50¾	48¾	49
Midvale Steel	65¾	64¾	64¾
Mex. Petroleum	102¾	100	100
Miami Copper	41¾	41½	41¾
National Lead	57	57	57
N.Y., N.H. and Hart	36	35¾	36
New York Central	92¾	92	92¾
Norfolk and Western	125¾	124¾	124¾
Northern Pacific	105¼	104¾	104¾
N.Y., Ont. and Western	22	22	22
Nevada Cons. Copper	25¾	25½	25½
Pennsylvania R.R.	53¾	53	53¾
People's Gas	78	78	78
Pressed Steel Car	78½	78	78½
Reading	100¾	99¾	99¾
Ry. Steel Spring	56¾	56¾	56¾
Ray Cons. Mining	30¾	30¼	30¾
Republic Steel	92¾	92	92
Southern Pacific	95	94¾	94¾
Southern Ry., com.	28½	27¾	28¼
Studebaker Corpn.	84¼	81½	82¾
Sloss Sheffield	61	61	61
Third Ave. Ry.	20	20	20
The Texas Company	217½	217¼	217¼
Union Pacific	139	137¾	138¼
Utah Copper	117	116¾	116¾
U.S. Ind. Alcohol	170¾	167½	167½
U.S. Rubber	61	61	61
U.S. Steel, com.	134¾	132¾	132¾
U.S. Steel, pfd.	117¾	117¾	117¾
Virginia Chem.	44	4	44
Western Union	94	93¼	94
Wisconsin Cent	51	51	51
Wabash R.R. Co.	12½	12½	12½
Wabash R.R. "A"	50¼	50	50¼
Willy's Overland	30¼	29¾	30
Westinghouse Elec.	52¾	52¾	52¾
An. Fr. Loan	98¾	98¾	98¾
Beth. B	155½	152¼	152
Del and Hud.	111	109¾	109¾
Northwestern	110¼	110¼	110¼
Cub. Cane Sug.	46¾	44¾	46¾
Pac. Mail	28	28	28
U.S. Smelt	62	61¾	61¾
Tobacco	61	59¾	60¾
Ohio Gas	139½	138¾	138¾
United Fruit	136½	136¾	136¾
Gen. Motors	116?	109¾	112
I. Paper	41	41	41
Col. Gas	42¾	42	42
Gulf Steel	128	127	127

NEW YORK BOND MARKET

NEW YORK, June 14.—African, 93½ to 93¾; Canadian fives, 1921, 97⅛ to 97⅜; 1926, 96 to 96½; 1931, 96⅛ to 96½; Paris sixes, 93½ to 93¾; U. K. fives, 1918, 97½ to 97¾; 5-year, five-and-a-halfs, 1919, 96½ to 96¾; 5-year, 1921, 95⅛ to 95¾; 1-year, 1918, 99 to 99⅛; 2-year, 1919, 99¼ to 99½; French fives, 95 to 95¾; five-and-a-halfs, 99 to 99 1-16.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

LONDON, June 14.—Bar silver, 39 1-16d. per ounce. Money, 4 to 4½ per cent. Discount rates: Short bills, 4 11-16 per cent; three months bills, 4⅝ per cent.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Mercantile paper, 5 per cent. Sterling: Sixty day bills, 4.72; demand, 4.75 7-16; cables, 4.76 7-16. Francs: Demand, 5.74½; cables, 5.73½. Guilders: Demand, 40¾; cables, 40⅞. Lires: Demand, 7.06; cables, 7.07. Roubles: Demand, 23⅛; cables, 23½. Bar silver, 77; Mexican dollars, 59⅝. Time loans firm; sixty days, ninety days, and six months, 5½ per cent. Call money firm; high 4½, low 4½, ruling rate 4½, last loan 4½, closing bid 4½, offered at 4⅞ per cent.

Alaska Excursions

Skagway and Return $66.00

Commencing June 25th.

SS. Prince Rupert SS. Prince George

Will leave Victoria every Monday 3 p.m.

To Prince Rupert 3 p.m., Monday and Wednesday.
To Anyox 3.00 p.m. Wednesday.
To Vancouver 3 p.m. Monday and Wednesday.
To Seattle 12 midnight Sunday and Tuesday.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

Special Sailing

to Prince Rupert and Anyox.
SS. Prince Rupert, Thursday June 21st, 10 a.m.

For reservations and full information apply to City Passenger and Ticket Office, 900 Wharf Street. Phone 1242.

Travel to Portland

VIA

Great Northern Railway

Account Eleventh Annual Rose Show
SPECIAL RATES ON SALE JUNE 12 to 14, Inclusive
Return Limit, June 18
Three Daily Trains

Lv. SEATTLE	11:15 a.m.	3:45 p.m.	10:45 p.m.
Ar. PORTLAND ..	5:55 p.m.	10:00 p.m.	6:00 a.m.
Lv. PORTLAND ..	10:00 a.m.	5:00 p.m.	12:30 a.m.
Ar. SEATTLE	4:15 p.m.	11:15 p.m.	7:30 a.m.

"Best Meals on Wheels." Try our 75c Table d'Hote Luncheons and Dinners, an excellent meal served on all Great Northern Diners.

See America First — GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY — Glacier National Park

City Ticket Office
916 GOVERNMENT STREET
W. R. DALE, General Agent
Phone 699

LOW EXCURSION FARES

TO ALL POINTS EAST

Via Northern Pacific Railway

Tickets on sale June 20 to 30, inclusive, July 3, 4, 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21, 27, 28, August 3, 4, 10, 11, 17, 18, 24, 25, 31 and September 1, 7, 8, 14, 15, 21, 22, 28 and 29,

From Victoria, B.C., to

	Round Trip		Round Trip
Boston	$119.20	New York	$118.20
Buffalo	99.50	Philadelphia	118.20
Chicago	80.00	St. Louis	78.70
Detroit	91.00	St. Paul	67.50
Halifax	141.85	Toronto	99.50
Kansas City	67.50	Washington	116.00
Montreal	113.00	Winnipeg	67.50

Proportionately reduced fares to other Eastern points. Optional routes allowed on return trip. Return via California at slightly higher fares. Liberal stopovers given. Return limit three months, but not to exceed October 31, 1917.

THREE TRANSCONTINENTAL TRAINS DAILY

North Coast Limited and Atlantic Express to Chicago. Mississippi Valley Limited to St. Louis.

For further information, tickets or reservations call on or address

E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent
1234 Government Street Phone 456
or A. D. CHARLTON, A.G.P.A., Portland, Ore.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT YOUR LIBERTY BOND?

Burdick Bros. & Brett, Limited

Stock Brokers

Stocks—Bonds—Grain—Cotton

Direct Wire to Correspondents
E. & C. RANDOLPH, New York
McDOUGALL & COWANS, Montreal

Phones 3724, 3725 620 Broughton St., Victoria

Private Executors

who find that the duties which they have assumed under wills take up too much of their time, are invited to consult this company.

The fees charged for acting as attorney or agent for executors, holding the securities of the estate for safekeeping, collection of interest, etc., are very moderate.

We shall be pleased to quote fees and to have a representative call on you when and where desired.

Solicitors introducing business to the company are retained in the professional care thereof.

COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY

Registered under British Columbia Trust Companies Act
Registered in the Province of Alberta.

Head Office, 1221 Douglas Street, Victoria, B.C.

Phone 736 Cable Address: "Conall"

THE UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF B.C., LTD.

Sailings to Northern B. C. Ports:

SS. CAMOSUN sails from VICTORIA, Evans, Coleman Dock, every Monday at 11 p. m. for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Sointula, Port Hardy, Shushartie Bay, Takush Harbor, Smith's Inlet, RIVERS INLET Canneries, Namu, OCEAN FALLS and BELLA COOLA.

SS. VENTURE sails from VANCOUVER every Thursday at 11 p. m. for Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Namu, Bella Bella, SURF INLET, Hartley Bay, SKEENA RIVER Canneries, PRINCE RUPERT, Port Simpson and NAAS RIVER Canneries.

SS. CHELOHSIN leaves Vancouver every Friday, FAST, DIRECT SERVICE to OCEAN FALLS, PRINCE RUPERT, ANYOX, calling at Powell River, Campbell River, Namu, Swanson Bay, Butedale.

GEO. McGREGOR, Agent.
1003 Government St. Phone 1925

British Columbia Electric Railway Co., Ltd.

SAANICH DIVISION

Trains leave Victoria daily for Deep Bay and intermediate points at 7:30 a.m. and every three hours thereafter until 10:30 p.m.

Trains leave Deep Bay for Victoria and intermediate points at 9 a.m. and every three hours thereafter until 12:00 midnight.

A more frequent service is given both ways between Victoria and Saanichton and intermediate stations.

For full information apply
[illegible] Office, 1309 Douglas Street, Opposite City Hall. Phone 1609.

Anchor-Donaldson Line

MONTREAL to GLASGOW

Full information from any RR. or SS. Agent, or H. E. LIDMAN, Gen. Agt., Phone Sey. 3199, Vancouver, B.C., 470 Granville Street.

HONOLULU

$70 1st Cl.
—The Delightful Way!
June 26. July 17
O. S. S. CO., [illegible] 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

Victoria Taxpayers

PAY YOUR LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS ASSESSMENT BY 31st MAY, 1917

to avoid interest penalty. Full particulars as to payments given on application.

EDWIN C. SMITH,
Treasurer and Collector.
City Hall, Victoria, B.C.
30th May, 1917.

ASSUMES PROMINENT PLACE IN SHIPPING

United States Aims to Become Second Maritime Power of World—Building 4,500,000 Tons in Eighteen Months.

Regardless of the delays and uncertainties of the Government's shipbuilding plans monied people in the United States are going ahead in the establishment of shipyards and in the construction of ships at a rate that is, in the opinion of shipping interests, likely to make the United States the second maritime power of the world at the end of the war.

The New York Journal of Commerce states that in the last five months of 1914, shipbuilding companies with a capital of $1,814,000 were organized; during 1915 the capital of new companies aggregated $37,662,000; in 1917 the total capitalization of new shipbuilding concerns was $69,466,000 and for the first five months of 1917 the total was $123,110,000.

In the month of May alone shipbuilding concerns with a capital stock of approximately $50,000,000 were incorporated, and according to the Journal, present indications are that the year 1917 will be unsurpassed by any previous twelve months in the output of ships in the United States and the amount of capital invested in shipping enterprises.

Every Ship Is Needed

As showing the need of all these concerns it is said that within the next 18 months the people of the United States are planning to produce 4,500,000 tons of shipping. There is no feeling of uncertainty about the business as it is pointed out that the world will buy all the usuable ships than can be built in the next eighteen months and probably for some years to come.

Details just to hand show that the amount of the contracts now held on Puget Sound total over $120,000,000.

Seattle's contracts for steel ships, including war vessels, number forty-eight, while her contracts for wooden ships number eighteen. Tacoma has five wooden vessels. Olympia has contracts for twenty-five wooden ships. Bellingham is building two wooden steamships and Winslow is building one. These are the figures for the ships actually under construction or under contract and they give the grand total of 115 vessels.

Of these, 109 as indicated are merchant ships. As near as can be ascertained, the San Francisco Bay district's contracts call for a grand total of forty-six merchant ships—thirty-nine steel and seven wooden. The San Francisco district includes San Francisco, Oakland and Benicia. As against that district's grand total of thirty-nine contracts for steel ships and seven for wooden ships, Seattle alone has forty-two contracts for steel merchant ships and eighteen for wooden vessels. Seattle thus ranks as the first merchant shipbuilding centre of the Pacific Coast.

Amazes Shipbuilding World

The Puget Sound district's new standing, as shown by figures just compiled, challenges comparison with the great shipbuilding districts of the Atlantic Coast. For instance, the Philadelphia Ledger announces that the great Delaware River district, which includes Philadelphia, now has contracts for 200 ships at $200,000,000, as compared with Puget Sound's contracts for 115 ships at $120,000,000. Until recently no one believed that the Sound could come within striking distance of 50 per cent of the Delaware River district's record. Now it is well past the 50 per cent mark.

In the new United States shipbuilding era Seattle has produced ships in a way that is amazing the shipbuilding world. As in everything else, it is the results that count, and Seattle is giving results on a tremendous scale.

Fleet of Fourteen Launched

Since the latter part of September, Seattle has launched a fleet of fourteen ocean cargo carriers and three submarines. The combined deadweight cargo capacity of the fourteen cargo carriers is 96,200 tons. This means that the fourteen ships could move 96,200 weight tons of cargo from Seattle in one voyage.

The Seattle Construction & Dry Dock Company launched 34,500 deadweight tons in merchant carriers, besides launching three submarines, while the Skinner & Eddy plant launched 54,200 deadweight tons in merchant carriers, and the Washington Shipping Corporation powered wooden hull schooners.

At the present moment, Seattle is building thirteen steel steamships with a deadweight cargo capacity of 114,800 tons, and nine wooden hull ships with a deadweight cargo capacity of 24,100 tons, giving a grand cargo capacity of 138,900 deadweight tons actually under construction at the present moment.

When people in Victoria read of what wonderful things are actually being done in shipbuilding only eighty miles away, the question is asked repeatedly why some of the monied people in this city have not taken an interest in developing the industry, especially when the profits on the investment are virtually assured.

BUY ANIMALS HERE FOR SEATTLE'S ZOO

Victoria Becoming Known as Distributing Point for Wild Beasts—Outer Wharf Menagerie Visited

Victoria is becoming known as the distributing point for all kinds of animals and birds owing to the fact that Ellis S. Joseph, the well-known collector, makes this city his headquarters. Park Commissioners George W. Hill and Chas. Osner, Park Superintendent J. W. Thompson and Secretary Roland Cotterill, of Seattle were the latest visitors to Victoria to inspect the menagerie at the Outer Wharf. They purchased an assortment of wild animals and tropical birds for the Woodland Park zoo, including one white tailed gnu, one striped hyena, one Thibetian bear, two red kangaroos, one emu, two Marsupial cats, six Mandarin ducks, thirteen rosellas, two laughing jacks, twelve gouldian finches, eight black throat finches, four pennant parrots and two ibis.

WIRELESS REPORT

(By Government Wireless)

8 p.m.

Point Grey—Cloudy; N.W.; fresh; 30.11; 61; sea smooth. 6:30 a.m.—Passed in: SS. Turret Crown.

Cape Lazo—Clear; calm; 30.16; 64; sea smooth. 8:40 p.m.—Spoke SS. Dolphin through Seymour Narrows, southbound. 11:05 a.m.—Spoke SS. Chelohsin leaving Campbell River 10:45 a.m., southbound.

Pachena—Clear; N.; 30.14; 61; sea smooth. 9 a.m.—Spoke SS. Princess Maquinna abeam, northbound.

Estevan—Clear; N. W.; light; 30.00; 54; sea smooth. 3:40 p.m.—Spoke SS. Admiral Dewey 197 miles from Seattle, 8 a.m., southbound.

Alert Bay—Clear; N. W.; fresh; 30.02; 60; sea moderate. 5 p.m.—Passed out: Mission Boat Columbia, southbound.

Triangle—Cloudy; S. E.; light; 30.37; 56; sea moderate. 10:30 a.m.—Spoke SS. Mariposa in Fitzhugh Sound at noon, northbound. 10:35 a.m.—Spoke SS. Juneau 260 miles W. of Cape Flattery 8 a.m., northbound. Spoke SS. Spokane N. of Queen Charlotte Sound, northbound.

Dead Tree—Cloudy; S. E.; light; 30.30; 50; sea smooth.

Ikeda—Cloudy; S. E.; light; 30.06; 54; sea smooth.

Prince Rupert—Cloudy; S. W.; light; 30.20; 59; sea smooth. 12:30 p.m.—Spoke SS. Admiral Farragut abeam Green Island, northbound. 7 a.m.—Spoke SS. Admiral Watson left Ketchikan, southbound.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CHARTERS KEY WEST

Big Steel Steamship Built in Seattle for Norwegian Interests Leaves for Vancouver Today to Load for Orient.

The fine 8,800-ton steel steamer Key West, which was launched at the plant of the Seattle Construction and Drydock Company on April 21 for Norwegian interests, will leave Seattle this morning for Vancouver.

The vessel has been chartered by the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company, for one voyage to the Orient, which will require about two and a half months, with the option, of course of making charter arrangements for future trips.

The C. P. R. has found it necessary to charter the Key West in order to assist in handling the overseas freight that has accumulated and which the company cannot take care of in their own steamers. With the high rates prevailing, owners of steamships cannot be induced to make any contracts for long period charters and for that reason the Key West was taken for only the one trip, but it is expected that she will make others in the same service.

Miss Viola Sunde, 15 years old, who christened the new steamship Key West, will be a passenger aboard the vessel when she sails from Vancouver on her maiden voyage next week. Miss Sunde will be the guest of Knut Knudsen, of Haugesund, Norway, owner of the liner. She will accompany Mrs. Carl Thuastad, wife of Captain Thuastad, master of the vessel, who will accompany her husband aboard the Key West. Miss Sunde is the daughter of Carl Sunde, president of the Sunde & d'Evers Company, ship chandlers of Seattle.

MAYNARD & SONS

AUTCIONEERS

Instructed we will sell at Salesrooms, 726 View Street

TODAY, 2 P.M.

Almost New and Well Kept

Household Furniture and Furnishings

Of several Houses, including

Very fine English Mahogany Bookcase, Mahogany Arm Chairs and Rockers, upholstered in Silk, Mahogany Centre Table, Mahogany Jardiniere Stand, Silk Upholstered Settee, 5 very fine Steel Engravings, 2 large Ferns and Stands, Morris Chair, Upholstered Arm Chair, Screen, Carpets, Pictures, very fine Oval Centre Table, Hall Stand, Set of 50 Volumes Harvard Classics, 24 Volumes of Charles Dickens, 25 Volumes of Alexander Dumas, 10 Good Mirrors, Victor Gramaphone and Records, good Oak Frame Couch, upholstered in American leather; Centre Tables, Sewing Machines, Sanitary Couch, Rockers, 3 good Baby Buggies, Clocks, Mission Dining-room Suite, consisting of Round Extension Table, Buffet, and set of 6 Dining Chairs, Sideboard, Filing Cabinet, Single All-Brass Bed, Spring, and Mattress, Single and Full-Size Iron and Brass Beds, Springs, and Mattresses, lot of Bedding, Oak and other Dressers and Stands, Chiffoniers, Chest of Drawers, Wardrobe, Toilet Ware, Bedroom Tables and Chairs, Camp Beds, Child's Cot and Mattresses, Linoleum, Matting, Book Shelves, Monarch, and 3 other Good Ranges, 2 Cook Stoves, Heaters, Kitchen Tables, Kitchen Chairs, Meat Safes, Refrigerators, Lot of Sash, Cooking Utensils, Enamel Sink, Fire Screen; Washtubs, Wringers, Wheelbarrew, Stepladders, Garden Tools, Hose, Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors, Set of Scales, etc.

Also at 11 o'Clock, in Our Stockyard, Chickens, Young Chicks, Ducks, Rabbits, Garden Tools, Heavy Hand Truck, Stone Cutter's Tools, Wheelbarrows, Buggy, etc.

MAYNARD & SONS
AUCTIONEERS
726 View Street Phone 837 R

John Bartholomew

"SELECT" AUCTION ROOMS, 726 FORT

"But hush! hark! that sound breaks in once more;
It is! it is! Bartholomew's Furniture Store."

Offering 3,000 lots of modern and antique Furniture at from 50 to 70 per cent under cost. Ranges, pianos, organs, pool tables, steel safes, refrigerators, cream separator, dining and drawing-room furniture, etc. 3,000 Furniture Lots Wanted for Cash.

Start a Happy Home, dear boy! Happy homes furnished from $50 up. So don't tell her 'ye can't'—but Phone 2272.

LINER CONGRESS TO BE GIVEN NEW NAME

China Mail Steamship Company Will Rechristen Her the Nanking — Will Enter Orient Trade in November.

The China Mail Steamship Company which purchased the burned liner Congress, formerly owned by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, will rechristen the steamship the Nanking, according to word received here.

The liner is now at Seattle undergoing repairs at the plant of the Seattle Construction and Drydock Company, which was awarded the contract for doing the work at a cost of $800,000. The Congress was one of the crack liners of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's fleet before the disaster which transformed her interior into a twisted and misshapen mass.

The vessel is being rebuilt and remodeled for the transpacific run and when complete the Nanking will have accommodation for 120 first class passengers, 100 second class and 500 steerage. Her cargo capacity will be 4,500 tons.

According to present expectations, the Nanking will be ready to sail from San Francisco on her maiden voyage to Honolulu and the Orient as a China Mail steamship some time in November next.

Encounter With Mexicans

YSLETA, Tex., June 14.—Two American cavalrymen held the ford here late last night against a band of twenty-five armed and mounted Mexicans who attempted to raid the American settlement here, driving them back into Mexico after a third had come to their assistance. The Mexicans charged against the Rio Grande at the old Ysleta ford, one mile below the town and thirteen miles east of El Paso. They opened fire on the two patrols, who dismounted, found cover and returned the fire. The Mexicans were driven back.

MONTREAL PRODUCE

MONTREAL, June 14.—The demand for butter was slow and the tone of the market steady. In cheese a good trade was done at firm prices. Eggs easy at a decline of 1c, with only a limited demand.

Cheese—Finest Westerns, 21¾; finest Easterns, 21¼.

Butter—Choicest creamery, 38½ to 39; seconds, 37 to 38.

Eggs—Selected, 40; No. 1 stock, 37.

Pork—Heavy Canada short mess, 55 to 56; Canada short cut back, 53 to 54.

WEEKLY BANK CLEARINGS

WINNIPEG, June 14—Following are the bank clearings for the principal cities of the Dominion for the week ending June 14, 1917, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

	1917.	1916.
Montreal	$86,702,833	$81,349,760
Toronto	59,135,756	52,115,201
Winnipeg	48,964,812	35,103,864
Vancouver	8,436,610	6,029,960
Ottawa	7,864,125	5,272,258
Calgary	6,474,419	3,961,215
Hamilton	4,994,015	2,779,481
Quebec	4,187,425	3,562,709
Edmonton	2,769,894	1,978,629
Halifax	4,110,977	2,396,144
London	2,196,779	1,872,405
Regina	3,361,960	2,129,864
St. John	1,991,612	1,897,694
Victoria	1,632,184	1,251,781
Saskatoon	1,862,504	1,023,502
Brandon	390,603	453,712
Fort William	640,353	462,823
Medicine Hat	404,296	680,764

TIME OF SUNRISE AND SUNSET AT VICTORIA

(Pacific Standard Time for June, 1917)

Date.	Sunrise	Sunset	Date	Sunrise	Sunset
1	4:17	8:05	16	4:12	8:15
2	4:16	8:05	17	4:12	8:15
3	4:15	8:06	18	4:12	8:16
4	4:14	8:07	19	4:12	8:16
5	4:14	8:08	20	4:12	8:16
6	4:13	8:09	21	4:12	8:16
7	4:13	8:10	22	4:13	8:16
8	4:13	8:11	23	4:13	8:16
9	4:12	8:11	24	4:14	8:16
10	4:12	8:12	25	4:14	8:16
11	4:12	8:13	26	4:15	8:17
12	4:12	8:13	27	4:15	8:17
13	4:12	8:14	28	4:15	8:17
14	4:12	8:14	29	4:16	8:17
15	4:12	8:15	30	4:16	8:17

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Hume's Ice Cream Parlor and Tea Rooms now open. 683 Yates Street.

A Garden Party and Sale of Work will be held in the grounds of Miss Carr, 207 Government Street, by the Girls' Auxiliary of the Reformed Episcopal Church on Saturday, 16th.

Rev. and Mrs. Robson will hold a reception in the Belmont Methodist Church on Friday, June 15—their 25th wedding anniversary—from 8 to 10 p.m., and cordially invite all their friends to be present.

The graduate nurses and Cloverdale Red Cross are holding a garden fete at the home of the Misses Tolmie, Cloverdale Avenue, on Saturday, from 2 to 10. High tea and concert. Jitneys will convey visitors to the grounds.

Owing to car strike the military five hundred to be given in the Queen City Service Club, Saturday, June 16, will be postponed until a later date. Present tickets will hold good.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET

WINNIPEG, June 14.—Wheat markets were generally weaker today, mainly on good reports of conditions in Spring wheat states. October opened ⅝c higher, and closed 3⅝c lower. July oats were down ⅞c, and October 1¼c. July flax was 3c lower, and October 2½c down.

The cash situation showed increased demand on the part of the Government agents, who evidently have large tonnage to fill during June. Stocks at Fort William are being rapidly depleted, and forward movement is not so large as had been hoped for. Mills both East and West were after wheat. There was a big trade in oats, one export house taking over half a million bushels, and there were other buyers.

	Open.	Close.
Wheat—		
Oct.	214	210
Oats—		
July	69¼	68¼
Oct.	59¼	57⅝
Flax—		
July	289	285
Oct.	270	265½

Cash prices: Wheat—1 Nor., 262; 2 Nor., 260; 3 Nor., 256; No. 4, 243½; No. 5, 219; No. 6, 185; feed, 137.

Oats—2 C. W., 68; 3 C. W., 66¾; extra 1 feed, 66⅛; 1 feed, 64¼; 2 feed, 62¼.

Barley—No. 3, 131; No. 4, 125; rejected, 109; feed, 109.

METAL MARKET

NEW YORK, June 14.—Lead firm; spot, 12 to 12½. Spelter quiet; spot, East St. Louis delivery, 9¼ to 9½. Copper firm; electrolytic, spot and nearby, $33 to $34, nominal; third quarter and later deliveries, $30.50 to $33. Iron firm and unchanged. Tin firm; spot, $61 to $61.25.

LONDON, June 14.—Spot copper, £110; futures, £129 10s.; electrolytic, £142. Spot tin, £238 5s., up £1 15s.; futures, £236 5s., up £2 5s.; Straits, £238 10s. Lead: Spot, £30 10s.; futures, £29 10s. Spelter: Spot, £54; futures, £50.

TIDES AT VICTORIA

JUNE, 1917.

Date.	Time. Ht.	Time. Ht.	Time. Ht.	Time. Ht.
1	6:47 3.1	....	....	22:19 8.5
2	7:12 2.3	....	....	22:51 8.7
3	7:41 1.8	....	....	23:53 9.0
4	8:15 0.5	....	....	....
5	0:19 9.2	8:54 0.1	....	....
6	0:50 9.3	9:36 0.4	....	....
7	1:33 9.2	10:20 0.4	....	....
8	2:11 8.9	11:05 0.1	20:48 7.6	23:30 7.8
9	2:57 8.4	11:50 0.8	20:54 7.7	....
10	0:24 7.1	3:46 7.5	12:34 1.4	20:26 7.8
11	2:03 6.4	4:51 6.5	13:16 2.5	20:53 8.0
12	3:23 5.4	7:41 5.6	13:56 3.7	21:22 8.3
13	4:26 4.2	10:34 5.4	14:33 4.8	21:48 8.5
14	5:33 3.3	....	....	22:15 8.8
15	6:25 2.1	....	....	22:41 9.0
16	7:04 1.2	....	....	23:06 9.1
17	7:39 0.7	....	....	23:32 9.1
18	8:13 0.3	....	....	23:58 9.0
19	8:48 0.2	....	....	....
20	0:22 8.9	9:26 0.4	....	....
21	0:44 8.6	10:06 0.7	20:56 7.9	22:04 7.8
22	1:04 8.1	10:45 1.2	20:37 7.8	....
23	....	11:22 1.8	20:26 7.7	....
24	....	11:56 2.5	20:12 7.7	....
25	....	12:27 3.2	20:25 7.8	....
26	....	12:53 3.9	20:44 8.0	....
27	....	13:46 4.6	21:04 8.3	....
28	5:41 4.3	....	....	21:25 8.4
29	5:51 3.4	....	....	21:47 8.6
30	6:13 2.5	....	....	22:10 8.9

The time used is Pacific Standard for the 120th Meridian West. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The figures for height serve to distinguish high water from low water. Where blanks occur in the table the tide rises or falls continuously during two successive tidal periods without turning. The height is in feet and tenths of a foot above the average level of lower water.

CITY MARKET AUCTION

TODAY, 2 P.M.

Four hundred chickens, including prizewinning Rhode Island Reds, Wyandottes, etc.; also a fine selection of young birds.

A. HEMINGWAY
Phone 2484 Auctioneer

Victoria Public Market

Come to Market by jitney
Come to Market by boat
Come to Market on horseback
Come to Market by aeroplane
Come to Market any old way
Only
COME TO MARKET
WE'LL BE THERE

EGGS POULTRY MADRONA FRUIT VEGETABLES

GORDON HEAD—STALL No. 2
We grow everything that we sell

Hamsterley Farm Stall

Fresh Cream, Butter, Fragrant White Pinks (big bunch five cents), Raspberry Jam, Rhubarb and Fig Jam, Marmalade, Ice Cream, Devonshire Cream, Chocolates, Candies, Fruit in Syrup.

Free delivery on all orders of 50 cents upwards, C.O.D., during strike. Phone 1582 early on Saturday

OR COME TO MARKET

"QUALITY FIRST"

CUT FLOWERS
PLANTS
SHRUBS
FERNS
TREES
ROCK PLANTS
FRUIT TREES

Quadra Greenhouse Co., Ltd.
Victoria, B.C.
Write for New Catalogue
Experienced Gardeners Recommended

Rockside Poultry Farm

Free delivery on all orders of 50c upwards, C.O.D., during strike. Phone 4344, or come to market.

Waverley Farm

FREE DELIVERY

Phone 24F Colquitz on Fridays; on Saturday, phone 10104 Public Market, for prices of Veal, Lamb, Butter, Cream and all Vegetables; also our famous Teddy Bear Ice Cream.

Mrs. C. Little

Meadlands

STALL 27

Spring Lamb Wednesday and Saturday. All Local Meats at This Stall.

Mrs. J. A. Fraser, of Quesnel, and her little son, are visiting relatives in the Oak Bay district.

Three Important Things—



Lawn Mowers

—to keep your lawn in good shape. We have them at all prices and in all sizes.

Garden Hose

—all qualities, but the best is the cheapest.

Gasoline Engine

We sell the "Waterloo Boy," the best in the world. Always reliable, never failing. The most useful piece of machinery round the farm or country home.

Hickman Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

HARDWARE, Wholesale and Retail
554-556 YATES STREET

Store Phone 59 Office Phone 2049

Dollar Day Shoe Specials



BURT'S BUCKSKIN BOOTS, $3.50

Button style, in black, brown and grey; welt soles, nearly all sizes. Regular to $7.50. Dollar Day, per pair ..$3.50



WOMEN'S PUMPS, $2.95

Turned sole Pumps, in kid and patent kid. Regular values up to $5.00; broken lines; all sizes included. Dollar Day $2.95

WHITE CANVAS PUMPS $2.00

White Canvas Ankle Strap Pump, with low heel, bow trimming; all sizes. Per pair $2.00



KID HIGH-CUT BOOTS $6.00

All kid high-cut boot, in button or lace, medium long vamp, half Louis heel. All sizes and A to D widths. Per pair $6.00

PATENT BUTTON BOOTS AT LOW PRICES

Patent button, with plain toe, Cuban heel, cloth top $5.00

Patent welt sole button boot, on medium vamp last, kid top, per pair $4.50

Women's straight foxed patent welt sole button, with Cuban heel, all sizes. Per pair $4.00



LOW-HEELED BOOTS FOR GROWING GIRLS $4.50

Three good styles in low-heeled school shoes, on neat, good-fitting last. Button, in gunmetal calf; Blucher styles, in calf and gunmetal. All sizes.

FLEETFOOT OUTING FOOTWEAR FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

MUTRIE & SON

1203 Douglas Street — Phone 2504

MEMBERS' LIVES ARE THREATENED

Anti-Conscriptionists Go to Extreme in Terrorizing French-Canadian Members—Latter Intimidated.

MONTREAL, June 14.—The Gazette's Ottawa correspondent telegraphs that the Quebec anti-conscriptionists "have resorted to methods of terrorizing in order to force all French Canadian members to vote against conscription.' They have, the correspondent states, threatened the lives of members, and also have warned them that their homes and property will be destroyed if they do not oppose the Government's measure.

"The threats have had effect, for it is now certain that every French-Canadian member in the Province of Quebec, outside the two Cabinet ministers, will vote against the Government's bill. There are three or four members on both sides who are favorably disposed to conscription, but are candidly afraid to anything else but oppose the measure.

"The present outlook is that but three private French-Canadian members, all from outside Quebec, will vote for conscription, and vigorous efforts are now being made to intimidate them. They are Dr. J. L. Chabot, Ottawa; Albert Champagne, Battleford; and F. J. Robidoux, Kent. The latter is a Conservative. Mr. Champagne is a Liberal.

"As for the Cabinet Ministers, Hon. P. E. Blondin and Hon. Albert Sevigny are being daily bombarded with the most threatening letters, most of them anonymous, with the hope of forcing them to follow Hon. Mr. Patenaude in resigning from the Cabinet. One thing is certain, all the threats of all Quebec will not drive Mr. Blondin from his support of conscription, which he conscientiously favors. He has the courage of his convictions, and will vote for conscription if he is the only French-Canadian in the House to take such action."

HAMBURG'S DECAY IS MATTER OF CONCERN

City's Governing Body Has Become Anxious About Its After-the-War Prospects in View of Changed Conditions.

The Hamburg House of Burgesses recently passed an official motion for the setting up of a committee of ten members of the House of Burgesses and five members of the Senate "for the preparation of the State measures which are necessary in order, after the war, to secure for Hamburg's trade, shipping and industry the necessary bases for reconstruction and fresh expansion." The proceedings and the articles in the Hamburg press shed a remarkable light on the complete decay of Hamburg during the war, and on schemes for the future, which, whether they succeed or fail, will have considerable importance.

The motion was carried without debate, after a speech by the President of the House. He declared that Hamburg had suffered more from the war than any other German State or German city, and he proceeded:

Even our hardly-tried eastern provinces are, as regards their losses—apart from the loss of life—in an advantageous position as compared with Hamburg, because it will be easier to repair their losses with money. Houses which have been destroyed or burnt out can be rebuilt, losses of cattle can be made good, and the fields can be sown again, if the necessary money is there. But what has been destroyed in Hamburg cannot simply be restored with money. Hamburg's prosperity depends upon trade and shipping; both have been almost completely destroyed. Simple restoration is impossible, because all the threads have been severed which united Hamburg with the whole world. The resumption of these communications will be infinitely difficult, in view of the hostility of the whole world, and in view of the pitiless competition of our enemies.

It appears that Hamburg intends to agitate for the annexation or acquisition of certain Prussian territory, and also for railway concessions, development of waterways, and other special objects. But the main feature of the new policy is an attempt to restore Hamburg by making it an important industrial centre, so that it can make a living out of the home market.

In an interesting article on "Hamburg's Reconstruction," The Hamburger Nachrichten shows how similar ideas are developing in different parts of Germany. It says:

"In the near future all Germany will have to rely more than hitherto upon the Inner European market. Hitherto Hamburg had only a comparatively small share of this. If things are to be changed Hamburg needs efficient industry. We need new territory, and our new territory must above all be industrial territory on the broad stream of the Elbe. How will the German Empire, and how will the Kingdom of Prussia in particular be disposed towards our hopes? . . .

Germany needs many economic districts, each of them efficient in itself. Bavaria's clever and active King has recognized that, as is shown by his waterways policy and by his efforts to promote Bavaria's agriculture and industry. The Bavarian Government showed great skill in getting the firm of Krupp to establish a great industrial centre in Bavaria. Other German States are working in the same spirit. What Saxony is doing for her industry is well known. In Oldenburg the Grand Duke is vigilantly promoting the prosperity of the industrial forces of his country. Even before the war Bremen was looking to the Lower Weser. Lubeck before the war had established important iron foundries, and during the war has had an extremely favorable economic development.

Order of British Empire

LONDON, June 14.—The Canadian Associated Press has been authorized to say that no Dominion recipients would be named in the first list of honors expected to appear shortly in the new order of the British Empire, and that this was decided upon after consultation with the Dominion's representatives. The Dominion's list will appear later.

MORE QUESTIONS ABOUT MR. SCOTT

Joseph Donald, Father of Mrs. Scott, Swears That he Does Not Know What Prevents Return.

VANCOUVER, B.C., June 14.—The Royal Commission, investigating the alleged plugging at the by-election in February of last year resumed its sitting today, but nothing of a sensational character transpired.

Mr. Woods again entered the box and told the commission that he had no hand in any way in the escape of Scott, but the chairman told him this was altogether unnecessary, as the commission had taken his word to that effect.

Joseph Donald, keeper of a rooming house on Cordova Street, said he expected his daughter, who was married to Scott, to return here in about a month. Asked as to who had paid her transportation to Long Beach, witness replied that she had some money saved, and more had been obtained through the sale of a piano.

"Was any money sent by Scott to enable her to take the trip?" asked Mr. Armour.

"No, there was not. I am quite sure of that," replied witness.

"Who is providing the money to keep Scott's household going?"

"Scott."

Witness stated that he did not know who or what was preventing Scott's return.

Charles Fernie, who was employed as a canvasser by Scott, said he had been put in charge of Ward Seven scrutineers on the occasion of the by-election. Witness said he had been told to keep a lookout for an automobile with a blue ribbon at the corner of Pender and Abbott Streets. It was there that witness first saw White, though he did not know his name at the time. By Scott's directions he had given White some cards and White, after looking at them, said they were no good, as they had no occupation printed on them. When witness took the cards back to Scott the latter said: "Some one has made a mistake."

VISCOUNT GREY'S PERSONAL VIEW

The following extract is from a private letter, written by Lord Grey of Falloden, and dated from Falloden, Lesbury, Northumberland, March 5, 1917. It is of such remarkable and historical interest, as containing the deliberate opinion of a man, intimately familiar with every phase of world policy, during the last quarter of a century, as to the origin of the war, that permission has been obtained from the writer for its publication:

"We know that the origin of our entente first with France and then with Russia was a desire to avoid war and to put an end to our quarrels with those Powers and to the embittered feeling on their side and ours that had so often brought us or seemed to bring us to the brink of war. This was our motive, and a policy of encircling Germany was not in our thoughts.

"Latterly the restlessness, ill-concealed ill-will and enormous strength of Germany on sea and land made us feel that isolation was dangerous. But we made no binding alliance with France or Russia before the war; we kept our hands free as regards participation in war, and France and Russia knew that aggression upon Germany or even an aggressive policy would get no support from us. With this they were content and I never found an aggressive spirit in French or Russian policy.

"We wished to keep our friends, but also to keep the peace of Europe, and in the European conference in London over the Balkan war we gave proof of this and came through that without reproach and indeed with the credit of having worked for peace.

"One of the tragedies of the situation is that this conference showed clearly that there was in London machinery and personnel that could have settled honorably and fairly every dispute such as that of 1914, if it had been permitted to try and been trusted again. That this was so was due to the personalities of the ambassadors in London of the five great European powers, including, of course, Lichnowsky and Mensdorff, the German and Austrian Ambassadors. I would have trusted every one of them to work for peace again in 1914 as they had done in 1912-'13, and I believe they would all have trusted me—to play fair and not to try for anything but a fair settlement.

"But in 1914 Germany thought the time had come to take advantage of the situation and to force the pace, and I suppose the Prussian military men had decided that the time to strike successfully had come.

"As far as I can see the Germans believe that if England had promised Germany to remain neutral in a European war; in other words, if we had given France and Russia to understand that under no circumstances should we help them and had thus parted all company with them, France and Russia would have given in to Germany without fighting, England would have been isolated and discredited and German domination would have been secured without war.

"And the Germans hold us to blame for the war because we did not act according to their idea.

"This view can only be justified in the assumption that Germany is morally and intellectually so superior to all other nations that it is wrong not to desire her will to be imposed on Europe and a crime to put any obstacle in her way. This, it seems to me, is the belief and the ground on which, consciously or unconsciously, the Germans do justify it to themselves. Just after the outbreak of war there were some outbursts (from one German professor, I think) that said this quite definitely, and the conclusion of the matter is that there is no greater danger to the world than a nation which believes that itself is superior to all law, and that others have no rights as against it."—Christian Science Monitor.

RAID CASUALTIES ARE INCREASING

LONDON, June 14.—Sir George Cave, Home Secretary, announced in the Commons tonight that the latest reports of the casualties in Wednesday's air raid showed that 181 persons had been killed, 154 seriously and 289 slightly injured. Altogether, he said, 139 children were killed or injured.

MAYOR'S COMMITTEE SEEKS TO END STRIKE

Will Try to Conciliate Street Car Company and Employees, as Business in City Is Being Shattered

Steps to solve the street car strike which is paralyzing business here were taken yesterday at a private meeting yesterday, attended by Mayor Todd; Mr. James Forman, president of the Board of Trade; Mr. James Fletcher, president of the Retail Merchants' Association; Mr. J. L. Beckwith, of the Development Association; the Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick, acting president of the Rotary Club, and Mr. H. A. Dibble, secretary of the Retail Merchants' Association.

These men, from facts gathered after the first half day of the strike, declared that the situation will be so serious with a continuation of the present conditions for a few days more that the standing of many of the large business houses in the city will be imperilled. Reports gathered by them from every side indicate that the cutting off of the city's transportation arteries will shatter business in every line.

The Mayor's committee started its work yesterday in an effort to bring about conciliation between the company and its men. To do this the committee will make extensive investigations into the fundamental causes of the strike. In this there will be co-operation, with a similar body in Vancouver and New Westminster. The Government will also be consulted.

Death of Mrs. E. C. Wragge

NELSON, B. C., June 14.—Mrs. E. C. Wragge, a daughter of the late Sir John Thompson, former Premier of Canada, died in Nelson yesterday. Her husband is a barrister here. Mrs. Wragge, who was 41 years old, leaves two young children and two brothers and sisters. Major John Thompson, now at the front, and Jos. Thompson, a Toronto barrister, are the brothers. The sisters are Mrs. McGregor and Miss Thompson; both of Toronto. The funeral will be at Toronto.

Wrist watches are the style at present; you can be up-to-date by securing one of Haynes' reliable 7-jewel wrist watches at $5. 1124 Government Street.

Save those dollars

You can cut down the cost of stump blasting by using Giant Stumping Powder.

It goes further than ordinary dynamites. It exerts its strength over a wide area, cracking, splitting and heaving out the stumps, roots and all, rather than shattering them or throwing them high in the air.

Goes further

It is made especially to suit Canadian farm conditions by a Canadian Company with many years' experience—the company that originated all "Giant Powders."

The genuine

It is being used by farmers everywhere in British Columbia. Scores of these write us that Giant "gives better results," "saves money," "shoots the roots," "resists cold" and is "always the same."

Gets the roots

Get our valuable book that tells how to save dollars on your stump blasting. The coupon or a post card will bring it.

GIANT STUMPING POWDER

Free Book Coupon

GIANT POWDER CO. Ltd. Vancouver, B.C.

Send me your book, "Better Farming with Giant Stumping Powder." I am interested in the subjects which I have marked X:

- ☐ STUMP BLASTING
- ☐ BOULDER BLASTING
- ☐ ROAD MAKING
- ☐ TREE SED BLASTING
- ☐ DITCH BLASTING
- ☐ SINKING—QUARRYING

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Name .....

Address .....

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

STORE CLOSES TONIGHT AT 9:30; TOMORROW, 1 P.M.

A Few of Our Leading Dollar Day Offerings

Great Bargains in Women's Sweaters

$4.50 All-Wool Sweaters for $1.00—A soft cashmere finish and nice Summer weight. Finished with side pockets and V neck. In shades tan and brown, also green mixture. These are extraordinary bargains.

$4.75 All-Wool Jersey Cloth Sweater for $2.50—Made in middy style, and in shades rose, gold and navy. Square collar, turnback cuffs and band at bottom of skirt trimmed with white. Sharp on time for these essential. —Selling First Floor

Furniture Bargains for Dollar Day

Early English Oak Dressing Table, mission design. Reg. $27.50 for $13.00

Dresser to Match. Reg. $45.00 for $27.00

9 only, Folding Deck Chairs, 3 positions, for only $1.50

3 only, Folding Camp Tables, oak tops. Reg. $3.95 for $2.15

1 only, Golden Oak Washstand, with drawer and cupboard. Reg. $12.75 for $5.00

—Furniture, Fourth Floor

Dollar Day in Millinery Department

Untrimmed Hats and Shapes, in all the newest colors. Beautiful qualities; a particularly smart range. Each $1.00

A Special Range of Trimmed Millinery, sorted from our higher-priced models. For Dollar Day at $2.50

—Millinery, Second Floor

Corsets, Values to $5.00, for $1.00

Some of our best made Corsets in this offering: Bon Ton and La Diva—these in small sizes only. Others of coutil, boned with double wire, and with low and medium bust. All sizes. Dollar Day $1.00

—Corsets, First Floor

For Complete List See Ads Printed Yest erday

Boys' Yoke Norfolk Suits With Bloomer Pants

Worth to $7.50, Today $4.75



This will be the greatest attraction in our Boys' Clothing Section today, for these Suits are absolutely the finest values obtainable anywhere at the price. There are positively no duplicates. In fact, it is impossible for retailers to buy today Suits of such quality as these from the makers at anything near this price.

Fortunately, our big buying capacity enabled us to provide for this time of high prices, and we therefore have ready for today—

50 of These Smart Models to Sell at $4.75

Each Suit is tailored in best possible style, in a stylish Norfolk effect with inverted pleats, stitched down belt, and pants finished with governor fasteners at knee, hip pocket and belt loops. Your choice from durable tweeds in brown and grey mixtures, plain grey and diagonals.

In justice to yourself and your boy, we ask you to investigate these suit offerings.

—Boys' Clothing, Main Floor

Remember the Pound Party at Protestant Orphanage Home—Today

Women's $25.00 Costumes to Go at $14.90

Women economizing have a rare chance at this sale today to secure a former $25.00 Suit for only $14.90. Needless to say, this is an extraordinary offer, and a bargain opportunity not to be missed. A limited number of Suits only, so that we would advise your being in the first rush to save disappointment. There are smart, serviceable models in popular tweeds, navy and cream serges; also Bolivia cloth in mustard and gold shades.

Women's Sports Coats Clear at $6.90 and $9.90

A clean-up of several small lots, grouped into two prices:

AT $6.90 there are Coats of white corduroy and in serges. Very serviceable for outing wear.

AT $9.90—Coats of tweeds and Bolivia cloth, in smart belted effects of bright shades; mostly short sports lengths.

—Selling First Floor

Dollar Day Candy Specials

Special Boxes of Candy for the boys at the front. Dollar Day, each, 20c and .....35¢ or 3 for $1.00

Spearmint Gum. Reg. $1.00. Dollar Day, a box .....90¢

White Chocolates. Reg. 60c and 30c per box. Dollar, Day, per box, 30c and .....15¢

Mixed Candies. Reg. 40c. Per lb. .....20¢

Chocolate Drops. Reg. 40c. Per lb. .....25¢

—Candy, Main Floor

Ladies' New Novelty Handbags

Regular Value $2.00. Today $1.00

These are all new, the very latest styles, and made of the newest novelty silks. Many in Pongee shade, with colored designs in spot and large coin patterns. Each Bag nicely lined with silk. Very dainty. Regular $2.00 value.

Today, each $1.00

—Selling Main Floor

Silks

At Dollar Day Prices

China Silk—In 10 different dark shades, 7 yards for $1.00

Fancy Stripe Taffetas—19 inches wide, for dresses and coat linings. Reg. 75c and $1.00. Dollar Day, 4 yards for $1.00

24-inch Fancy Silk Voiles, in dark grounds, with rosebud and Paisley designs. Excellent for house dresses. Reg. 50c and 75c; 4 yards for $1.00

24-inch Fancy Tub Silks, to clear, 4 yards for $1.00

All-Silk Rich Quality Paillette, 12 colors and black, 36 in. Reg. $1.50 and $1.75 for, yard $1.00

40-inch Colored Silk Poplin. Reg. to $3.00. Clear at, yd. $1.00

Striped Taffetas, in three different stripes and fashionable colors; $1.50 and $1.75 values for, yard, $1.00

Sports Silks, in heavy quality and about 10 shades; $1.50 and $1.75 grade, a yard $1.00

—Silks, Main Floor

Handsomely Bound Novels, Usually Sold 75c to $1.50—Dollar Day, 3 for $1.00

Mr. Bingle ..... By George Barr McCutcheon

The Misleading Lady ..... By Charles W. Goddard and Paul Dickey

Perils of Pauline ..... By Charles Goddard

Damaris ..... By Lucas Malet

Romance of Elaine ..... By Arthur B. Reeve

—Books, Main Floor

Women's Overall Aprons, 2 for $1.00

These are good serviceable Aprons of strong quality prints in light and dark colors, grades regularly sold at 75c. Just for Dollar Day we offer 2 for $1.00

—Selling First Floor

Stylish American Footwear for Women

1,000 Pairs Manufacturers' Seconds to Go Out Today at, Pair

$6.75, $4.85, $3.95

Some of the smartest styles made for this and the coming season, but through some slight defect the factory examiners sorted them out as not perfect. We secured them at a big price concession, which enables us to sell them to you at about one-half their regular. 1,000 pairs involved, and for convenience of selling we have grouped them into three prices.

Latest Style Novelty Boots at $6.75

Included are colored kid, white kid, new cut cloth tops, black kid and others. All up-to-date lasts and high or low heels.

New Cut Summer Oxfords and Pumps, $3.95

Smart Summer footwear, in glazed kid, dull kid, patent, gunmetal, white buck and canvas. Big variety, and a rare chance to economise.

Stylish and Serviceable Boots at $4.85

In black kid, patent leather and white canvas, high or low heels. Every pair a stylish model and worth about double.

—Footwear, First Floor

100 Sanitary Carpet Sweepers. Worth $3.00. On Sale Today $1.95

—Carpets, Third Floor

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